



2021 Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for Alternate English Elements III & English Language Arts Grades 3-5

Carey M. Wright, Ed.D., State Superintendent of Education Nathan Oakley, Ph.D., Chief Academic Officer Robin Lemonis, State Director of Special Education

Mississippi Department of Education Post Office Box 771 Jackson, Mississippi 39205-0771

Office of Special Education 601.359.3498 www.mdek12.org/OSE

The Mississippi State Board of Education, the Mississippi Department of Education, the Mississippi School for the Arts, the Mississippi School for the Blind, the Mississippi School for the Deaf, and the Mississippi School for Mathematics and Science do not discriminate on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national origin, age, or disability in the provision of educational programs and services or employment opportunities and benefits. The following office has been designated to handle inquiries and complaints regarding the nondiscrimination policies of the above-mentioned entities:

Director, Office of Human Resources Mississippi Department of Education

Table of Contents

Acknowledgements	.5
Introduction	.7
Purpose	.7
Support Documents and Resources	.7
Structure of the Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades 3-5	.8
Structure of the Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades 3-5 (Graphic)	.9
Levels of Support (LOS)1	.0
Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade1	.1
Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade 10)()
Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade)()

Acknowledgements

The Mississippi Department of Education gratefully acknowledges the hard work of the following individuals for their involvement in developing the *Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades 3-5*.

Karen John	Petal School District
LaNell Kellum	MSU Research and Curriculum Unit
Rana Mitchell	Winona School District
Ginny Sanders	MSU Research and Curriculum Unit
Denise Sibley	MSU Research and Curriculum Unit
Eric Sumrall	Hazlehurst School District

The Standards

The different content strands in English address a small number of English Language Arts standards, representing a breadth but not a depth of coverage across the entire standards framework. Teaching strategies for students with significant cognitive disabilities should be based on their individual learning goals as outlined in each student's individualized education program (IEP). The 2021 Mississippi Alternate Academic Achievement Standards (MS AAAS) for English Language Arts Grades 3-5 are comprised of six essential content strands: Reading Literature, Reading Informational Text, Reading Foundational Skills, Writing, Speaking and Listening, and Language.

Remaining Material in the Teacher Resource Guide

The remaining materials in the teacher resource guide (performance objectives, real world connections, vocabulary, and resources) were developed through a collaboration of Mississippi teachers, administrators, the Mississippi Department of Education (MDE) Office of Special Education staff, and the Mississippi State University Research and Curriculum Unit staff.

Introduction

The MDE is dedicated to student success, improving student achievement in English and Language Arts (ELA) and establishing communication skills within a technological environment. The Mississippi Alternate Academic Achievement Standards provides a consistent, clear understanding of what students are expected to know and be able to do by the end of each grade level or course. The purpose of the Alternate Standards is to build a bridge from the content in the general education ELA framework to academic expectations for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities. The standards are designed to be rigorous and relevant to the real world, reflecting the knowledge and skills that students need for success in postsecondary settings.

Purpose

In an effort to closely align instruction for students with significant cognitive disabilities who are progressing toward postsecondary settings, the *MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades K-8* includes course-specific standards for English. This document is designed to provide a resource for special education teachers with a basis for curriculum development and instructional delivery.

The Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades 3-5 contains prioritized content, which is presented as a matrix to show the continuum of the concept across complexity levels. The matrix shows varying access points to the prioritized content. A student's progression through content contained in the matrix is intended to be fluid. It is not the intent, nor should it be practice, for a student to be exposed to content in a straight, vertical line through one of the columns. Every student, regardless of disability, comes to the learning environment with a different set of prior knowledge and experience. For this reason, a student may be able to access some content from the middle complexity level and access other concepts at the more complex level. Teachers should evaluate a student's ability in relation to the content and select the entry point based on that evaluation. Students should not be locked into receiving exposure to all content at the same entry point.

Support Documents and Resources

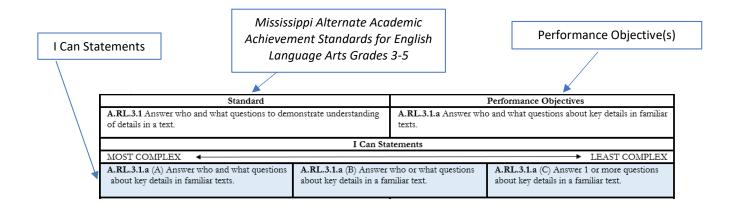
The MDE Office of Special Education aims to provide local districts, schools, and teachers supporting documents to construct standards-based instruction and lessons, allowing them to customize content and delivery methods to fit each student's needs. The teacher resource guide includes suggested resources, instructional strategies, sample lessons, and activities. Additional sample activities and resources for selected standards may be added; this is a living document with ongoing updates based on educator feedback. The intent of these resources is to assist teachers in linking their instruction to the prioritized content. The teacher resource guide includes activity adaptations for students with a varying range of abilities within the classroom. The activities and adaptations provided are intended to serve as a model of how students participating in the Mississippi Academic Assessment Program-Alternate (MAAP-A) may receive academic instruction in mathematics. There are many ways in which skills and concepts can be incorporated based on student's individual learning styles and needs. Professional development efforts are aligned to the *MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades K-8* and delivered in accord with teacher resources to help expand expertise in delivering student-centered lessons.

Structure of the Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades 3-5

The *MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades 3-5* is a general statement of what students with significant cognitive disabilities should know and be able to do because of instruction. This guide includes statements that describe in precise, measurable terms what learners will be able to do at the end of an instructional sequence; ways educators can link theory to real world activities; focused vocabulary banks; and additional teaching resources.

- I Can Statement(s): These statements include the Performance Objective(s) as (A) the *Most Complex* and scaffolds the performance objectives two additional levels (B) and (C) to *Least Complex*. This matrix demonstrates the continuum of the concept across complexity levels. The purpose is to assist teachers in modifying to meet the unique diverse needs of learners with significant cognitive disabilities.
- Real World Connections: These items help facilitate learning that is meaningful to students and prepares them for their professional lives outside of school. When teachers move beyond textbook or curricular examples and connect content learned in the classroom to real people, places, and events, students can see a greater relevance to their learning. Real-world connections are used to help students see that learning is not confined to the school, allow them to apply knowledge and skills in real world situations, and personalize learning to increase and sustain student engagement.
- Vocabulary: These lists include difficult or unfamiliar words students need to know and understand.
- Resources: These resources include instructional strategies, lessons, and activities. Additional sample activities and resources for selected standards may be added; this shall be a living document with ongoing updates based on educator feedback. The intent of these activities is to assist teachers in linking their instruction to the prioritized content.

Structure of the Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for English Language Arts Grades 3-5 (Graphic)



Real World Connections	Vocabulary Resources	
 Real World Connections: Develop the habit of self-questioning as they read by themselves. Understand the type of information to look for when reading a story. Discuss what they read with a peer. 	Vocabulary: • Main characters • Central idea • Main characters • Characters • Problem • Key details/information • Story • Kev events • Theme	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Achieve the Core (achievethecore.org) • Grade 3 Writing Text Set: Living in Groups • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)	nderstanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the	
 Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) RL3.1 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games 		
 K12 Reader (k12reader.com) 3rd Grade CCSS: Reading: Literature 		
 K6edu (k6edu.com) <u>Questioning or I Wonder Graphic Organizer</u> 		
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RL.3.1</u> 		
 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.c <u>RL3.1 Lesson Plans Templates</u> 	,	
Teacher Vision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com <u>Reading Comprehension Sequence Chain</u>	l)	

Levels of Support (LOS)

Students with significant cognitive disabilities require varying LOS to engage in academic content. The goal is to move the student along the continuum of assistance toward independence by decreasing the LOS provided and increasing student accuracy within the context of content to demonstrate progress.

The following chart describes the continuum of LOS. Appropriate LOS are important to increase student engagement and student independence and to track student achievement and progress.

Level of Assistance	Definition	Example	Non-Example
Non- Engagement (N)	The student requires assistance from the teacher to initiate, engage, or perform; however, the student actively refuses or is unable to accept teacher assistance.	The student resists the teacher's physical assistance toward the correct answer.	The student does not look at the activity.
Physical Assistance (P)	The student requires physical contact from the teacher to initiate, engage, or perform.	The teacher physically moves the student's hand to the correct answer.	The teacher taps the correct answer and expects the student to touch where he/she tapped.
Gestural Assistance (G)	The student requires the teacher to point to the specific answer.	When presenting a choice of three pictures and asking the student which picture is a triangle, the teacher will point to or tap on the correct picture to prompt the student to indicate that picture.	The teacher moves the student's hand to gesture toward the right answer.
Verbal Assistance (V)	The student requires the teacher to verbally provide the correct answer to a specific item.	The teacher says, "Remember, the main character was George. Point to the picture of the main character."	The teacher says, "Who is the main character?" without providing the information verbally.
Model Assistance (M)	The student requires the teacher to model a similar problem/opportunity and answer prior to performance.	The teacher models one-to-one correspondence using manipulatives and then asks the student to perform a similar item.	The teacher completes the exact same activity as the student is expected to perform.
Independent (I)	The student requires no assistance to initiate, engage, or perform. The student may still require other supports and accommodations to meaningfully engage in the content but does not require assistance to participate and respond.	The teacher asks the student, "Who is the main character of the book?" and the student meaningfully responds without any prompting or assistance.	The teacher asks the student, "Who is the main character?" and points to the picture of the main character.

Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for Alternate English Language Arts Grade 3

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.3.1 Answer who and what questions to dem of details in a text.	onstrate understanding	A.RL.3.1.a Answer who texts.	and what questions about key details in familiar
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.3.1.a (A) Answer who and what questions about key details in familiar texts.	A.RL.3.1.a (B) Answer about key details in a fat		A.RL.3.1.a (C) Answer 1 or more questions about key details in a familiar text.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Develop the habit of self-questioning as they	y read by themselves.	Central idea	Main characters
• Understand the type of information to look	for when reading a	Characters	• Problem
story.		Key details/inform	nation • Story
• Discuss what they read with a peer.		• Key events	• Theme
 <u>answers.</u> Education.com [requires a free accound <u>RL.3.1 Workbooks, Lesson I</u> K12 Reader (k12reader.com) <u>3rd Grade CCSS: Reading: L</u> K6edu (k6edu.com) 	ving in Groups ions to demonstrate unde unt] (education.com) Plans, and Games	erstanding of a text, referrin	ng explicitly to the text as the basis for the

- Activities
 - Have the student select from choices the picture of a character from the story in response to the question, "Who got a new toy?"
 - Ask the student questions about the setting of a story, pointing to illustrations in the text to show the answer.
 - Allow the student to answer a question by pointing to picture/word.
 - After repeated shared readings of a book about a class activity, ask the student to select the correct object when asked, "What did we make?"
- Videos
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - Literature Grade 3
 - YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Asking and Answering Questions: Reading Literature
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Ask and Answer Questions Instructional Video (3.RI.1)
 - Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org)
 - <u>Question-Answer Relationship (QAR)</u>

Standard	Performance	ce Objectives
A.RL.3.2 Answer who and what questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a text. Associate details with events in stories from diverse cultures.	or moral within a familiar story from	t the central message (theme), lesson n a diverse culture (e.g., After reading tracter? What did the character learn? nat the author was trying to teach
I Can St	tements	
MOST COMPLEX		► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.3.2.a (A) Answer questions about the central message (theme), lesson or moral within a familiar story from a diverse culture (e.g., After reading this story, what happened to the character? What did the character learn? What do you think was the lesson that the author was trying to teach you?).	the central message, ry from a diverse culture. A.RL.3.2. story.	.a (C) Identify the topic of a familiar
Real World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
 Retell a favorite story to a peer. Use details to tell what happened in a story. Use the moral of a story to guide personal decisions. Select reading material from a variety of genres. 	CultureCentral messageDiverseEvents	LessonMoralTheme
Resources:		
 Websites, articles, and other collections Achieve the Core (achievethecore.org) <u>Text Sets: Building Knowledge and Vocabulary</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RL.3.2 Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and moral and explain how it is conveyed through key det</u> Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>RL.3.2 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Elementary Nest (elementarynest.com) <u>Retelling & Recounting Stories: Exploring ELA</u> <u>Story Elements - Teaching Tips</u> 		e the central message, lesson, or

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature

- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - <u>RL.3.2 Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets</u>
- Activities
 - After repeated shared reading of a folktale ask the student to give a recount of the tale including key details in own words.
 - After repeated shared reading from a collection ask the student to recount one or more of the myths or folktales including key details in own words.
 - While looking through the pages of a familiar folktale, ask the student to tell about two or more pages of the book.
 - After repeatedly listening to and shared reading of fairy and folktales, allow the student to use technology to answer questions about them.
- Videos
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Recounting Stories from Different Cultures Instructional Video (3.RL.2)</u>
 - o Twinkl Official Education Partner BBC Children in Need [subscription required] (twinkl.com)
 - (RL.3.2) Recount stories, including fables, folktales, and myths from diverse cultures; determine the central message, lesson, or moral and explain how it is conveyed through key details in the text.
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>The Stonecutter</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard]	Performance Objectives	
A.RL.3.3 Identify the feelings of characters in a sto	ory.	A.RL.3.3.a Identify the	feelings of characters in a story.	
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RL.3.3.a (A) Identify the feelings of characters in a story.	A.RL.3.3.a (B) Identify characters in a story.	the feelings of 1 or more	A.RL.3.3.a (C) Select pictures that illustrate the feelings of a character in a story.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Understand that feelings are associated with		• Actions	• Main character	
• Understand how their actions can affect othe	0	Characters	Reactions	
• Relate the feelings of characters to their own	personal experiences.	• Feelings	• Respond	
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
• Achieve the Core (achievethecore.org)				
 Because of Winn-Dixie by Ka 	ate DiCamillo with Mini-a	issessment		
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
 RL.3.3 Describe characters in a story (e.g., their traits, motivations, or feelings) and explain how their actions contribute to the 				
sequence of events.	1 / 1 · · · ·			
• Education.com [requires a free accou	3 (
RL.3.3 Workbooks, Lesson F				
• E-Reading Worksheets (ereadingwor	ksneets.com			
 <u>Characterization Lesson</u> K12 Reader (k12reader.com) 				
 K12 Reader (k12reader.com) <u>3rd Grade Character Traits W</u> 	Vorksheets			
• K6edu (k6edu.com)	<u>vorksneets</u>			
Character Trait Chart – Anchor Chart				
 Pinterest Collection by Christina from latitudes.org (pinterest.com) 				
 Printable Feelings & Emotion 				
• Activities				
	y face, sad face), pictures.	or words to identify the fee	elings of a specific character in a familiar story.	
			the character's feelings on the chart with	
illustrations or pictures.	0 0	,	0	
r = 1			20 I 21	

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

- Showing the student a set of picture symbols, the teacher asks "The boy is really happy right now, show me happy. Look for the picture that shows someone smiling. We smile when we are happy."
- Videos
 - YouTube by Iowa Department of Education
 - <u>Character's Feelings and Events | Literacy Strategies for Students with Cognitive Disabilities</u>
 - o Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - <u>Characters' thoughts and feelings | Reading</u>
 - Learn Zillion (learnzillion.com)
 - Describe a character's feelings instructional video

DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.3.4 Determine words and phrases that comp	plete sentences in a text.	A.RL.3.4.a Determine v text.	words and phrases that complete sentences in a
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.3.4.a (A) Determine words and phrases	A.RL.3.4.a (B) Identify	1	A.RL.3.4.a (C) Identify words or phrases from
that complete sentences in a text.	complete sentences in a	familiar text.	a familiar text.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Build their vocabulary.		• Complete	• Phrase
• Understand sentence structure.		• End	• Sentence
• Differentiate between a sentence fragment a	nd complete sentence.	• Finish	• Word
• Write using proper grammar.	-	• Fragment	
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
 <u>RL.3.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, distinguishing literal from nonliteral language.</u> 			
• Education.com [requires a free accou	unt] (education.com)		
<u>RL.3.4 Worksheets</u>			
Complete Sentences			
• K12 Reader (k12reader.com)			
 <u>3rd Grade CCSS: Reading: L</u> O Nearpod [requires a free account] (n 			
	1 ,		
• Read Write Think (readwritethink.or	<u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RL.3.4</u> Pood Write Thigh (readwritethigh org)		
 Sentence Quest: Using Parts of Speech to Write Descriptive Sentences 			
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)			
 Making Sentences 		/	
 <u>Rl.3.4 Lesson Plan Templates</u> 			
• Teacher Vision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)			
 <u>Finish the Sentences</u> 			
Activities			

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Have the student use graphic organizers to sort words and phrases from a text.
- After reading a variety of silly stories, identify phrases from the stories that could be true (literal).
- Give the student a list of events from a familiar story, then have the student mark yes or no indicating whether he or she has done that before.

• Videos

- YouTube by Iken Edu
 - <u>Sentences: Phrases and Clauses | English Gramma</u>
- o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Literal v. Nonliteral Words Instructional Video (RL.3.4)
- o Lumos Learning (lumoslearning.com)
 - ELA 3.4 Determine the Meaning of Words in a Text Free Educational videos for Students in k-12

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.RL.3.5 Determine the beginning, middle, and end of a familiar story with a logical order.		A.RL.3.5.a Determine the beginning, middle, and end of a familiar story with a logical order.	
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.3.5.a (A) Determine the beginning, middle, and end of a familiar story with a logical order.	A.RL.3.5.a (B) Identify of a familiar story.	the beginning and ending	A.RL.3.5.a (C) Identify one event that occurred in the beginning, middle, or ending of a familiar story.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Organize information and ideas efficiently.		• Actions	• Interactions
• Retell a favorite story to a peer in a logical or	der.	Beginning	Introduction
• Use details to tell what happened in a story.		• Characters	• Middle
 Develop problem-solving skills. 		• End	• Plot
• Summarize events in a story in their own wo	rds.	• Events	• Sequence
		• Happened	• Setting
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RL.3.5 Refer to parts of stori and stanza; describe how each • Education.com [requires a free account RL.3.5 Workbooks, Lesson F • E-Reading Worksheets (ereadingwort • Story Structure • K12 Reader (k12reader.com) • Aesop: Put the Events in Ord • K6edu (k6edu.com) • Story Sequence Charts • Retelling the Main Event in S • Nearpod [requires a free account] (network)	h successive part builds of int] (education.com) Plans, and Games ksheets.com) der Sequence earpod.com)		out a text, using terms such as chapter, scene,

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>RL.3.5 Lesson Plans Templates</u>
- Teacher Vision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - <u>3rd Grade Reading and Literature Resources</u>
- Activities
 - Have the students act out a story including the beginning, middle, and end in the correct order.
 - Using picture clues or sentence strips, have the student sequence three or more events in the correct order.
 - Have the student use a story map to fill in the beginning and end of the story.
 - Given an array of pictures, have the student choose one that matches something that happened in the story.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Cohesion Education
 - Identify the Main Topic and Retell Key Details
 - o K6edu (k6edu.com)
 - <u>Retelling the Main Event in Sequence</u>
 - YouTube by Teach for Life
 - <u>Story Structure: Beginning, Middle and End</u>

DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard]	Performance Objectives
A.RL.3.6 Identify personal point of view about a t	ext.	A.RL.3.6.a Identify the in a story.	personal point of view of a character or narrator
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.3.6.a (A) Identify the personal point of view of a character or narrator in a story.	A.RL.3.6.a (B) Identify a text.	who is telling the story in	A.RL.3.6.a (C) Identify own point of view.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Understand that someone's point of view de	termines how they react	• Character	Opinion
to certain.		Dialogue	Perspective
• Acknowledge differences in points of view of	of others.	• Main character	Point of view
• Understand that others' points of view deter	mine how they describe	• Narrator	• Speaker
an event.			1
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 			
 <u>RL.3.6 Distinguish their own point of view from that of the na</u> 		of the narrator or those of	the characters.
• Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)			
 <u>RL.3.6 Workbooks</u>, Lesson I 			
• Reading Worksheets (ereadingworksheets.com)			
Point of View Flash Cards			
• K12 Reader (k12reader.com)	Two Dad Anto		
 <u>Teaching Point of View with Two Bad Ants</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) 			
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RL.3.6 			
 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) 			
 <u>RL.3.6 Lesson Plans Templates</u> 			
• Teacher Vision [requires a free accou			
My Journal	1 ()		
• Activities			
 Ask the student what they like and d 	o not like about a characte	er or narrator in a story.	

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

- Have the student answer questions to express feelings about a character in the story and indicate why.
- Create a collage to promote a character the student likes.
- Ask the student, "Which characters do you like in the story?" and have them support the answer by selecting from three choices (i.e., I like Mark Brown because: he is funny, he rides a bike, and he loves his dog.).
- Have the student show feelings about a character using visuals (e.g., happy or sad face).
- Videos
 - o ThoughCo. (thoughtco.com)
 - <u>5 Easy Activities for Teaching Point of View</u>
 - Elementary Nest (elementarynest.com)
 - <u>Point of View Teaching Activities and Ideas</u>
 - YouTube by Waterford.org
 - <u>Understanding Point of View: First Person and Third Person</u> by Waterford.org
 - Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - <u>A story's point of view | Reading</u>
 - o YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - <u>3rd Grade Reading Point of View for Informational Text Topic Overview</u>
 - We Are Teachers (weareteachers.com)
 - <u>Our Favorite Videos for Teaching Point of View</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.RL.3.7 Identify parts of illustrations or information particular setting or event.	RL.3.7 Identify parts of illustrations or information that depict a rticular setting or event.		arts of illustrations or information that depict a ent in a familiar story.
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.3.7.a (A) Identify parts of illustrations or information that depict a particular setting or event in a familiar story.	A.RL.3.7.a (B) Use illu characters or an event		A.RL.3.7.a (C) identify a character in an illustration from a familiar story.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Recognize that picture help them to underst Use both words and illustrations to gather in Create a mental picture of what they read ab Use illustrations to recognize the tone of a s 	nformation about text. oout.	CharactersEventsIllustrations	 Objects Picture Setting
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RL.3.7 Explain how specific mood, emphasize aspects of</u> Education.com [requires a free acco <u>RL.3.7 Workbooks, Lesson 1</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (n <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free account] 	a character or setting). unt] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> earpod.com) ippi Standard.RL.3.7 count] (sharemylesson.com		s conveyed by the words in a story (e.g., create
 TeacherVision [requires a free accoursed in <u>DiCamillo and Yoko Tanaka</u> Activities Have the student find the part of the order of the student to find the part of the order of the order	on The Magician's Elept e illustration that matches ne illustration that shows	the text after hearing the that the character is mad ((e.g., the face, a fist, red face).

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

- Using an illustration of a character from the text, ask the student to identify words from a list that describes how the character looks in the illustration.
- Videos
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Describing Characters, Setting, and Events Framing Video (4.RL.3 Quest 2)
 - YouTube by CI350
 - Story Elements
 - YouTube by Teaching Independent Learners
 - <u>Story Elements Setting</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.3.9 Identify common points in two stories in	n a series.	A.RL.3.9.a Identify cor	nmon points in two stories in a series.
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.3.9.a (A) Identify common points in two	A.RL.3.9.a (B) Recogn	ize that two stories have	A.RL.3.9.a (C) identify the setting of a familiar
stories in a series.	the same setting.	-	story.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Make connections with past events to determ	nine outcomes.	• Compare	• Same
• Learn to compare and contrast outcomes ba	sed on their decisions.	Connect	• Similar
• Predict outcomes based on past events.		• Contrast	• Theme
• Apply known information to new situations.		• Different	• Unfamiliar
		• Familiar	• Versions
 <u>characters (e.g., in books from</u> Education.com [requires a free account <u>RL.3.9 Workbooks, Lesson I</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (n <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free account] Share My Lesson [requires a free account] Pinterest Collection by Melanie Broom <u>RL.3.9 Lessons and Activitie</u> 	<u>m a series).</u> ant] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> earpod.com) <u>ippi Standard.RL.3.9</u> ount] (sharemylesson.con tes ckhaus		<u>z the same author about the same or similar</u>
• Activities	· / · / · · · ·		
	• Have the student use a graphic organizer (i.e., Venn diagram) to identify similarities and differences in the setting for stories by the same		
 Using an illustration of a character fr the illustration. 	the illustration.		
 Have the student identify what is alid 	ke and what is different be	etween two books by the sa	ame author using a T-Chart.

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

- Given two stories by the same author, have the student identify similar settings and place those settings on a graphic organizer (i.e., Venn diagram). The diagram should illustrate similarities in the setting.
- Have the student describe the setting in two stories and decide if they are the same or different.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Comparing and Contrasting Series Instructional Video (3.RL.9)</u>
 - Flocabulary by Nearpod (flocabulary.com)
 - <u>Compare and Contrast Video</u>
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - National Grade 3 Reading Reading: Literature Comparing Themes, Settings and Plots RL.3.9
 - Florida Grade 3 Reading Reading: Literature Comparing Themes, Settings and Plots LAFS.3.RL.3.9

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RL.3.10 Demonstrate understanding while actively engaged in shared reading of stories, dramas, and poetry.		A.RL.3.10.a Actively engage in shared reading of stories, dramas, and poetry.		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RL.3.10.a (A) Describe key events of a story, drama, or poetry in a shared reading.	A.RL.3.10.a (B) Retell 2 or more events of a story, drama or poetry read in a shared reading.		A.RL.3.10.a (C) Identify an event from a story read in a shared reading.	
 Real World Connections: Learn to listen whiles others are speaking. Learn not to interrupt when others are speaking. Become more engaged and active learners. Feel successful because they are providing support for others. Build sight word recognition. 		Vocabulary: • Actively engaged • Aloud • Drama • Follow • Group • Listen	 Poetry Read Retell Shared reading Support Theme 	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RL.3.10 By the end of the yegrades 2-3 text complexity by • Education.com [requires a free accord • RL.3.10 Worksheets • Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org • Shared Reading • Share My Lesson [requires a free accord • ELA Lesson Plan Templates • Big Learners (biglearners.com)	and independently and pr unt] (education.com) ;) ount] (sharemylesson.com	oficiently	, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the	

- RL.3.10 : Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Activities
 - During a shared reading, have the student use a graphic organizer (i.e., Venn diagram) to identify key events in the stories by placing the descriptive words in the appropriate position on the graphic organizer.
 - Have the student identify similarities in the setting and place those similarities on a graphic organizer (i.e., Venn diagram). The diagram should illustrate similarities in the setting.
 - Have the student answer questions to express feelings about a character in the story and indicate why.
 - Have the student describe the setting in two stories and decide if they are the same or different.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Mindset Teach
 - <u>Shared Reading Using Poetry</u>
 - YouTube by The Balanced Literacy Diet
 - <u>Chicka, Chicka, Boom, Boom: Shared Reading in Kindergarten</u>
 - YouTube by ISD833
 - <u>Primary Shared Reading</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.3.1 Answer who and what questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a text.		 A.RI.3.1.a Answer who questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a familiar informational text. A.RI.3.1.b Answer what questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a familiar informational text. 		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.3.1.a (A) Answer who questions to demonstrate understanding of details in a familiar informational text.	A.RI.3.1.a (B) Answer a demonstrate understand informational text.	a who question to ling of details in a familiar	A.RI.3.1.a (C) Identify a single person or character from a familiar informational text.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Find the name of the author of a book.		• Answer	• Evidence	
• Look up information about careers.		• Ask	• Idea	
• Find ingredients on a product label.		CharacterDetail	• Questioning	
 Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Education.com [requires a free according to the second second	3 、 /	rstanding of a text, referrin	g explicitly to the text as the basis for the	
 answers. Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) English Language Arts: RI.3 	<u>1</u>			
 Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.3.1 Curriculum Documents</u> 				
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RI.3.1</u> 				
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) Lesson Plan: Reading Charts and Tables – Garden Spiders 				
 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) <u>RI.3.1 Lesson Plans Templates</u> 				
	• Big Learners (biglearners.com)			

- RI.3.1: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorfied.com)
 - <u>RI.3.1 3rd Grade Reading Informational Text Worksheet Explaining Informational Text</u>
- Activities
 - Comprehension of texts occurs as the students are reading texts. Readers should be asking themselves questions as they read texts to monitor their understanding of the story. Teachers can help facilitate this by asking a series of literal questions during a read aloud that the students will answer. In a small group, or whole classroom setting, ask students a series of literal questions about a particular story.
 - Model asking literal questions (something that readers will need to learn how to do on their own). Read aloud a text. Ask a series of questions before and during the read aloud. Then, as you ask the questions aloud, answer them. This will model for children how to self-question.
- Videos
 - o EG Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Reading: Informational Text Instructional Video Comparing Texts RI.3.1
 - LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - <u>Understanding a constructed response question</u>
 - <u>Use text features and clue words to find evidence in a text</u>
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.3.1 Reading Informational Text Instructional Videos</u>
 - YouTube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - ELA Grade 3 RI.3.1 Ask and Answer Questions in a Nonfiction Text

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.3.2 Identify details in a text.		A.RI.3.2.a Identify details in a familiar informational text.	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.3.2.a (A) Identify details in a familiar informational text.	A.RI.3.2.a (B) Identify informational text.	a detail in a familiar	A.RI.3.2.a (C) Match a detail from a familiar informational text to the text.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Find the name of the author of a book.		• Answer	• Evidence
• Look up information about careers.		• Ask	• Idea
• Find ingredients on a product label.		• Character	Questioning
		• Detail	
Resources:		-	
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 			
 <u>RI.3.2 Determine the main in</u> 		<u>xey details and explain how</u>	they support the main idea.
• Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)			
 <u>RI.3.2 Workbooks</u>, Lesson F 	Plans, and Games		
o Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)			
<u>RI.3.2 Curriculum Documents</u>			
• Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)			
 <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RI.3.2</u> O PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 			
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) Lesson Plan: Analyzing Information – Can Pigs be Pets? 			
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)			
 RI.3.2 Lesson Plans Templates 			
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)			
 RI.3.2: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets 			
• Tutorified (tutorified.com)			
 <u>RI.3.2 3rd Grade Reading In</u> 	formational Text Worksho	<u>eet -Main Idea</u>	
• Activities			
			ading a story, they can draw or create (e.g., by g to convey. They can use examples and details
1 0 / 1		0 7 0	

from the text to inform their drawings.

- Identify a few key features in an informational text that you would like your students to find while reading. (ex. captions, diagrams, subheadings, table of contents, glossary, etc.) List those features on the board and have students write down the examples they find of each as in a scavenger hunt.
- After reading a piece of informational text, identify the main idea of the text and then have students decide whether or not a fact belongs within that text. You can also ask students to write one sentence each, choosing to either write a fact from the text or something completely random. You then read aloud their responses and as a class they decide where to sort the sentences.
- Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - MRI.3.2 Instructional Video Main Idea
 - o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Determine the main idea of an article
 - You Tube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Reading Informational Texts Instructional Video Main Idea Instructional Video RI.3.2
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.3.2 Reading Informational Text Instructional Videos</u>
 - o You Tube by Engage^{ny}
 - Grade 3 ELA: Key Details in a Non-Fiction Text RI 3.2

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard]	Performance Objectives
A.RI.3.3 Order two events from a text as "first" and "next."		A.RI.3.3.a Order two events from a text as "first" and "next."	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.3.3.a (A) Order two events from a text as "first" and "next."	A.RI.3.3.a (B) Describe	e what it means to be first.	A.RI.3.3.a (C) Match the words "first" and "next to their definitions or illustrations.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Follow instructions when playing a game.		• Describe	• Illustrations
• Follow instructions to open an app on a mol	bile device.	• Events	• Next
• Follow instructions for putting together a m	odel. List items in	• First	• Order
alphabetical order.			
• List items in alphabetical order.			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
 <u>RI.3.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures</u> 			
in a text, using language that		e, and cause/effect.	
• Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)			
 <u>RI.3.3 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> 			
• Engageny.org)			
 <u>RI.3.3 Curriculum Documents</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) 			
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RI.3.3</u> 			
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 			
 <u>RI.3.3 Describe the relationship between a series of historical events, scientific ideas or concepts, or steps in technical procedures</u> 			
in a text, using language that pertains to time, sequence, and cause/effect.			
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)			
 <u>RI.3.3 Lesson Plans Templates</u> 			
 Big Learners (biglearners.com) 			
 <u>RI.3.3: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets</u> 			
 Tutorified (tutorified.com) 			

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text

CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

- RI.3.3 3rd Grade Reading Informational Text Worksheet Cause and Effects
- Activities
 - During and after reading a text aloud, create a story map on an interactive whiteboard. The story map should contain the essential elements of the story (characters, setting, major plot points, resolution). The elements can be written or drawn. After the completion of the story and the story map, work collaboratively with the students to create a summary of the story.
 - Create a graphic organizer to determine the sequence of a story.
 - Create a timeline with pictures from the text.
- Videos ٠
 - You Tube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Cause and Effect Instructional Video (RI.3.3)
 - o You Tube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - <u>ELA Grade 3 RI.3.3 Sequencing</u>
 - o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Make Mental pictures as you read
 - o EG Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Time, Sequence, and Cause/Effect RI.3.3

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.3.4 Determine words and phrases that complete sentences in a text.		A.RI.3.4.a Determine words and phrases that complete sentences in an informational text.		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.3.4.a (A) Determine words and phrases A.RI.3.4.a (B) Determine		ne phrases that complete	A.RI.3.4.a (C) Determine words that complete	
that complete sentences in an informational text.	sentences in an informa	tional text.	sentences in an informational text.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Fill out a form.		Complete sentence	es • Phrase	
• Select rhyming words for a song or poem.		Context Clues	• Word	
• Locate bolded words to find answers to que	stions at the end of a			
chapter in a textbook.				
 subject area. Education.com [requires a free accord <u>RI.3.4 Workbooks, Lesson P</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.3.4 Curriculum Document</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (n <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearnit) 	unt] (education.com) Plans, and Games ts earpod.com) ippi Standard RI.3.4 ngmedia.org) ng of general academic and count] (sharemylesson.com	l domain-specific words an n)	nd phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or	

• Activities

- Have student create a word web, with a vocabulary word in the center, listing boxes around it with categories such as: draw a picture, example, definition, what it is NOT, use in a sentence, words that mean about the same.
- List the two or three key terms from the text. Ask students to explain what each word means and where in the reading can they show this to be true. Students are to justify their answers.
- Allow students to exchange their word web and evaluate each other's work. Have students discuss their conclusions. Teachers listen for use of valid arguments and accurate understanding of the terms.
- Videos
 - o EG Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Academic and Domain Specific Words RI.3.4
 - You Tube by RHES Social Media
 - ELA 3.4 Determine the Meaning of Words in a Text
 - LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - <u>Use vocabulary in a text to deepen your understanding</u>
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.3.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 3 topic or subject area (Videos).</u>
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Learning: Unknown Words
 - <u>Context Clues Instructional Video 2.RI.4</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.3.5 Identify text features including headings and key words.		A.RI.3.5.a Identify text features including headings and key words in an informational text.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.3.5.a (A) Identify text features including headings and key words in an informational text.	A.RI.3.5.a (B) Identify informational text.	headings in an	A.RI.3.5.a (C) Identify key words in an informational text.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Locate bolded words to find answers to que	stions at the end of a	• Headings	Key words	
chapter in a textbook.		 Informational text 	Text features	
• Use the table of contents to find a chapter in				
• Use the index in the back of a book to find information about a topic.				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
	<u>search tools (e.g., key word</u>	ds, sidebars, hyperlinks) to	locate information relevant to a given topic	
efficiently.				
• Education.com [requires a free accou	1 ()			
 <u>RI.3.5 Workbooks, Lesson P</u> 	lans, and Games			
• Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)				
 <u>RI.3.5 Curriculum Documen</u> O Nearpod [requires a free account] (n 				
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (n <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> 	1 ,			
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni 				
 RI.3.5 Use text features and search tools (e.g., key words, sidebars, hyperlinks) to locate information relevant to a given topic 				
efficiently.				
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)				
 <u>Reading and Understanding Informational Text with T-Rex Lesson Plan</u> 				
0 Big Learners (biglearners.com)				
RI.3.5: Third Grade English	Language Arts Worksheet	<u>'S</u>		
• Tutorified (tutorified.com)			20.1 21	

- RI.3.5 3rd Grade Reading Informational Text Worksheet Text and Search Feature I.3.5
- Activities
 - Give students sticky notes. Have them mark in their text what text features are found on the page and how they are useful. Another option would be to list several features and have the students put the sticky note by the feature and explain how it would be helpful.
 - Remove the text from a science or social studies article, leaving only the text features, such as keywords, sidebars, pictures, and captions. Have the students complete a quick draw with words and illustrations or briefly write a summary about the topic.
- Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - <u>Text Features and Search Tools</u>
 - o C'Monee Wilkins YouTube Channel (youtube.com/channel/UCECJUtW2HRvH2AnU4GXsnlQ)
 - Breaking down the essential question (RI 3.5)
 - o Gulfport School District YouTube Channel (youtube.com/channel/UC_3QMKC5eEUrpBD_Sy3oJRA)
 - <u>RI.3.5 Text Features in Informational Text, Part 1</u>
 - <u>RI.3.5 Text Features in Informational Text, Part 2</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard]	Performance Objectives	
A.RI.3.6 Identify personal point of view about a text.		A.RI.3.6.a Identify a personal point of view about a text.		
	I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.3.6.a (A) Identify a personal point of view about a text.			A.RI.3.6.a (C) Express point of view about a topic (e.g., respond with gestures or facial expressions to topic.)	
Real World Connections:Vocabulary:• Follow the golden rule.• Facial expression• Tell their personal experiences in first-person narrative.• Gestures• Give others credit for a team project.• Gestures		• Facial expressions	• Personal point of view	
 Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RI.3.6 Distinguish their own</u> Education.com [requires a free accoustion of the expansion of the	unt](education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> <u>ets</u> earpod.com) ngmedia.org) <u>point of view from that of</u> count](sharemylesson.com) <u>res</u> <u>Language Arts Worksheet</u>	<u>f the author of a text.</u>) <u>S</u>		
	re about the author's purp	ose of the text, including w	hat question the author is answering, explaining,	
	· · ·			

- or describing, teachers can lead students in Socratic Seminars. Before meeting with a small group or whole class, the teacher should make a list of questions to ask about the author's purpose. Throughout the seminar, the teacher should position him/herself as question-asker. Students should have a free-flowing conversation with minimal interruptions from the teacher.
- Ask students to think individually about the author's purpose, then meet with a peer to discuss their answers. After they have had time to discuss with a peer, they can share their thoughts with the rest of the class.
- Write a question about the author's purpose in the middle of a web. Draw lines extending from the web and ask students to provide responses for the question. For example, you may write "What was the author's purpose in this report about volcanoes?" in the middle of the web. Then, on extended lines students can offer responses to the question. They may respond with, "To teach us something," "To help us better understand volcanoes," "To warn us," "To scare us," etc.
- Videos
 - o EG Videos (egvideos.com)
 - <u>Point of View for Informational Text</u>
 - You Tube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - ELA Grade 3 RI.3.6 Point of View
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Distinguishing Points of View Instructional Video</u>
 - Point of View Instructional Video
 - o YouTube by Channel (youtube.com/channel/UCjkyI430oJbqd82iCSm2pSw)
 - <u>Practicing Point of View RI.2.6</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.RI.3.7 . Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) and words in the text to answer who and what questions.		 A.RI.3.7.a Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) and words in an informational text to answer who questions. A.RI.3.7.b Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) and words in an informational text to answer what questions. 	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.3.7.a (A) Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) and words in an informational text to answer who questions.	A.RI.3.7.a (B) Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) and words in an informational text to answer a who question.		A.RI.3.7.a (C) Match illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) to a person or character in an informational text.
A.RI.3.7.b (A) Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) and words in an informational text to answer what questions.	A.RI.3.7.b (B) Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) and words in an informational text to answer a what question.		A.RI.3.7.b (C) Match illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs, drawings) to a detail or idea in an informational text.
 Real World Connections: Use a legend to interpret a chart. Use the directory in a mall to find a store. Find Mississippi on a map of the United Start 	tes.	Vocabulary: • Answers • Charts • Diagrams • Graphs • Illustrations	MapsPhotographsQuestionsTimelines
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RI.3.7 Use information gainer • of the text (e.g., where, where • Education.com [requires a free accord • RI.3.7 Workbooks, Lesson F • Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)	n, why, and how key event unt](education.com)		he words in a text to demonstrate understanding

- <u>RI.3.7 Curriculum Documents</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)
 - ELA Standard for RI.3.7
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.3.7 Use information gained from illustrations (e.g., maps, photographs) and the words in a text to demonstrate understanding of the text (e.g., where, when, why, and how key events occur).</u>
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>RI.3.7 Lesson Plans Templates</u>
- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - RI.3.7: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- o Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - RI.3.7 3rd Grade Reading Informational Text Worksheet Text and Illustration
- Activities
 - Have students study a map. Then from just the information on the map, write three facts about the area on the map and one fib. Each student then shows his/her map and the four statements with another student. It is the task of the other student to figure out which is the fib. This could be completed with pairs of students working together.
 - Analyzing photographs from a time in history, have students create a compare and contrast chart, depicting similarities and differences between the past and present. When speaking or writing, each student will defend his/her thinking.
 - Challenge students to retell the biography of someone well known by just showing artifacts, maps, and illustrations. They may NOT use a photo of the famous person. They must be able to defend their choice of artifacts, maps, and illustrations.
- Videos
 - Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - <u>Text Illustrations (Info)</u>
 - You Tube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Using Illustrations to Understand Texts Instructional Video (3.RI.7)
 - o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Use information from text and illustrations to understand a topic
 - You Tube by Melanie Meza
 - <u>Text Features</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.3.8 . Identify two related points the author makes in an informational text.		A.RI.3.8.a Identify two related points the author makes in an informational text.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.3.8.a (A) Identify two related points the author makes in an informational text.	A.RI.3.8.a (B) Identify makes in an information		A.RI.3.8.a (C) Identify one point the author makes in an informational text.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Refer to two sources to find the population	of a state.	• Compare	• Contrast	
• Research information about careers.		 Connection 	Relationship	
• Find the expiration date on a product.				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	1	lar sentences and paragrap	hs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect,	
first/second/third in a sequence).				
• Education.com [requires a free accou	unt](<u>education.com</u>)			
• <u>RI.3.8 Worksheets</u>				
 RI.3.8 Curriculum Documen 	• Engageny.org)			
• Nearpod [requires a free account](ne				
 ELA Standard for RI.3.8 				
o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni	ngmedia.org)			
 <u>RI.3.8 Describe the logical co</u> 	onnection between particu	lar sentences and paragrap	<u>hs in a text (e.g., comparison, cause/effect,</u>	
first/second/third in a sequence).				
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)				
RI.3.8: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets				
• Tutorified (tutorified.com)				
 <u>RI.3.8 3rd Grade Reading Informational Texts Worksheet – Connecting sentences</u> 				
Activities				

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Cut apart three to five sentence strips with events from a historical event or steps to make or build an object. Challenge students to arrange the strips in the correct order. After they have selected the sequence, have them explain/defend the sequence.
- Have students create a chart with cause at the top of one column and effect on the other. As they read an informational text on a subject such as a scientific discovery or an historical event, students will point out cause and effect situations.
- Present students with an invalid cause and effect. They will then explain why it is an invalid effect relating to the cause and create a valid effect.

- o You Tube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Supporting Details Instructional Video (1.RI.8)</u>
 - Finding Support for an Author's Point Instructional Video (2.RI.8)
 - Learning Sequencing Instructional Video
- LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Lesson Plan: Day 2: "Camouflage Wizards"
 - Lesson Plan: Day 3: "Small Solution, Big Change"
 - Lesson Plan: Day 4: Camouflage Wizards

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.RI.3.9 . Identify similarities between two texts on the same topic.		A.RI.3.9.a Identify similarities between two informational texts on the same topic.	
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.3.9.a (A) Identify similarities between two	A.RI.3.9.a (B) Identify	· · · · ·	A.RI.3.9.a (C) Recognize two things as being
informational texts on the same topic.	informational texts on th	ne same topic.	similar.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Compare the table of contents of two books	s to find information on	Connection	• Same
a topic.		• Different	 Similarities
 Find Mississippi on a wall map and in an atla 	as.	Relationship	• Topic
• Recognize that yellow means caution.		1	1
• Pick out the generic brand of a favorite cere	al.		
• Pick out snacks in the grocery store that are	sugar-free.		
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
 RI.3.9 Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic. 			
 Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) 			
 <u>RI.3.9 Workbooks</u>, Lesson Plans, and Games 			
• Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)			
RI.3.9 Curriculum Documen			
 Nearpod [requires a free account](ne <u>ELA Standard for RI.3.9</u> 	earpod.com)		
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni 	namedia ora)		
		s and key details presented	in two texts on the same topic
 <u>RI.3.9 Compare and contrast the most important points and key details presented in two texts on the same topic.</u> O Big Learners (biglearners.com) 			r in two texts on the same topic.
 RI.3.9: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets 			
• Tutorified (tutorified.com)	0.0	_	
 RI.3.9 3rd Grade Reading Informational Texts Worksheet- Compare and Contrast 			<u>st</u>
• Activities		-	

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Have students read two texts about the same event from different points of view. They then use a compare and contrast chart to record five or more details that are the same in both texts and at least five details that are different.
- Have students create a diagram of the key details from two texts on the same topic. In the diagram they indicate key ideas in the center, and then along the sides address the details from each text.
- Have students read two texts on the same topic, such as homework from the point of view of a student and a parent without knowledge about the authors. They then predict which was written by the student and the adult, defending their opinion with details from the text

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - <u>Compare and Contrast Key Details RI.3.9</u>
- You Tube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Comparing Texts on the Same Topic</u>
- You Tube by Miss Brant's Tube!
 - Comparing and Contrasting Two Texts on the Same Topic, RI 2.9
- YouTube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - <u>Comparing and Contrasting 2 Texts</u>

Standard			Performance Objectives		
0	.RI.3.10 . Demonstrate understanding of text while actively engaged in nared reading of history/social studies, science, and technical texts.		A.RI.3.10.a Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading.		
	I Can St	atements			
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX		
A.RI.3.10.a (A) Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading.	A.RI.3.10.a (B) Recall informational text from		A.RI.3.10.a (C) Listen to the shared reading of an informational text.		
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
• Draw a picture of an event in history.		• Engage	• Listen		
• Put together a puzzle of the United States.		• Illustrate	• Recall		
• Use illustrations in a book to identify leaves	collected in their yard.				
 texts, at the high end of the Education.com [requires a free acco <u>RI.3.10 Workbooks, Lesson</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](ne <u>ELA Standard for RI.3.10</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearn: <u>RI.3.10 By the end of the ye</u> texts, at the high end of the 	grades 2-3 text complexity unt] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> earpod.com) ingmedia.org) ar, read and comprehend grades 2–3 text complexit	y band independently and informational texts, inclu y band independently and	iding history/social studies, science, and technical		
 Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com) <u>RI.3.10 Lesson Plans Templates</u> 					
 Big Learners (biglearners.com) <u>RI.3.10: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets</u> 					
	• Tutorified (tutorified.com)				
 <u>RI.3.10 3rd Grade Reading Informational Text Worksheet - Content</u> 					
Activities					

DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text

CONCEPT: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

- Students are given a challenging grade level text. They read it independently and then create either a piece of writing, graphic organizer, or Wordle explaining the key ideas and details of the piece.
- Students read multiple texts on a single topic. They then create a written or graphic organizer demonstrating how the two pieces are alike and different. (Compare and Contrast)

- o You Tube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Comparing Texts on the Same Topic</u>
 - <u>Supporting Details Instructional Video (1.RI.8)</u>
 - Finding Support for an Author's Point Instructional Video (2.RI.8)
 - Learning Sequencing Instructional Video
- Sarah Bryant YouTube Channel (youtube.com/channel/UCjkyI430oJbqd82iCSm2pSw)
 - Practicing Point of View RI.2.6
- Melanie Meza YouTube Channel (youtube.com/channel/UCw2l8P-cSn9Ip64afIADTqw)
 - <u>Text Features</u>
- o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Preview a text's title, photo, and caption
 - <u>Check understanding of a nonfiction article by retelling information</u>
 - Have a conversation in your head as you read
 - <u>Use descriptive words and imagery to help you visualize as you read</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RF.3.3. Use letter-sound knowledge to read words.		 A.RF.3.3.a In context, demonstrate basic knowledge of letter-sound correspondences. A.RF.3.3.b Sort long and short vowel words A.RF.3.3.c With models and supports, decode single-syllable words with common spelling patterns (consonant-vowel- consonant [CVC] or high-frequency rhymes). A.RF.3.3.d Decode two-syllable words. A.RF.3.3.e Recognize 40 or more written words. 		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RF.3.3.a (A) In context, demonstrate basic knowledge of letter-sound correspondences.	A.RF.3.3.a (B) Match sounds with letters.		A.RF.3.3.a (C) Identify a letter sound.	
A.RF.3.3.b (A) Sort long and short vowel words.	A.RF.3.3.b (B) Sort sho	ort vowel words.	A.RF.3.3.b (C) Recognize long vowel words.	
A.RF.3.3.c With models and supports, decode single-syllable words with common spelling patterns (consonant-vowel- consonant [CVC] or high-frequency rhymes).	A.RF.3.3.c (B) With models and supports, recognize single-syllable words.		A.RF.3.3.c (C) Recognize a single-syllable word.	
A.RF.3.3.d (A) Decode two-syllable words.	A.RF.3.3.d (B) Match t	wo-syllable words.	A.RF.3.3.d (C) Repeat a two syllable word.	
A.RF.3.3.e (A) Recognize 40 or more written words.	A.RF.3.3.e (B) Recogni words.	ze 20 or more written	A.RF.3.3.e (C) Recognize 1 or more written words.	
 Real World Connections: Improve written and oral communication. Develop ability to decode. Learn the connection between letters and some sources in spoken words related letters in written words in spoken words related letters in written words in predictable ways. Combine their knowledge of print and source of language to read with meaning and enjoym Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections 	e to the patterns of ls with their knowledge	Vocabulary:LetterLong VowelRhyme	Short VowelSoundSpelling	
O Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) Page 50			29-Jun-21	

CONCEPT: Phonics and Word Recognition

- <u>RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.</u>
- Core Knowledge (coreknowledge.org)
 - <u>Knowledge for Literacy</u>
- o Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)
 - <u>RF.3.3 Workbooks</u>, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o K12 Reader (k12reader.com)
 - <u>Vocabulary Worksheets</u>
- o K6EDU (k6edu.com)
 - Friendly Letter Template
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RF.3.3</u>
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>RF 3.3 Lesson Plans Templates</u>
- Activities
 - o Given a sound spoken by an adult during a shared writing activity, have the student say or point to the corresponding letter.
 - Have the student Indicate the sound of the initial letter of own and peer's names.
 - During a shared writing activity of an alphabet book, have the student indicate the letter or letter that matches the sound produced by the teacher.
 - \circ During a shared reading or writing activity, the teacher points to a letter A and has the student say the associated sound "/a/".
 - Given two different letter-sounds, identify the ____ letter.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Rock 'N Learn
 - Letter Sounds Phonics for Beginners Rock 'N Learn Complete Program
 - YouTube by Preschool Prep Company
 - Meet the Phonics Letter Sounds (FREE)
 - YouTube by Jack Hartmann Kids Music Channel
 - Learning Letter Sounds | Version 2 | Alphabet Song for Kids | Phonics for Kids
 - YouTube by Lotty Learns
 - Letter Blending + sight words + Phonics | READING LESSONS for Kids

A.RF.3.4. Read words in text.A.RF.3.4.a Read familiar textA RF 3.4 b Not applicable		
	 A.RF.3.4.a Read familiar text A.RF.3.4.b Not applicable A.RF.3.4.c Use context to determine missing words in familiar texts. 	
I Can Statements		
MOST COMPLEX LEAST COM	IPLEX	
A.RF.3.4.a (A) Read familiar text. A.RF.3.4.a (B) Find words in familiar text. A.RF.3.4.a (C) Find a word in a familiar	r text.	
A.RF.3.4.c (A) Use context to determine missing words in familiar texts. A.RF.3.4.c (B) Match words with a familiar text. A.RF.3.4.c (C) Recall a word from a fatter.	miliar	
Real World Connections: Vocabulary:		
 Determine the context of familiar words in written print. Familiar Read 		
 Follow written directions. Match Text 		
Follow a recipe. Missing		
• Follow directions for assembling Legos.		
 Follow directions for assembling Legos. Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Twinkl - Official Education Partner BBC Children in Need [subscription required] (twinkl.com) (RF.3.4) Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) RF.3.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension. Core Knowledge (coreknowledge.org) Core Knowledge (coreknowledge.org) Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) RF.3.4 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games K12 Reader (k12reader.com) 3rd Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RF.3.4 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) RF 3.4 Lesson Plans Templates 		
Activities		

DOMAIN: Reading Foundational Skills

CONCEPT: Fluency

- Allow the student to read a book that is at the same grade-level difficulty as previously read.
- Ask the student to answer questions about a novel text to demonstrate understanding.
- Give the student a familiar text and have them listen to a familiar passage read aloud and then answer comprehension questions about the test.
- Have the student listen while an adult reads a novel text and then ask the student to provide an appropriate word when the teacher provides an exaggerated pause.

- LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Instructional Video: Read fluently by asking, "What does the author want me to know?"
 - <u>Read by pausing at colons</u>
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org
 - Listen for Sounds and Review Short A, M, S, & T | Let's Learn

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.3.1. With guidance and support, write opinions about topics or text.		 A.W.3.1.a Select a text and write an opinion about it. A.W.3.1.b Provide one reason to support an opinion about a text. A.W.3.1.c Not applicable A.W.3.1.d Not applicable 		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.3.1.a (A) Select a text and write an opinion about it.	A.W.3.1.a (B) Select a text and illustrate an opinion about it.		A.W.3.1.a (C) Select a text.	
A.W.3.1.b (A) Provide one reason to support an opinion about a text.	A.W.3.1.b (B) Identify and opinion about a text.		A.W.3.1.b (C) Illustrate an opinion about a text.	
• Make decisions based upon their point of vi	Embrace other people's differences.		SelectWrite	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org • Professor Garfield Fact or O • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • W.3.1.a Introduce the topic or reasons. • W.3.1.b Provide reasons that • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning • Forming an Opinion with O • Education.com [requires a free acco	D <u>pinion</u> or text they are writing ab t support the opinion. ngmedia.org) rganizational Elements - (create an organizational structure that lists	
 <u>W.3.1 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) <u>W.3.1 Lesson Plan Templates</u> 				

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- o K12 Reader (k12reader.com)
 - <u>Opinion/Persuasive Writing Prompts</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account] [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.3.1.a</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.3.1.b</u>

• Activities

- Allow the student to select a book from the library, then use a computer-based word bank to write *It's the best*, and then refer to the book to find two or more examples of what makes it the best and write about them.
- Have the student select a text and write a word to express an opinion about it.
- Ask the student to listen to a digital text, rate it, and type two or more reasons why they like it or dislike it.
- Have the student select a book from a collection of recently read books, then asks the student to communicate an opinion about the book and follow up questions to narrow down the student's opinion.

- o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Opinion Writing for Kids | Episode 1 | What Is It?
- YouTube by Nancy Fetzer
 - Opinion Writing Lesson Second Grade
- YouTube by Kimberly Stapf
 - <u>Opinion Writing Sentence Starters</u>
- YouTube by Kathryn Clancy
 - <u>What is Opinion Writing</u>
 - How Do We Support Our Opinions?

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.3.2. With guidance and support, write to share information supported by details.		 A.W.3.2.a Select a topic and provide one fact or detail. A.W.3.2.b Not applicable A.W.3.2.c Not applicable A.W.3.2.d Not applicable 		
	I Can S	tatements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.3.2.a (A) Select a topic and provide one fact or detail.	A.W.3.2.a (B) Select a	a topic and provide one fact.	A.W.3.2.a (C) Select a topic.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Provide information about a topic.		• Detail	• Select	
• Discover topics of interest.		• Fact	• Topic	
• Write about favorite topics				
• Select books based on topic.				
• Understand that oral language is translated i	nto written language.			
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
• Primary Learning (primarylearning.o	0,			
 W.3.2 Worksheets and Pinta 				
• Pinterest by heather Gentry (pintere				
 <u>105 Pins for W.3.2-Informa</u> 		g		
 Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org <u>How to Teach Expository T</u> 		a Reading Comprehension		
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)		e Reading Comprehension		
 W.3.2 Write informative/exp 	lanatory texts to examin	ne a topic and convey ideas a	and information clearly.	
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni			<u> </u>	
 Writing: Text Types and Purposes - Grades 2-3 				
• Education.com [requires a free acco				
 W.3.2 Worksheets, Workboo 	ks, Lesson Plans, and C	<u>Fames</u>		
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc	3 、 2	om)		
 <u>W.3.2 Lesson Plan Template</u> 	<u>s</u>			

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- Nearpod [requires a free account] [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.3.2.a
- Activities
 - Have the student select a topic by looking through a class photo album and then write labels for the people and objects in the photo.
 - Allow the student to select a topic from a book used during shared reading and then writes facts from the book.
 - Ask the student to select a topic from a class chart of recent activities and then write a remembered detail with an alternative keyboard.
 - During shared reading, read a short text, then ask the student to suggest one idea to add to the class's list of details which the teacher writes and adds to the class's list.
- Videos
 - YouTube by EngageNY
 - Grade 3 ELA: Key Details in a Non-Fiction Text RI 3.2
 - YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Informational Writing for Kids Playlist Episodes 1 8
 - YouTube by Massachusetts DESE
 - <u>3rd Grade Main Idea Lesson</u>
 - YouTube by Educational Jar
 - Main Idea and Supporting Details
 - YouTube by Kindergarten Smes
 - Writing a Story Using Picture Prompts

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

	Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.3.3. With guidance and support, write about events or personal experiences.		 A.W.3.3.a Select an event or personal experience and provide information about it including the names of people involved. A.W.3.3.b Not applicable A.W.3.3.c Not applicable A.W.3.3.d Not applicable 			
		I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX \bullet				► LEAST COMPLEX	
experience and provide info	A.W.3.3.a (A) Select an event or personal experience and provide information about it including the names of people involved.A.W.3.3.a (B) Select an experience and recall th involved.		1	A.W.3.3.a (C) Select an event and identify the person involved.	
Real World Connections:			Vocabulary:		
• Retell detailed events	to friends.		• Event	• Name	
• Recall the names of p	• Recall the names of people that they meet.		• Experience	• People	
• Recall the names of p	people who have inspir	ed them.	• Identify	• Personal	
Resources:					
• Websites, articles, a	and other collections				
U	(biglearners.com)				
		<u>h Language Arts Workshe</u>	ets		
	m [requires a free acco				
		oks, Lesson Plans, and Ga			
	athways Jrequires an ac	count] (goalbookapp.com))		
	0				
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>W.3.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, a</u> 		fective technique, descriptive details, and clear			
event sequences.					
• Narra	tive Essay Topics and	Story Ideas			
	g Media (mpb.pbslearn				
• Write	ing :Texts, Types, and I	Purposes Grades 2-3			
 Share My Les 	sson [requires a free acc	count] (sharemylesson.com	h)		
$D_{acce} \mid 58$				20 Jup 21	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- <u>W.3.3 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- Teacher Vision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - <u>My Friend Writing Printable</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account] [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.3.3

• Activities

- Have the student write about their own birthday.
- Have the student write about going to visit a relative.
- Ask the student to express a reaction to a personal experience to be shared which the teacher will write down and reread aloud.
- Ask the student to choose by looking, pointing, or touching, an event from two choices presented by the teacher which the teacher then writes in the group's shared text.

- o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Describing Characters, Setting, and Events Framing Video (4.RL.3 Quest 2)
- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>Writing a Personal Narrative: Brainstorming a Story for Kids</u>
- YouTube by Kindergarten Smes
 - Writing a Story Using Picture Prompts
- o YouTube by Nancy Fetzer
 - <u>Nancy Fetzer Third Grade Narrative Writing Lesson</u>

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.3.4. With guidance and support, produce writing that expresses more than one idea.		A.W.3.4.a Produce writing that expresses more than one idea.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.3.4.a (A) Produce writing that expresses more than one idea.	A.W.3.4.a (B)Produce v idea.	writing that expresses one	A.W.3.4.a (C) Match writing that expresses one idea.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Organize thoughts on paper.		• Idea	• Write	
• Write in a journal.		• Match		
• Write in their own words.		1,100011		
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
 Big Learners (biglearners.com) 				
 W.3.4: Third Grade English 	Language Arts Worksheet	<u>s</u>		
• Education.com [requires a free accou	unt] (education.com)			
 <u>W.3.4 Worksheets</u>, Workboo 	oks, Lesson Plans, and Gar	<u>mes</u>		
 Goal Book Pathways]requires an according to the second sec	 Goal Book Pathways]requires an account] (goalbookapp.com) 			
 <u>W.3.4 Task and Purpose</u> 				
	• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
 W.3.4 Produce writing in wh 		organization are appropriat	<u>te to task and purpose.</u>	
 E-Reading Worksheets (ereadingworksheets) 	,			
 <u>Narrative Essay Topics and S</u> 				
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning) 	0			
 Writing :Texts, Types, and F 				
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc		1)		
• <u>W.3.4 Lesson Plan Templates</u>				
	 <u>3rd Grade Writing Resources - Expressing Ideas</u> 			
• Nearpod [requires a free account] [re		arpod.com)		
 <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> 	<u>ıppı Standard W.3.4</u>			
Activities				
$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{a}} = \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{A} \mathbf{D}$			20 Lyp 21	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- Have the student working with peers, write one fact about a group project, talk with peers about the fact, and then write two more things with peer support.
- Working with the teacher and a group of peers, have the student to contribute to a shared reading product that includes multiple ideas related to a selected topic.
- Allow the student to work with a per to contribute a written idea to a shared writing project.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Read Charlotte
 - Show Your Third Grader How to Write and Excellent Paragraph
 - o YouTube by Nessy
 - Improve your Writing: Show, Not Tell
 - YouTube by Big Think
 - <u>3 Ways to Express Your Thoughts So That Everyone Will Understand You | Alan Alda | Big Think</u>

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.3.5. With guidance and support, revise their own writing.	A.W.3.5.a Revise th	eir own writing.		
Ι	Can Statements			
MOST COMPLEX LEAST COMPLEX				
A.W.3.5.a (A) Revise their own writing. A.W.3.5.a (B) C	reate their own writing.	A.W.3.5.a (C) Illustrate writing.		
Real World Connections:	Vocabulary:			
• Revise a draft of a story that they have written.	• Create	Revise		
• Revise an assignment based on feedback.	• Illustrate	• Write		
Proofread their writing.				
Resources:				
 Websites, articles, and other collections Goal Book Pathways]requires an account] (goalbookag <u>W.3.5 Revising Drafted Writing</u> Big Learners (biglearners.com) <u>W.3.5 Third Grade English Worksheets</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>W.3.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 	ed by planning, revising, and ed			
editing.		hen writing as needed by planning, revising, and		
 Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>W.3.5 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> 				
 <u>W.3.5 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, son</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemyless <u>W.3.5 Lesson Plan Templates</u> 				
 Teachers Pay Teachers (teacherspayteachers.com) <u>Writing Traits: Ideas and Details Brainstorming</u> 	<u>g Graphic Organizer</u> (free)			
• Activities				
0				
based on the ideas provided by peers and elaborating d	letails of existing information ((e.g., color, size, shape of and object, etc.)		

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- After writing about a favorite story and being directed by the teacher to look in the book for more details, ask the student to add additional facts.
- Ask the student to dictate a sentence for the teacher to write. When the teacher asks for clarification (e.g., "Tell me when that happened."), have the student dictate more to clarify.
- Allow the student to add information to a drawing with peer assistance.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Bo Tie Guy and Wife
 - What Does Good Writing Look Like Educational Video for Elementary Students in Writing Instruction
 - YouTube Video by Teaching Without Frills
 - Writing a Personal narrative: Editing for Kids
 - Editing Your Writing for Kids Video for Elementary Students
 - YouTube by Audra Kahne
 - <u>CUPS Editing</u>
 - <u>ARMS Revising</u>
 - YouTube by Mallory Unsell
 - Revising & Editing 101

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.3.6. With guidance and support from adults, uproduce writing while interacting and collaborating	0,	A.W.3.6.a Use technolog collaborating with others A.W.3.6.b A.W.3.6.c	gy to produce writing whil 3.	e interacting and
	I Can S	tatements		
MOST COMPLEX				LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.3.6.a (A) Use technology to produce writing while interacting and collaborating with others.	A.W.3.6.a (B) Use tech	hnology to produce writing.	A.W.3.6.a (C)Use technowriting.	ology to illustrate
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Explore tools for drawing, writing, and self-e	xpression.	Collaborating	• Produ	ıce
• Do homework on a computer.		• Desktop	• Smart	t Television
• Use Google Docs for group writing.		• iPad	• Techr	nology
• Enhance or emphasize text when writing (e.g italicized).	, fonts, bold,	• Laptop	• Write	
• Spell-check a document.				
 Insert clipart into documents. 				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
o Big Learners (biglearners.com)				
<u>W.3.6 Printable Worksheets</u>				
 Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org) Dictation 				
• <u>Dictation</u> • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
W.3.6 With guidance and sup-	port from adults use te	chnology to produce and pul	hlish writing (using keybog	arding skills) as well as
to interact and collaborate with		ennorsy to produce and pu	Shore writing (doing heybor	<u>a well as</u>
• Teach Thought (teachthought.com)				
 <u>10 Ideas for Using Technolog</u> 	<u>y to Teach Writing</u>			

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - W.3.6 With guidance and support from adults, use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
- o Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)
 - W.3.6 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>To Be a Drum Read by James Earl Jones Storyline Online</u>
- YouTube by USATestprep Channel
 - <u>Digital Tools</u>
- KQED [requires a free account] (kqed.org)
 - <u>18 Digital Tools and Strategies That Support Students' Reading and Writing</u>
- Goal Book Pathway (goalbookapp.com)
 - <u>W.3.6 Use Technology to Collaborate and Publish</u>
- Activities
 - Have the student use an alternative keyboard or standard keyboard to work with a peer to produce a collaborative writing project.
 - Using a talking word processor with word prediction software, have the student write words and phrases about himself or herself for inclusion in a class book.
 - Have the student use assistive technology to write back and forth with another student in a digital written conversation environment (e.g., e-mail, text message).
 - Allow the student to write using an alternative keyboard preprogrammed by the teacher with words and phrases to write a response to a book to publish in the class' book of book reviews.
 - Have the student work with an adult and word prediction software to select a letter on the keyboard, scan through the choices that are produced by the word prediction software and select a word to produce writing.
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - Videos ELA Writing Using Technology to Produce and Publish
 - YouTube by Cambridge English
 - Teach with digital using digital tools to improve writing
 - YouTube by Next Level Writing
 - <u>Top Five Tips for Editing Writing</u>
 - YouTube by Teaching without Frills
 - Writing a Personal Narrative: Publishing for Kids

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Standard			Performance Objectives	
A.W.3.7. With guidance and support, identify information about a topic for a research project.		A.W.3.7.a Identify information about a topic for a research project.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.3.7.a (A) Identify information about a topic A.W.3.7.a (B) Gather information about		formation about a topic	A.W.3.7.a (C) Explore one information source	
for a research project.	from one source for a g	roup research project.	while writing.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Research information about a topic of intere	est.	• Draw	• Research	
• Translate what is learned into text.		• Illustrate	• Share	
• Participate in group work.		• Locate	• Shared	
• Share information with others.		• Participate	• Write	
• Learn how to use research tools.		• Project		
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • W.3.7 Conduct short researce • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni) • Writing Lessons – Grade 3: 1 • Education.com [requires a free accord • W.3.7 Worksheets, Workbood • Teacher Vision [requires a free accord • 3rd Grade Writing Research • Share My Lesson [requires a free accord • W.3.7 Lesson Plan Template	ngmedia.org) <u>Research to Build and Pres</u> unt] (education.com) <u>oks, Lesson Plans, and Gar</u> unt] (teachervision.com) <u>Papers Activities Resource</u> count] (sharemylesson.com	<u>sent Knowledge</u> <u>mes</u> <u>es</u>		
activity.Have the student select the topic of	the research project and cl	hoose words or ideas to in	e of information to include in a group research clude. o identify one piece of information to include in	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Allow the student to select the topic of the research project, invite a peer to join in the research, gather three books on the selected topic from the library, read and listen to them together, and write one or two ideas learned.
- Given a premade set-up by the teacher on an alternative keyboard or onscreen keyboard, all the student to select words and pictures to add to a shared research and writing project.
- Given screen reading software that reads the text on a webpage, have the student work with peers to identify information to include in a group research project

- o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - How to Write a Research Paper for Kids | Episodes 1 5 Playlist
- YouTube by The EdTech Show with Dan Spada
 - <u>Teaching Students How to Research</u>
- YouTube by Siraj Raval
 - <u>How to Write a Research Paper</u>

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Standard	Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.W.3.8. Sort information on a topic or personal experience into two provided categories about each one.		A.W.3.8.a Sort information on a topic or personal experience into two provided categories about each one.		
I Can Statements				
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.3.8.a (A) Sort information on a topic or personal experience into two provided categories about each one.	A.W.3.8.a (B) Sort information into provided categories and label the categories.		A.W.3.8.a (C) Identify information related to a given topic and write about it.	
 Recall World Connections: Recall information from experiences to answ Write about experiences in the order in white Generate ideas through object writing. 	-	Vocabulary: • Category • Information • Label	Personal experienceSortTopic	
 sort evidence into provided of PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni) Writing Lessons – Grade 3: 1 Education.com [requires a free according with the exact of the exa	<u>categories.</u> ngmedia.org) <u>Research to Build and Pr</u> unt] (education.com) <u>oks, Lesson Plans, and G</u> unt] (teachervision.com) <u>Papers Activities Resour</u> ount] (sharemylesson.co <u>s</u> it of study about living the ng learned about each. wing reading or listening	<u>esent Knowledge</u> <u>ames</u> m) nings, have the student sep	d digital sources; take brief notes on sources and arate into piles the information about birds, fish, hnology to write one characteristic of each (e.g.,	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Give the student a list of adjectives that describe people, have the student sort them into words that are nice and not nice, then write a summary statement about one or both categories. (i.e., Nice people help. Bad people hurt others.).
- Videos
 - YouTube by Rock 2 the Core
 - <u>Categories Word Categories</u>
 - YouTube by hand2mind
 - <u>Sorting Words into Categories Literacy Lesson, Grade 1, Week 9, Day 3</u>
 - YouTube by AxelsonAcademy
 - <u>Categorizing</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Second Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Range of Writing

MOST COMPLEX A.W.3.10.a (A) Write routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences. A.W.3.10.a (B) variety of purpose Real World Connections: • Write name and date in classroom journal each day.	Can Statements Communicate routinely for a ses and audiences.	 LEAST COMPLEX A.W.3.10.a (C) Make comments during shared reading, which are written into a group
MOST COMPLEX A.W.3.10.a (A) Write routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences. A.W.3.10.a (B) variety of purpose Real World Connections: • Write name and date in classroom journal each day.	Communicate routinely for a ses and audiences.	A.W.3.10.a (C) Make comments during shared
 A.W.3.10.a (A) Write routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences. A.W.3.10.a (B) variety of purposes Real World Connections: Write name and date in classroom journal each day. 	ses and audiences.	A.W.3.10.a (C) Make comments during shared
tasks, purposes, and audiences. variety of purposes Real World Connections: • • Write name and date in classroom journal each day.	ses and audiences.	
• Write name and date in classroom journal each day.	Veeelerler	comments page.
Make a list of suppliesWrite their name on their personal items.	Vocabulary:AudiencesPurposesRoutinely	VarietyTasks
sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline • Twinkl - Official Education Partner BBC Children in 1	e-specific tasks, purposes, and au Need [subscription required] (twi ames and shorter time frames for and Present Knowledge m) and Games .com) Resources son.com) t a favorite activity to include in t	nkl.com) <u>r a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and</u> the home-school notebook.

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Range of Writing

- Have student write labels to go with a display for a group research project.
- Have the student engage in written dialogue with a classmate (e.g., instant messaging or passing paper notes).
- Videos
 - YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>How to Write for You Audience Writing Video for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by Ace Study Guides
 - <u>How to Create an Outline for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by Tony DeFilippo
 - <u>Writing with Your Audience in Mind</u>

Standard Performance Objectives		Performance Objectives		
A.SL.3.1. Engage in collaborative discussions.		 A.SL.3.1.a Engage in collaborative interactions about texts. A.SL.3.1.b Listen to others' ideas before responding. A.SL.3.1.c Indicate confusion or lack of understanding about information presented. A.SL.3.1.d Express ideas. 		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.3.1.a (A) Engage in collaborative interactions about texts.	A.SL.3.1.a (B) Provide at least one response in a collaborative discussion.		A.SL.3.1.a (C) Listen to a collaborative discussion.	
A.SL.3.1.b (A) Listen to others' ideas before responding.	A.SL.3.1.b (B) Provide a response after someone else has spoken.		A.SL.3.1.b (C) Provide non-verbal responses in a collaborative discussion.	
A.SL.3.1.c (A) Indicate confusion or lack of understanding about information presented.	A.SL.3.1.c (B) Tell a teacher when confused.		A.SL.3.1.c (C) Provide non-verbal indications of confusion.	
A.SL.3.1.d (A) Express ideas.	A.SL.3.1.d (B) Express an idea.		A.SL.3.1.d (C) Express an idea using non-verbal communication.	
 Real World Connections: Classroom discussions. Discussions with family and friends. Expressing a need or want to supportive ad 	ults.	Vocabulary: • Collaborate • Discussion • Idea	ListenRespondTogether	
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
 Edutopia (www.edutopia.org) <u>Teaching Your Students Ho</u> The Autism Helper (theautismhelper) 				
 The Autism Helper (theautismhelper.com) <u>Teaching Conversation Skills</u> 				
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>SL.3.1 Engage effectively in grade 3 topics and texts, built</u> 	<u>a range of collaborative di</u> lding on others' ideas and o		groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on <u>y.</u>	
• Education.com [requires a free acco	unt] (education.com)			

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Comprehension and Collaboration

- <u>SL.3.1 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u>
- o Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.1.a</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.1.b</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.1.c</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.1.d</u>
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>SL.3.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.</u>
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>SL.3.1 Lesson Plan Templates</u>

• Activities

- o Practice conversations with supportive adults in the school building.
- Tell about a special event.
- Have the student pick from choices to answer questions about key details presented in a story read aloud ("What did Jimmy want to do?") and follow by asking a question.
- Ask the student to select the picture symbol from an array to answer a question about a video clip the teacher shared with the class.

- YouTube by Jack Hartmann
 - Be a Whole Body Listener
- YouTube by Susan Jones Teaching
 - Speaking and Listening Skills for Kindergarten, First, and Second Grades
- YouTube by FCPS ISD Language Arts
 - <u>Focus Lesson on Talk Moves in First Grade</u>

Standard	Performance Objectives		
A.SL.3.2. Identify details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.		A.SL.3.2.a Collect details from a story read aloud.A.SL.3.2.b Recognize details from a story read aloud.	
I Can S	tatements		
MOST COMPLEX		► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.3.2.a (A) Collect details from a story read aloud. A.SL.3.2.a (B) Collect aloud.	a detail from a story read	A.SL.3.2.a (C) Recall a detail from a story read aloud.	
A.SL.3.2.b (A) Recognize details from a story read aloud.A.SL.3.2.b (B) Recognize read aloud.	nize a detail from a story	A.SL.3.2.b (C) Select a detail from a story read aloud.	
Real World Connections:	Vocabulary:		
Following oral directions.	• Aloud	• Read	
• Recall details of a story told by a classmate.	• Detail	• Recall	
• Recall conversations with a friend of family.	• Identify	• Story	
 Websites, articles, and other collections This is Not My Hat by Jon Klassen Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>SL.3.2 Determine the main ideas and supporting deta</u>formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>SL.3.2 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.2</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) <u>SL.3.2 Determine the main ideas and supporting deta</u>formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.co <u>SL.3.2 Lesson Plan Templates</u> Scholastic Parents (www.scholastic.com) <u>Timportant Questions to Ask Your Child During St</u> 	<u>iils of a text read aloud or in</u> m)	-	

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Comprehension and Collaboration

- Provide students with opportunities to hear stories or directions read aloud.
- Ask students questions after reading aloud.
- Share videos of read-a-louds and have students ask and answer questions about what they heard.
- After listening to a teacher explain a new topic, ask the student to answer a direct question about the topic and then have them ask a question.

- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>Asking and Answering Questions</u>
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Asking and Answering Questions Instructional Video</u>
- YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - Reading Ask and Answer Questions

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.SL.3.3. Ask or answer questions about the details provided by the speaker.		A.SL.3.3.a After listening to a speaker, ask questions about the topic. A.SL.3.3.b After listening to a speaker, respond to questions about the topic.		
		I Can S	tatements	
MOST COM	IPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
	A) After listening to a speaker, ask out the topic.	A.SL.3.3.a (B) After listening to a speaker, ask a question about the topic.		A.SL.3.3.a (C) After listening to a speaker, select a detail provided by the speaker
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A) After listening to a speaker, uestions about the topic.	A.SL.3.3.b (B) After l respond to a question	0 1	A.SL.3.3.b (C) After listening to a speaker, repeat the answer to a question about the topic.
Real World	Connections:		Vocabulary:	
	Listen to teachers, families, or friends talk about a topic.Engage in conversations with classmates.		AskAnswerDetailsListen	QuestionSpeakerTopic
Resources: • Websi o	tes, articles, and other collections Scholastic Parents (www.sholastic.co <u>7 Important Questions to A</u>		orv Time.	
0	Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org <u>Speaking and Listening in Co</u>	<u>z</u>)		
0	Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)	0	from a speaker, offering app	propriate elaboration and detail.
0	Education.com [requires a free acco <u>SL.3.3 Workbooks, Lesson I</u>	unt] (education.com)		
0	Nearpod [requires a free account] (n <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u>	ippi Standard W.K.2		
0		tions about information		propriate elaboration and detail.
0	Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>SL.3.3 Lesson Plan Templat</u>	3 (m)	

• Activities

- Provide students with opportunities to hear stories or directions read aloud.
- Ask questions after reading aloud.
- Share videos of read-a-louds and have students ask and answer questions about what they heard.

- YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - Reading Ask and Answer Questions
- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>Asking and Answering Questions</u>
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Asking and Answering Questions Instructional Video</u>

Standard]	Performance Objectives	
		A.SL.3.4.a Share a personal experience, story, or topic using multiple details.		
	I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.3.4.a (A) Share a personal experience, story, or topic using multiple details.	A.SL.3.4.a (B) Share a for topic using at least two	personal experience, story, vo details.	A.SL.3.4.a (C) Repeat a detail from a story or topic.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Sharing new information learned in a researc	ch project.	Experience	• Story	
• Telling friends about the weekend.	I ,	• Details	• Topic	
• Sharing a story.		• Share	1	
0				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
 Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org 	.)			
 <u>Visual Imagery</u> 				
 <u>Revisiting Read Alouds: Inst</u> 	ructional Strategies that E	ncourage Students' Engage	ement with Text	
o Edutopia (Edutopia.org)				
 Brain Movies: When Readers 		<u>lerstand It</u>		
 Nancy Bailey's Education Website (r 	5 5 7			
Helping Students with Self-E	1			
• LD Resources Foundations, Inc. (ww	0,			
• <u>How Art Therapy Helps Pec</u>	1 7 7	Autism		
 Firstcry Parenting (parenting firstcry <u>Tips for Encouraging Young</u> 	0,	11rr		
		<u>Dally</u>		
 Education.com [requires a free accouncil sector of the sect		mes		
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)		<u>11105</u>		
	ext tell a story or recount	t an experience with approx	priate facts and relevant, descriptive details,	
speaking clearly at an unders		e un experience with appio	place facts and following descriptive details,	
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni 				
0 (Papace	0 0/			

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- SL.3.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking clearly at an understandable pace.
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>W.3.4 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account] [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.4</u>

• Activities

- Have students retell a story read during class.
- Ask students to share a personal experience and provide as many details as they can remember.
- Have students draw a recollection of a personal experience and include as many details as possible.
- Set up Listening stations in which students can participate in shared listening to digital recordings of the teacher reading a complex informational text aloud, then have the student discuss with their peer the questions the teacher poses at the end of the recording.

- YouTube by The Balanced Literacy Diet
 - <u>Visualize It!: Improving Comprehension through Visualizing Comparisons</u>
- o Study.com (study.com)
 - <u>Clarifying While Reading: Lesson for Kids</u>
- YouTube by Ms. Walsh's 3rd Grade
 - How to Find the Main Idea and Key Details

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.SL.3.5. Create a multimedia presentation of a story or poem.		A.SL.3.5.a Create a presentation using more than one media to share a story or poem.A.SL.3.5.b Present a story or poem using more than one form of media.	
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.SL.3.5.a (A) Create a presentation using more than one media to share a story or poem.	A.SL.3.5.a (B) Create a one form of media to s	r presentation using at least hare a story or poem.	A.SL.3.5.a (C) Draw or otherwise describe a story or poem.
A.SL.3.5.b (A) Present a story or poem using more than one form of media.	A.SL.3.5.b (B) Present more at least one form		A.SL.3.5.b (C) Repeat details from a story or poem.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Share details of something learned.		• Create	• Present
• Retell a story to family or friends.		• Media	• Presentation
• Relay new information to others.		• Multimedia	• Story
		• Poem	
 <u>displays when appropriate</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free at <u>SL.3.5 Lesson Plan Templa</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 	org) oring Multimedia onsense.org) Presentations and Slideshow ningmedia.org) io recordings of stories or co emphasize or enhance co ccount] (sharemylesson.cor tes io recordings of stories or	poems that demonstrate flu ertain facts or details. n) poems that demonstrate flu	id reading at an understandable pace; add visual id reading at an understandable pace; add visual
• Education.com [requires a free acc		in the of the	
 <u>SL.3.5 Workbooks</u>, Lesson 	/		
• Nearpod [requires a free account] (
nge 80			29 Jun 21

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.5
- Activities
 - Have students present using PowerPoint or other multimedia presentation software.
 - Ask students to bring collectables or souvenirs to share as part of an oral presentation.
- Videos
 - YouTube by athenan98
 - How to Create a Simple Student PowerPoint Presentation
 - o YouTube by Wanna Know
 - <u>Power Point Tutorial for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by l8ybugmom
 - <u>How to Create a PowerPoint Presentation</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.SL.3.6. Combine words for effective communication to clarify thoughts, feelings, and ideas in various contexts.		A.SL.3.6.a Describe thoughts, feelings, and ideas with multiple words.		
	I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.3.6.a (A) Describe thoughts, feelings, and ideas with multiple words.	A.SL.3.6.a (B) Described ideas with at least two w		A.SL.3.6.a (C) Relate thoughts, feelings, and ideas with non-verbal communication.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Express feelings of hunger, pain, thirst, or a	nother need.	• Clarify	• Ideas	
• Share feelings on a given topic.		Communication	• Thoughts	
• Convey emotions to a supportive adult.		 Feelings 		
• Share ideas with classmates.		0		
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Nancy Bailey's Education Website (r • Helping Students with Self-E • LD Resources Foundations, Inc. (wv • How Art Therapy Helps Peo • Firstcry Parenting (parenting.firstcry. • Tips for Encouraging Young • Teacher Boards (teacherboards.co.ul • Classroom Activities to Help • Sunshine House Early Learning Acad • 5 Ways to Help Your Childred • Mom Junction (momjunction.com) • 10 Interesting Communication • SL.3.6 Speak in complete ser • Share My Lesson [requires a free acc • SL.3.6 Lesson Plan Template • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)	Expression vw.ldrfa.org) ple with ADHD, LD, and com) Children to Express Verl Children Express Thems demy (sunshinehouse.com en Express Themselves on Activities and Games for ngmedia.org) itences when appropriate ount] (sharemylesson.com	<u>oally</u> elves n) or Kids to task and situation in ord	ler to provide requested detail or clarification.	

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- SL.3.6 Speak in complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification.
- Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) SL.3.6 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.3.6

Activities

- The teacher prompts by saying to the student, "You look happy. Why are you happy?," the student says, "I like cookie!"
- Have the student practice good communication habits by greeting people before initiating a conversation. A warm smile and polite tone Ο can strike the right note. For example, when the student meets someone, guide them to smile, and say, "Hello, how are you?" or "Hi, it's been a long time since we met. Hope you are well!"
- Teach you student to never leave a conversation without reaching a closure. Doing so shows your interest and respect towards the conversation that happened. You student can watch non-verbal cues such as - acting distracted, packing up things, standing up when they were previously sitting, as indicators that it is time for their conversation to reach closure.

Videos

- Read Write Think (readwritethink.org)
 - Students as Creators: Exploring Multimedia
- o Common Sense Education (commonsense.org)
 - Best Classroom Tools for Presentations and Slideshows

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.3.1. Demonstrate standard English grammar and usage when communicating.		 A.L.3.1.a Uses noun + verb, noun + adjective, and subject + verb + object combinations in communication. A.L.3.1.b Use regular plural nouns in communication. A.L.3.1.c Not applicable A.L.3.1.d Use present and past tense verbs. A.L.3.1.e Not applicable A.L.3.1.f Not applicable A.L.3.1.g Use common adjectives. A.L.3.1.h Not applicable A.L.3.1.i Ask simple questions. 	
I Can Sta	itements		
		→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.L.3.1.a (B) Use noun + verb , noun + adjective spontaneously when speaking.		A.L.3.1.a (C) Use noun + verb spontaneously when speaking.	
		A.L.3.1.b (C) Select the correct regular plural noun when given two choices.	
A.L.3.1.d (B) 3. Use pre- when communicating.	esent tense verbs correctly	A.L.3.1.d (C) 2. Select a picture that matches a present tense verb given.	
0 ()	/	A.L.3.1.g (C) Select the common adjective when given two choices.	
A.L.3.1.i (B) Use my we	ords to ask for something.	A.L.3.1.i (C) Use two or more words or gesture to ask for something.	
lvertisements. and speaking). nent.	Vocabulary: • Common adjective • English grammar • Usage • Noun • Past tense	es Plural noun Present tense Question Subject Verb	
	I Can Sta A.L.3.1.a (B) Use noun spontaneously when spe A.L.3.1.b (B) Choose the noun when given three A.L.3.1.d (B) 3. Use pre- when communicating. A.L.3.1.g (B) Choose the when given three choice A.L.3.1.i (B) Use my we dvertisements. and speaking).	and usage whenA.L.3.1.a Uses noun + vobject combinations in or object combinations in or A.L.3.1.b Use regular pleaded A.L.3.1.c Not applicable A.L.3.1.d Use present at A.L.3.1.f Not applicable A.L.3.1.g Use common A.L.3.1.h Not applicable A.L.3.1.h Not applicable A.L.3.1.g (B) Choose the correct regular plural noun when given three choices.A.L.3.1.g (B) Choose the correct regular plural noun when given three choices.A.L.3.1.g (B) Choose the common adjective when given three choices.A.L.3.1.i (B) Use my words to ask for something.Vocabulary: • Common adjective • English grammar • Usage • Noun	

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

- Websites, articles, and other collections
 - Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)
 - L.3.1.a Explain the function of nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs in general and their functions in particular sentences.
 - L.3.1.b Form and use regular and irregular plural nouns.
 - L.3.1.d Form and use regular and irregular verbs.
 - L.3.1.g Form and use comparative and superlative adjectives and adverbs and choose between them depending on what is to be modified.
 - L.3.1.i Produce simple, compound, and complex sentences.
 - Education.com (education.com)
 - L.3.1.a Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.3.1.b Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.3.1.d Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.3.1.g Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.3.1.i Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - o Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - L.3.1.a Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.1.b Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.1.d Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.1.g Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.1.i Lesson Plans Templates
 - Turtle Diary (turtlediary.com)
 - L.3.1.a Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
 - L.3.1.b Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
 - L.3.1.d Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
 - <u>L.3.1.g Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes</u>
 - L.3.1.i Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
 - o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Write along for 3rd grade L.3.1
 - o IXL (ixl.com)
 - L.3.1 ELA Online Practice
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.3.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

- o Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.1.a
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.1.b</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.1.d</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.1.g</u>
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.1.i
- Activities
 - Have the student practice using noun + verb, noun + adjective, and subject + verb + object combinations in utterances that are four words and longer (e.g., "Car go fast." "Mom works." "Big, red, car", etc.).
 - Have the student identify common nouns and verbs in symbolic form by pointing to symbols provided by the teacher to identify activity (e.g., When asked, "What do you want to do?" and provided with symbols for possible choices, the student points to the symbol for "drink.").
 - Have the student practice using regular plural nouns (e.g., Say "dogs" when the teacher shows picture and says, "If this is one dog, these are two . . ."
 - Ask questions to allow the student to practice using present and past tense verbs with matching nouns (e.g., The teacher asks, "What did you do?" and the student says, "Watched TV.").
 - Have the student ask questions in simple complete sentences (e.g., "Who is she?").
- Videos
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.3.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
 - You Tube by Jacy Campbell
 - Third Grade English (Language) New York Conventions of Standard English No. (1) Identify Nouns
 - o YouTube by Vito Sandell
 - <u>Grammar Parts of Speech Common Core Standards ELA Nouns Verbs Adjectives Learn English K6e</u>
 - <u>Grammar Adjectives Common Core Standards ELA Learn English K6eLearning</u>
 - YouTube by Homeschool Pop
 - Language Arts Learning Videos for Kids | Nouns, Verbs and More!

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.3.2. Demonstrate an understanding of conventions of standard English.		 A.L.3.2.a Capitalize the first letter of appropriate words and titles (e.g., Dr., Mrs., Ms., Mr.). A.L.3.2.b During shared writing, indicate the need to add a punctuation at the end of a sentence. A.L.3.2.c Use commas in a series of words. A.L.3.2.d Introduce possessive nouns and pronouns. A.L.3.2.e Use resources as needed to spell common high-frequency words accurately. A.L.3.2.f Use spelling patterns in familiar words with common spelling patterns to spell words with the same spelling pattern. A.L.3.2.g Consult print in the environment to support reading and spelling. 	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.3.2.a (A) Capitalize the first letter of appropriate words and titles (e.g., Dr., Mrs., Ms., Mr.).	A.L.3.2.a (B) Capitalize the first letter of a familiar place (i.e., Given the name of their street, replace lowercase letter with capital letter on the street name).		A.L.3.2.a (C) Capitalize first letter of own name.
A.L.3.2.b (A) During shared writing, indicate the need to add a punctuation at the end of a sentence.	A.L.3.2.b (B) Given a writing sample, identify punctuation at the end of sentences.		A.L.3.2.b (C) Point to the punctuation at the end of a sentence.
A.L.3.2.c (A) Use commas in a series of words.	A.L.3.2.c (B) Given a w commas in a series of w		A.L.3.2.c (C) Point to a comma in a series of words.
A.L.3.2.d (A) Introduce possessive nouns and pronouns.	A.L.3.2.d (B) Identify p pronouns.	ossessive nouns or	A.L.3.2.d (C) Identify a possessive pronoun.
A.L.3.2.e (A) Use resources as needed to spell common high-frequency words accurately.	A.L.3.2.e (B)Use resources as needed to spell single-syllable words accurately when writing (e.g., Spell words from Dolch lists and/or Frye lists used in own writing, etc.).		A.L.3.2.e (C) Identify the letters in high frequency words.
A.L.3.2.f (A) Use spelling patterns in familiar words with common spelling patterns to spell words with the same spelling pattern.	1 01	ord that represents a n in single-syllable words .), use the word to spell a	A.L.3.2.f (C) Sort words with two different spelling patterns into the correct column or pile (i.e., One column has the word, can, and the

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

	word that shares the spelling pattern (e.g., can, hop, tin, etc.).		other pile has the word, hid. The student sorts cards with words such as man, fan, ran, tan, kic lid, hid, and did into the appropriate column).	
A.L.3.2.g (A) Consult print in the environment to support reading and spelling.	A.L.3.2.g (B) Identify print and signs in the environment.		A.L.3.2.g (C) Identify signs in the environmen	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Read labels when shopping		Capitalize	Possessive noun	
• Communicate more effectively.		• Commas	Possessive pronoun	
• Read a map.		 Conventions 	• Print	
• Understand the meaning of a written docum	nent.	• Dr.	Punctuation	
Produce writing.		• Environment	• Series	
• Spell frequently used words accurately.		• High-frequency w	vords • Signs	
• Write down their home address correctly.		• Mr.	 Spelling patterns 	
		• Mrs.	Standard English	
		• Ms.	• Titles	

- Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)
 - L.3.2.a Capitalize appropriate words in titles
 - L.3.2.d Form and use possessives.Education.com (education.com)
 - L.3.2.e Use conventional spelling for high-frequency and other studied words and for adding suffixes to base words (e.g., sitting, smiled, cries, happiness).
 - <u>L.3.2.f Use spelling patterns and generalizations (e.g., word families, position-based spellings, syllable patterns, ending rules, meaningful word parts) in writing words.</u>
 - <u>L.3.2.g Consult reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spellings.</u>

• Education.com (education.com)

- L.3.2.a Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- L.3.2.b Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- L.3.2.c Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- L.3.2.d Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- L.3.2.e Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- L.3.2.f Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

- L.3.2.g Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - L.3.2.a Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.2.b Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.2.c Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.2.d Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.2.e Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.2.f Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.2.g Lesson Plans Templates
- Turtle Diary (turtlediary.com)
 - L.3.2.b Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
 - L.3.2.c Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
 - L.3.2.d Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
- o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Instructional Video Use a comma to show dialogue
 - Instructional Video Write titles correctly by knowing which words to capitalize
- o IXL (ixl.com)
 - L.3.2 ELA Online Practice
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.3.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.2.c</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.2.d</u>
- Activities
 - Give the student the name of familiar holidays and ask them to change the lowercase letter with capital letters on the holiday name.
 - Give the student the name of the street he or she lives on and ask him or her to replace the lowercase letter with capital letters on the street name.
 - Provide the student with frequently used words and ask them to identify letter names in the familiar words.
 - o Prepare cards with words with common spelling patterns and have the student match the cards (e.g., man/can, stop/hop, pin/tin, etc.).
 - Go on a nature walk and have the student identify print and signs in the environment.
- Videos
 - You Tube by Jacy Campbell
 - <u>Third Grade English (Language)</u> New York Conventions of Standard English No. (1) Identify Nouns.

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

- YouTube by Melanie LiCausi
 - How to Assess the Language 3.2 Conventions standard for Third Graders
- YouTube by Homeschool Pop
 - <u>Capitalization Rules | Classroom Language Arts Video</u>
- YouTube by TED-Ed
 - Does grammar matter?
- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - L.3.2 Videos and Practice Questions

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

Standard			Performance Objectives		
A.L.3.3. Use language to achieve desired outcomes when communicating.		A.L.3.3.a Use language to make simple requests, comment, or share information.A.L.3.3.b Not applicable			
	I Can Sta	tements			
MOST COMPLEX				→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.L.3.3.a (A) Use language to make simple requests, comment, or share information.	A.L.3.3.a (B) Use langurequests or share inform		A.L.3.3.a (C) Use request.	language to make a simple	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
• Ask questions to provide specific information	on	• Comment	•	Outcome	
• Describe things, people, and ideas,		Communicating	•	Request	
• Inform or persuade others.		 Desired 	•	Share	
• Entertain others.		• Information	•	Simple	
• Report sensory information one has taken in	1.	• Language			
• Draw conclusions based on experiences.					
Resources:					
• Websites, articles, and other collections					
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)					
 L.3.3.a Choose words and phrases for effect. 					
• Education.com (education.com)	-l- I Dl l C-				
 <u>L.3.3.a Worksheets, Workbo</u> O Share My Lesson [requires a free acc 					
 Share My Lesson [requires a free acc L.3.3.a Lesson Plans Templa 	3 、)			
• LearnZillion [requires a free account					
Use descriptive adjectives] ()				
• Use strong verbs					
o IXL (ixl.com)					
 L.3.3 ELA Online Practice 					
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni 	8				
 <u>L.3.3 Use knowledge of lang</u> 	uage and its conventions v	vhen writing, speaking, rea	<u>ding, or listening.</u>		
• Activities					

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

- Have the student use language to make simple requests and to respond to requests from others.
- Make requests and have the student respond to them.
- o Develop picture and word cards and have the student match two or more words represented in each picture card.
- Draw the student's attention to something happening outside and encourage them to use words to describe what is happening (e.g., hot outside, stop, go, etc.)

- YouTube by Abderrahim Lait: English Mogador
 - Language Functions | Making and Responding to Requests
- YouTube by American English
 - Modal Verbs: making Requests
- YouTube by Englishing
 - Making INFORMAL or FORMAL requests & permission / MODAL VERBS (Can I, May I, Could we....)

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.L.3.4. Demonstrate knowledge of word meaning	ngs.	from a sentence read alo A.L.3.4.b Identify the te (e.g., -ing, -ed) are addec A.L.3.4.c Introduce roo	emporal meaning of words when common affixes l to common verbs.
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.3.4.a (A) Use sentence level context to determine what word is missing from a sentence read aloud.	A.L.3.4.a (B) Choose the missing word to complete the sentence when given three choices during a read aloud.		A.L.3.4.a (C) Point to the missing word in a sentence from two choices during a read aloud.
A.L.3.4.b (A) Identify the temporal meaning of words when common affixes (e.g., -ing, -ed) are added to common verbs.	A.L.3.4.b (B) Add <i>-ing</i> to a verb to show it is occurring now.		A.L.3.4.b (C) Repeat a verb with <i>-ing</i> to show it is happening now.
A.L.3.4.c (A) Introduce root words.	A.L.3.4.c (B)Select a known a root word from examples that matches an unknown word with the same root (i.e., company, companion)		A.L.3.4.c (C) Select an example of a root word.
A.L.3.4.d (A) Demonstrate resources to find meaning of unknown words.	A.L.3.4.d (B) Use a glossary or beginning dictionary, print or digital, to find the meaning of two unknown words.		A.L.3.4.d (C)Use a glossary, print or digital, to find the meaning of a unknown word.
 Real World Connections: Talk about things in the world. Read and follow instructions. Express thoughts and feelings. Read for pleasure. Read for information. Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections CPALMS Florida State University (or LAFS.3.L.3.4 Related Resources) 	1 0/	Vocabulary:Common affixesCommon verbsMeaningRoot words	ResourcesSentence level contextTemporal meaning

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)
 - L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- Lumos Learning (lumoslearning.com)
 - ELA 3.4 Determine the Meaning of Words in a Text Free Educational videos for Students in k-12
- Education.com (education.com)
 - L.3.4.a Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.3.4.b Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.3.4.c Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.3.4.d Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - L.3.4.a Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.4.b Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.4.c Lesson Plans Templates
 - L.3.4.d Lesson Plans Templates
- Turtle Diary (turtlediary.com)
 - L.3.4.b Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
 - L.3.4.c Games, Videos, Lessons, Worksheets, and Quizzes
- LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Grade 3 1 Why Washington, D.C.?
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.4.a</u>
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.4.b
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.4.c</u>
- Activities
 - Have the student share comments about things that happened over the weekend. When share make sure that the accurately report that he or she *went* shopping or the he or she *shopped* on the weekend.
 - Encourage the student to share examples of things that happened yesterday or things that are happening today or things that are happening tomorrow to reinforce the concepts.
- Videos
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- eSpark Learning: Unknown Words Instructional Video L.3.4
- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Florida Grade 3 Reading Language Context Clues L.3.4
 - Florida Grade 3 Reading Language Prefixes and Suffixes Part 1 & 2 L.3.4

• YouTube by Jennifer Coldren

L.3.4.a Context Clues

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.3.5. Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and use.		 A.L.3.5.a Determine the meaning of words and phrases in context. Use sentence level context to determine what word is missing from a sentence read aloud. A.L.3.5.b Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g. happy: "I am happy."). A.L.3.5.c Identify words that describe personal emotional states. 	
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.3.5.a (A) Determine the meaning of words and phrases in context.	A.L.3.5.a (B)Choose the real meaning of words and phrases in a text from three choices.		A.L.3.5.a (C) Point to the real meaning of a word or phrase in a text from two choices.
A.L.3.5.b (A) Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., happy: "I am happy.").	A.L.3.5.b (B) Choose a picture to tell the meaning of a word.		A.L.3.5.b (C) Match a picture to a picture that shows the meaning of a word.
A.L.3.5.c (A) Identify words that describe personal emotional states.	A.L.3.5.c (B) Choose a emotion from three cho		A.L.3.5.c (C) Match a picture or word to a given emotion from two choices.
 Real World Connections: Make comparisons of things. Sequence events that happen in life. Making real life connections to stories read in Explains things and events based upon varied 	ppen in life. ions to stories read in class.		Real-life connectionsSentence level contextWords
	rces and nonliteral meanings of nections between words ar meaning among related w rondered).	nd their use (e.g., describe <u>p</u> vords that describe states o	ntext (e.g., take steps). people who are friendly or helpful). of mind or degrees of certainty (e.g., knew,

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- L.3.5.a Lesson Plan Templates
- L.3.5.b Lesson Plan Templates
- L.3.5.c Lesson Plan Templates
- o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Grade 3 1 Why Washington, D.C.?
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.3.5 Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.5.a</u>
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.3.5.b
- o Education.com (education.com)
 - L.3.6 Worksheets
- o English Worksheets Land (englishworksheetsland.com)
 - Words We Use in a Conversation Worksheets Related ELA Standard: L.3.6
- Activities
 - Have the student use feeling words to describe reactions to real-life experiences (i.e., The teacher asks, "What makes you frustrated?")
 - Show the student pictures of different emotional states and ask them to use words to describe each picture (e.g., happy, sad, mad, glad, etc.)
- Videos
 - o Study.com (study.com)
 - <u>Making Real-Life Connections Between Words & Their Use: Lesson for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>eSpark Learning: Word Relationships Instructional Video (3.L.5a)</u>
 - YouTube by Cheyenne Thorton
 - <u>Word Relationships (Figurative Language)</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Third Grade DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard		Performance Objectives		
		A.L.3.6.a Use words that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., behind, under, after, soon, next, later).		
	I Can S	tatements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.L.3.6.a (A) Use words that signal spatial and temporal relationships (e.g., behind, under, after, soon, next, later).		vord to name a spatial or when shown a picture (e.g., poon, next, later.)	A.L.3.6.a (C)Match a word to name a spatial relationship when shown a picture (e.g., behind under, below, etc.).	
Real World Connections:	World Connections: Vocabulary:			
• Use maps to comprehend spatial relationship	ps.	• After	• Next	
• Relate where you live to nearby towns and/	or cities.	• Before	• Soon	
• Add words or phrases to their writing to con	nnect ideas.	Behind	Spatial relationship	
• Comprehend sequence of events.		• Below	Temporal relationship	
		• Later	• Under	
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)	ately grade-appropriate c patial and temporal relation tely grade-appropriate co	onships (e.g., After dinner th	mic, and domain-specific words and phrases, at night we went looking for them). nic, and domain-specific words and phrases,	
<u>including those that signal sp</u> • Wisewire (wisewire.com)	I		at night we went looking for them).	
 including those that signal sp Wisewire (wisewire.com) <u>Grade 3 Playlist: Words Tha</u> LearnZillion [requires a free account 	<u>t Signal Time and Space</u>] (learnzillion.com)	onships (e.g., After dinner th	at night we went looking for them).	
 <u>including those that signal sp</u> Wisewire (wisewire.com) <u>Grade 3 Playlist: Words Tha</u> 	<u>t Signal Time and Space</u>] (learnzillion.com)	onships (e.g., After dinner th	at night we went looking for them).	
 including those that signal sp Wisewire (wisewire.com) <u>Grade 3 Playlist: Words Tha</u> CearnZillion [requires a free account <u>Use temporal words to signa</u> Activities 	t <u>Signal Time and Space</u> [] (learnzillion.com) [] the order of events in a	onships (e.g., After dinner th narrative story	at night we went looking for them).	
 including those that signal sp Wisewire (wisewire.com) Grade 3 Playlist: Words Tha LearnZillion [requires a free account Use temporal words to signa Activities Ask questions that solicit responses "Behind the couch.". 	<u>t Signal Time and Space</u> [] (learnzillion.com) <u>1 the order of events in a</u> concerning spatial relatio	onships (e.g., After dinner th narrative story onships (e.g., The teacher ask		

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- student responds, "Later".
- Play a game of put in and take out. Ask the student to take a counting cube out of the box ("i.e., Take one out."). Then ask the student to put a counting cube in the box (i.e., "Put it in.")
- Videos
 - o YouTube by MrWhitesRaps
 - <u>Temporal Words Rap Lyric Video</u>
 - YouTube by Lizzie Radtke
 - <u>461 Transition Words Powtoon</u>
 - o Study.com (study.com)
 - <u>Using Words & Phrases to Signal Spatial & Temporal Relationships: Lesson for Kids</u>

Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade

Standard			Performance Objectives				
A.RL.4.1. Use details from the text to recount what the text says.		A.RL.4.1.a Use details from text to recount specific aspects of either the characters, setting, events, or conflicts.					
I Can Statements							
MOST COMPLEX LEAST COMPLEX							
A.RL.4.1.a (A) Use details from text to recount specific aspects of either the characters, setting, events, or conflicts.		nt a portion of the text.	A.RL.4.1.a (C) Identify a detail from the text.				
 Real World Connections: Summarize text. Link the meanings of words to the actions of characters in a text. Use characters' emotions to better under the characters in a text. Develop storytelling skills. 		 Vocabulary: Actions Character Close reading Conflict Details Events 	 Examples Infer Inferences Meaning Questioning Setting 				
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections							
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RL.4.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.</u> 							
 Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>RL.4.1 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> 							
 LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com) Day 1: The Legend of Keesh 							
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RL.4.1 							
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) <u>RL.4.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.</u> 							
 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) <u>RL.4.1 Lesson Plans Templates</u> 							

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

- TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - <u>RL.4.1 Words with Friends Futurefit Project</u>

• Activities

- After reading or listening to a text, ask the student to recount the story referring to details in the text without looking back at the text or other supports.
- Before the teacher begins a shared reading of a familiar text, ask the students to tell what they remember about the book and have them recount the text including specific details.
- Provide the student with a picture or verbal choices and ask the student to select correct details from the story and use those details in recounting the text.
- With the text projected on an interactive whiteboard, ask the student to underline details, and then use those underlined details in recounting the text.
- Have the student use sticky-note tags to identify details in text and use those tagged to recount the text.

- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Framing Video (RL.4.1)
- YouTube by Curriculet Instructional Videos
 - <u>Making Inferences</u>
- YouTube by Tiffani Chandler
 - Anchor Chart Review
- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - New York Grade 4 Reading Reading: Literature Drawing Inferences in Literature RL.4.1

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

Standard		Performance Objectives			
A.RL.4.2 Identify the central idea of a familiar story, drama or poem.		A.RL.4.2.a Identify the central idea of a familiar story, drama, or poem.			
	I Can St	atements			
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX		
A.RL.4.2.a (A) Identify the central idea of a	A.RL.4.2.a (B) Identif	y an event from a familiar	A.RL.4.2.a (C) Identify a word from a familiar		
familiar story, drama, or poem.	story, drama, or poem.		story, drama, or poem.		
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
• Suggest a book to a peer.		Central idea	Key details		
• Use the moral of a story to guide personal d	ecisions.	• Determine	• Lesson		
• Select reading material from a variety of gen		• Drama	• Moral		
		 Events 	non		
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RL.4.2 Determine a theme o • Education.com [requires a free accom • RL.4.2 Workbooks, Lesson I • K6edu (k6edu.com)	unt] (education.com)	n from details in the text; su	mmarize the text.		
 <u>Comprehension Table</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (r <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni <u>RL.4.2 Central Idea</u> 	sippi RL.4.2				
 Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>RL.4.2 Determine a theme o</u> TeacherVision [requires a free accoudth Grade Reading and Literature Response) 	<u>f a story, drama, or poem</u> nt] (teachervision.com)		mmarize the text.		
• Activities	_				
• After determining the main idea, ask the student to identify the theme from an array of choices.					
• Give the student a story that teaches a lesson like "be kind" and ask the student to identify kind as the theme of the story.					
• After a shared reading, ask the stude	• After a shared reading, ask the students to state the main idea.				

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

- After hearing a text, ask the student to select an object or picture from choices that goes with the central idea.
- After reading or listening to a text, ask the student to point to a word from the text (e.g., After reading a story about cats, point to the word cat or representation of a cat.).

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - New York Grade 4 Reading Reading: Literature Determining Theme RL.4.2
- o YouTube by Sara Lewis
 - <u>RL.4.2 Using details to find the theme of a story & summarize a story.</u>
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Determining Theme Instructional Video (4.RL.2)
- YouTube by West Marion Elementary School
 - Those Shoes RL.4.2

DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

nts me of a character	from the text to describe characters in the story. LEAST COMPLEX A.RL.4.3.a (C) Identify details from a familiar
me of a character	
	A.RL.4.3.a (C) Identify details from a familiar
	story.
abulary:	
Actions Characters Climax Conflict Describe Dialogue Drama Event Feelings Hero	 In-depth Main character Minor character Plot Reactions Respond Setting Thoughts Turning point Villain
	ng on specific details in the text (e.g., a ng on specific details in the text (e.g., a
t	Climax Conflict Describe Dialogue Drama Event Feelings Hero

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>RL.4.3 Lesson Plans Templates</u>
- TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - <u>4th Grade Reading and Literature Resources</u>

• Activities

- Using details from a story, ask the student to create a character "wanted" poster with descriptors like *short, young, kind,* etc.
- Given the text projected on an interactive whiteboard, have the student underline details in the text that describe the specified character.
- Given a list of details from the story, ask the student to select the details that describe a character.
- Asked who is a character in a story, have the student identify the name of one of the characters in the story.
- Given two or more choices, ask the student to identify the detail that is from the familiar story.

- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - National Grade 4 Reading Reading: Literature Events RL.4.3
- YouTube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - <u>ELA Grade 4 RL.4.3 Describe Characters</u>
- o YouTube by Massachusetts DESE
 - <u>4th Grade Reading aligned to RL.4.3</u>
- o YouTube by bizauer
 - <u>RL.4.3 Character and Setting Analysis</u>
- YouTube by Nebo Elementary School
 - <u>RL.4.3 Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard A.RL.4.4 Determine the meaning of words in a text.		Performance Objectives A.RL.4.4.a Determine the meaning of words as they are used in a text.			
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX		
A.RL.4.4. (A) Determine the meaning of words as they are used in a text.			A.RL.4.4.a (C) Identify a picture, object, or other symbolic representation of a word from familiar text.		
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
• Learn new vocabulary words.		• Antonym	Interpret		
• Learn the meaning of new words.		Clarify	Meaning		
• Use context clues to determine the meaning of words.		Context clues	• Synonym		
• Improve reading comprehension.		Determine	Word choice		
		 Distinguish 			
 <u>RL.4.4 Workbooks, Lesson I</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (r <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning <u>RL.4.4 Determine the meaning characters found in mytholog</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free account] <u>RL.4.4 Lesson Plans Templa</u> 	nearpod.com) sippi Standard RL.4.4 ngmedia.org) ng of words and phrases <u>zy.</u> ount] (sharemylesson.com		ncluding those that allude to significant		
	I'eacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com) • 4 th Grade Reading and Literature Resources				
• Activities					
 Give the student two or more senter array of choices. 	nces with a word missing	, that have the student use	context to identify the missing word from an		
e 107			29-Jun-21		

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

- Give the student a word in context and ask them to find a Google image or another search engine to search for an image appropriate to the meaning of the word.
- Ask the student to identify the words in a text that provide clues that help determine the meaning of an unknown word and use them to determine the meaning.
- After reading a text, have the student create a picture of a word or character based on descriptions in the text.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Using Context Clues to Find the Meaning of Words Instructional Video (4.RL.4)</u>
 - YouTube by PGSD Schools
 - ELA Grade 4 RI 4 3 Technical Texts
 - YouTube by Artistic Educator
 - How to structure whole group using novels (4th Grade Novel Based Whole Group Reading Lesson) RL.4.4

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.4.5 Identify elements in a story (e.g., charact	ters, settings, plot, etc.).	A.RL.4.5.a Identify the story.	characters, setting, plot, and theme of a familiar
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.4.5.a (A) Identify the characters, setting, plot, and theme of a familiar story.	A.RL.4.5.a (B) Identify familiar story (e.g., chara theme).	2 or more elements of a acters, setting, plot, or	A.RL.4.5.a (C) Identify an element of a familian story (e.g., characters, setting, plot, or theme).
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Write a story.		• Characters	• Setting
• Summarize events in a story in their own wo	ords.	 Descriptions 	• Story elements
• Use details to tell what happened in a story.		• Plot	• Theme
 rhythm, meter) and drama (e about a text. Education.com [requires a free accout <u>RL.4.5 Workbooks, Lesson I</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (r. <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> North Carolina Department of Publi <u>3-5 Choice Boards</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearnin <u>RL.4.5 Explain major differe</u> rhythm, meter) and drama (e <u>about a text.</u> 	.g., casts of characters, set ant] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> hearpod.com) <u>sippi Standard RL.4.5</u> ic Instruction (dpi.nc.gov) ngmedia.org) <u>nces between poems, drar</u> .g., casts of characters, set	ting descriptions, dialogue. na, and prose, and refer to tings, descriptions, dialogu	the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, , stage directions) when writing or speaking the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, ue, stage directions) when writing or speaking
 Share My Lesson [requires a free acc RL.4.5 Lesson Plans Templa 	J (J	1)	
• TeacherVision [requires a free accou			

- CONCEPT: Craft and Structure 4th Grade Readin
 - 4th Grade Reading and Literature Resources
 - Activities
 - Read the student a story and poem on the same topic (e.g., zebras), ask the student to describe how the poem and story are different.
 - Give the student a list of characteristics of the structure of a story and poem and have them match the right characteristics with an exemplar of each.
 - When presented with a text, ask the student to label it a poem or a story.
 - After reading a story and a poem, have the student identify each as a story or poem.
 - Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - New York Grade 4 Reading Reading: Literature Drama RL.4.5
 - New York Grade 4 Reading Reading: Literature Poetry RL.4.5
 - YouTube by Mind Blooming
 - Story Elements Part 1: Characters, Setting, and Events | English for Kids
 - <u>Story Elements Part 2: Problem and Solution | English for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by Swick's Classroom
 - <u>Story Elements Song | Character, Setting and Plot!</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.4.6 Identify the narrator of a story.		A.RL.4.6.a Identify the	narrator of a story.
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.4.6.a (A) Identify the narrator of a story.	A.RL.4.6.a (B) Identify person narratives.	the narrator in first-	A.RL.4.6.a (C) Identify the narrator in a familiar text with a single character who narrates the entire text.
 Real World Connections: Understand that when they talk about themse first-person. Understand that when they talk about someor talking third-person. Understand when the narrative is in first-person the story unfold through the eyes of the char Understand that others' points of view determant event. 	one else, they are usually son, they are watching racter.	Vocabulary:First-personNarrationNarrator	Point of viewThird-person
 and third-person narrations. Education.com [requires a free accou <u>RL.4.6 Workbooks, Lesson P</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (n <u>Resource Library for CCSS S</u> North Carolina Department of Public <u>3-5 Choice Boards</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning 	ant] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> earpod.com) <u>tandard RL.4.6</u> c Instruction (dpi.nc.gov) ngmedia.org)		narrated, including the difference between first-

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>RL.4.6 Lesson Plans Templates</u>
- TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - <u>4th Grade Reading and Literature Resources</u>.

• Activities

- Ask the student to identify is a story was told by the main character or by someone who was observing the main character.
- Given a choice of the characters in a first-person narrative, ask the student to accurately select the character who was the narrator.
- Give the student a book with a single character who narrates the entire text, then ask the student to identify that character from an array of choices.

- o YouTube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - <u>ELA Grade 4 RL.4.6 Comparing Points of View</u>
- YouTube by Nina Palazzolo
 - Point of View
- YouTube by Marion Elementary Marion, NC
 - 4th Grade Where the mountain meets the moon CH. 1-RL.4.6
- YouTube by bizauer
 - <u>RL.4.6 First Person Point of View</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.4.7 Make connections between the text reprand a visual, or oral version of a story.	resentation of a story	A.RL.4.7.a Compare an or oral presentation of t	nd contrast a text version of a story with a visual the same story.
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.4.7.a (A) Compare and contrast a text version of a story with a visual or oral representation of the same story.	A.RL.4.7.a (B) Match a with a visual or oral representation of the story.	5	A.RL.4.7.a (C) Communicate a preference for the text-based, visual, or oral presentation of a story.
 Learn that illustrations on the cover of a boomight be about. Use the text and illustrations to understand Realize that illustrations help deepen their u 	what they are reading.	 Compare Connections Contrast Descriptions Illustrations 	Oral presentationStoryVersionVisual presentation
 <u>each version reflects specific</u> Education.com [requires a free acco <u>RL.4.7 Workbooks, Lesson 1</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (r <u>Resource Library for Missis</u> North Carolina Department of Publ <u>3-5 Choice Boards</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning 	descriptions and direction unt] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> nearpod.com) <u>sippi Standard RL.4.7</u> ic Instruction (dpi.nc.gov) ngmedia.org) <u>tween the text of a story of</u>	<u>ns in the text.</u> or drama and a visual or or	ral presentation of the text, identifying where
 Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>RL.4.7 Lesson Plans Templa</u> TeacherVision [requires a free accouncil descent free accouncited accouncil descent free accouncil descent free accouncil de	:ount] (sharemylesson.com <u>tes</u>		

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- <u>4th Grade Reading and Literature Resources</u>
- Activities
 - After reading or listening to someone read a text-based version of a story, ask the student to identify one or more ways that the videobased version of the story is the same.
 - Show the student a video of a story that has been read to them, then ask them to indicate that the two are the same story.
 - After watching a video-based presentation of a familiar story, ask the student to select the matching text from an array of choices.
 - o After watching a play based on a familiar book, have the student indicate preference for the book or the play version.
- Videos
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Making Textual Connections Instructional Video (4.RL.7)
 - YouTube by bizauer
 - The Cat & the Old Rat
 - o YouTube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - <u>RL.4.7 Connecting Texts</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.4.9 Compare characters, settings, or events texts from different cultures.	in stories, myths, or	A.RL.4.9.a Compare ch texts from different cult	naracters, settings, or events in stories, myths, or cures.
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.4.9.a (A) Compare characters, settings, or events in stories, myths, or texts from different cultures.	A.RL.4.9.a (B) Identify stories.	a similar event in two	A.RL.4.9.a © Identify a story event.
 Real World Connections: Notice that stories written by the same auth elements. Select books written by a certain author. Learn that stories can address the same topic 		 Vocabulary: Author's purpose Compare Conflict Contrast Different cultures Genre 	Pattern of eventsPoint of viewQuest
 <u>(e.g., the quest) in stories, my</u> O Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 	<u>Plans, and Games</u> ngmedia.org) at the treatment of similar yths, and traditional literat	ure from different cultures	pposition of good and evil) and patterns of events
 <u>(e.g., the quest) in stories, my</u> O Share My Lesson [requires a free account) 	yths, and traditional literat	ure from different cultures	

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- RL.4.9 Lesson Plans Templates
- TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - <u>4th Grade Reading and Literature Resources</u>
- Activities
 - Have the student create a Venn diagram and include specific examples of the ways that two texts on the same topic are the same and different
 - Ask the student, "What is the same in the two stories from two cultural myths?"
 - After reading a story and making a list of the events in it, have the student read a second book and check off on the list the events that were the same and those that were different.
 - After a shared reading, have the student tell one thing that happened in both stories.
 - Give the student two pictures and ask the student to select the one that depicts an event from a familiar story after shared reading.
- Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - National Grade 4 Reading Reading: Literature Compare and Contrast Stories RL.4.9
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Comparing and Contrasting Elements Instructional Video (4.RL.9)
 - YouTube by PGSD Schools
 - <u>RL.4.9 Comparing Patterns of Events in Stories</u>
 - YouTube by Anna Kroon
 - <u>Cinderella in 5 Cultures</u>

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.4.10 Demonstrate an understanding of text in shared reading of stories, dramas, and poetry.	while actively engaging		ding comprehension strategies while actively ng of stories, dramas, and poetry.
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.4.10.a (A) Utilize comprehension strategies while actively engaged in shared reading of stories, dramas, and poetry.	A.RL.4.10.a (B) Focus text during shared readi poetry.	on comprehending the ng of stories, dramas, and	A.RL.4.10.a (C) Identify an event or character from a shared reading of a story, drama, or poetry.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Become more engaged and active learners. Feel successful because they are providing su Build sight word recognition. Know that authors write a variety of literary dramas, poetry). Read text from a variety of text genres. Choose books for independent reading. 		 Activate backgrou knowledge Ask questions Comprehension Determine import Dramas 	PoetryProficientlySynthesize
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RL.4.10 By the end of the yege complexity band proficiently • Education.com [requires a free account] • RL.4.10 Workbooks, Lesson • Nearpod [requires a free account] (r • Resource Library for Mississ • North Carolina Department of Public	with scaffolding as neede ant] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> nearpod.com) sippi Standard RL.4.10	ed at the high end of the ra	a, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4-5 text ange.

- <u>3-5 Choice Boards</u>
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - RL.4.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4–5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
- TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - <u>4th Grade Reading and Literature Resources</u>
- Activities
 - During a shared reading, have the student use a graphic organizer (i.e., Venn diagram) to identify key events in the stories by placing the descriptive words in the appropriate position on the graphic organizer.
 - Have the student identify similarities in the setting and place those similarities on a graphic organizer (i.e., Venn diagram). The diagram should illustrate similarities in the setting.
 - Have the student answer questions to express feelings about a character in the story and indicate why.
 - Have the student describe the setting in two stories and decide if they are the same or different.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Marisa Gaalema
 - 4th Grade Shared Reading Demo
 - o YouTube by Mindset Teach
 - <u>Shared Reading Using Poetry</u>
 - YouTube by The Balanced Literacy Diet
 - <u>Chicka, Chicka, Boom, Boom: Shared Reading in Kindergarten</u>
 - YouTube by ISD833
 - <u>Primary Shared Reading</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.4.1 Identify details in an informational text.		A.RI.4.1.a Identify det	ails in a familiar informational text.
	I Can St	atements	
	I Call St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.4.1.a (A) Identify details in a familiar	A.RI.4.1.a (B) Identify	a detail in a familiar	A.RI.4.1.a (C) Match a detail from a familiar
informational text.	informational text.		informational text to the text.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Use the index in the back of a book to find i	information about a	• Details	
topic.		• Evidence	
• Locate the beginning of a new chapter in a b	book.		
Understand that important words or phrases	s are bolded.		
• Find their size on a clothing tag.			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
RI.4.1 Refer to details and ex	amples in a text when ex	plaining what the text says	explicitly and when drawing inferences from the
<u>text.</u>			
• Education.com [requires a free account	3.		
 <u>RI.4.1 Workbooks</u>, Lesson P 	<u>Plans, and Games</u>		
o Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)			
 <u>RI.4.1 Curriculum Documen</u> 			
• Nearpod [requires a free account](ne			
Resource Library for Mississ	11		
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	
	<u>camples in a text when ex</u>	plaining what the text says	explicitly and when drawing inferences from the
<u>text (Lesson Plans).</u>	ount (also a constant of a con	-)	
 Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>RI.4.1 Lesson Plans Templat</u> 	3.	1)	
	<u>.es</u>		
 Big Learners (biglearners.com) <u>RI.4.1: Fourth Grade Englisi</u> 	h Language Arts Worksh	pete	
• Tutorified (tutorified.com)	II Language Tito WOIKSIN		

- RI.4.1 4th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets
- Activities
 - After reading text about a famous person in history, each student will write a letter posing as that famous person to someone who historically had an impact on his/her life. Students will make explicit references to the text within the details of their writing and will draw inferences based on their reading to determine what to write. NOTE: This should be modeled whole group before students are expected to do this independently or in pairs.
 - After reading about a person from history, students will work in pairs or groups to create an alternative history of what might have happened if this person had never been born. They must include explicit details and inferences from the text. They may present this as a reader's theater.
 - After reading about a region or a state, students write a Top Ten list of the most important attributes about the region/state. Students should defend their judgments with information from the text.

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - <u>Drawing Inferences from Text RI.4.1</u>
- YouTube by Engage^{ny}
 - Grade 4 ELA: Making Inferences Using Details and the Main Idea RI.4.1
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - RI.4.1 Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text (videos).

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.4.2 Identify the main idea of a text when it is	s explicitly stated.	A.RI.4.2.a Identify the explicitly stated.	main idea of an informational text when it is
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.4.2.a (A) Identify the main idea of an	A.RI.4.2.a (B) Identify	ideas in an informational	A.RI.4.2.a (C) Identify an idea in an
informational text when it is explicitly stated.	text when they are expli-	citly stated.	informational text when it is explicitly stated.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Find the main idea in the title of the book.		• Details	Key Details
• Locate certain items in the grocery store.		• Explicitly	Main Idea
• Understand that an "open" sign on a door n	neans that a business is	1 5	
open.			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
 <u>RI.4.2 Determine the main is</u> 	dea of a text and explain h	ow it is supported by key o	letails; summarize the text
• Education.com [requires a free acco			
 <u>RI.4.2 Workbooks</u>, Lesson F 	Plans, and Games		
 Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) 			
 <u>RI.4.2 Curriculum Documen</u> 			
• Nearpod [requires a free account](ne			
 <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> 	11		
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni 			
			letails; summarize the text (Lessons).
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc)	
 <u>RI.4.2 Lesson Plans Templat</u> 	tes		
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)			
RI.4.2: Fourth Grade English	<u>h Language Arts Workshe</u>	<u>ets</u>	
• Tutorified (tutorified.com)		_	
<u>RI.4.2 4th Grade Reading Co</u>	omprenension Worksheets	<u>5</u>	
Activities			

- Students use graphic organizers to identify the main idea and supporting details from a given text. After they complete the task, they meet with a partner or small group and discuss and compare their organizers. Next, they create an organizer together, based on information from all and their discussion. Finally, using the organizer, they write a brief summary of the text. Small group, partner
- After reading a selected text, students create a 3, 2, 1. They provide 3 key details, 2 supporting ideas and the 1 main idea. Partner or individual
- The teacher lists several statements that could be the main idea of the assigned text. Before reading, students predict which statement is the main idea and defend their choice. (Use white boards).Students then read the text and either keep their first choice or change to a different main idea, indicating it on their white board. Students will defend their choices with information from the text. Suggestion: include some key details that are in the story, but not the main idea. Small group

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Main Idea -RI.4.2
- o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Determining Main Idea Instructional Video
- YouTube by Bizaur
 - Main Idea and Details
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - RI.4.2 Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text (Videos).

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.4.3 Identify a detail that is related to an individual historical, scientific, or technical text.	idual, event, or idea in a	A.RI.4.3.a Identify a de in a historical, scientific,	etail that is related to an individual, event, or idea or technical text.
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.4.3.a (A) Identify a detail that is related to an individual, event, or idea in a historical, scientific, or technical text.	A.RI.4.3.a (B) Match a event, or idea in a histor technical text.	-	A.RI.4.3.a (C) Identify a detail in a historical, scientific, or technical text.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Draw a picture of an event in history.		• Details	 Individuals
• Put together a puzzle of the United States.		• Events	• Scientific
• Use illustrations in a book to identify leaves	collected in their yard.	• Historical	• Technical
		• Ideas	
 why, based on specific inform Education.com [requires a free accout <u>RI.4.3 Workbooks, Lesson P</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.4.3 Curriculum Document</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](net <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning) 	nation in the text. Int](education.com) lans, and Games. ts arpod.com) appi Standard RI.4.3 ngmedia.org) dures, ideas, or concepts in nation in the text (Lesson ount](sharemylesson.com) es	<u>n a historical, scientific, or</u> s <u>).</u>	technical text, including what happened and technical text, including what happened and

- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - <u>RI.4.3 4th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets</u>
- Activities
 - As students read a historical text, have them make notes on a bookmark that has the words what and why on it. After completing the reading, each student retells what occurred in the text, using only his/her bookmark as a reference. Partner, individual
 - Have students use a cause and effect chart to record events from a text about a scientific discovery. Students record events that occurred (effect) and the reason they occurred (cause). They may then share their chart with other students and defend their choices, based on information from the text. Small group, partner
 - Have students read a procedural text and then create a quick draw or doodle art showing through illustrations and words, the correct sequence to achieve the task. Students then explain their work to a partner or small group. Small group, partner

- YouTube by Grannie Frannie
 - <u>4th grade Historical Texts</u>
- YouTube by Gulfport School District
 - <u>ELA Grade RI.3.4 Historical Text</u>
- YouTube by Bookworm Bonny
 - <u>"A Picture Book of Benjamin Franklin" By David Adler</u>
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.4.3 Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text (Videos).</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives
A.RI.4.4 Determine meaning of words in text.	A.RI.4.4.a Determine th	ne meaning of words in an informational text.
I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX		► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.4.4.a (A) Determine the meaning of words A.RI.4.4.a (B) Match w		A.RI.4.4.a (C) Determine the meaning of a
in an informational text. informational text to the	eir meanings.	word in an informational text.
Real World Connections:	Vocabulary:	
• Place a game piece on the "start" position when playing a board	Context Clues	 Informational text
game.	Figurative Langua	ge • Text
• Find the exit in a building.		
• Avoid walking in an area with a yellow sign indicating that the floor		
may be slippery.		
Resources:		
• Websites, articles, and other collections		
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)		
 <u>RI.4.4 Determine the meaning of general academic an</u> 	d domain-specific words or	phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or
<u>subject area.</u>		
 Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) <u>RI.4.4 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games.</u> 		
• Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)		
 RI.4.4 Curriculum Documents 		
• Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)		
 Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RI.4.4 		
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 		
 <u>RI.4.4 Determine the meaning of general academic an</u> 	d domain-specific words or	phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or
subject area (Documents).		
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com	l)	
 <u>RI.4.4 Lesson Plans Templates</u> 		
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)		
<u>RI.4.4: Fourth Grade English Language Arts Workshe</u>	<u>eets</u>	
 Tutorified (tutorified.com) 		

- RI.4.4 4th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets
- Activities
 - List the two or three key terms the teacher wants to be certain students understand. Have students justify the answer by defining each word and verifying the information using the text.
 - Have students exchange their exit slip or word web and evaluate each other's work. Have students discuss their conclusions. Teachers listen for use of valid arguments and accurate understanding of the terms.
 - Have students take domain specific words from a science or social study lesson and design a visual dictionary with a brief definition and an illustration or a labeled diagram.
- Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Academic Words in Text RI.4.4
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Context Clues Instructional Video</u>
 - Learning: Unknown Words
 - YouTube by RHES Social Media
 - ELA 3.4 Determine the Meaning of Words in a Text
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.4.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area (Videos).</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.4.5 Identify elements that are characteristic of	of informational texts.	A.RI.4.5.a Identify elem	nents that are characteristic of informational texts.
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.4.5.a (A) Identify elements that are characteristic of informational texts.	A.RI.4.5.a (B) Identify characteristic of information		A.RI.4.5.a (C) Repeat elements that are characteristic of informational texts.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Locate bolded words to find answers to que	stions at the end of a	Characteristic	• Text Features
chapter in a textbook.		• Elements	Text Structure
• Use the table of contents to find a chapter in	n a book.		
• Look up a word in the dictionary.			
Resources:			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
		comparison, cause/effect,	problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or
information in a text or part			
 Education.com [requires a free according to the second seco			
• <u>KI.4.5 WORKDOOKS, Lesson F</u> • Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)	<u>Tans, and Games</u>		
 RI.4.5 Curriculum Documen 	nte		
• Nearpod [requires a free account](ne			
 Resource Library for Mississ 			
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc)	
 RI.4.5 Lesson Plans Templat 			
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)			
<u>RI.4.5: Fourth Grade Englis</u>	h Language Arts Workshe	<u>ets</u>	
• Tutorified (tutorified.com)			
 <u>RI.4.5 4th Grade Reading Co</u> 	omprehension Worksheets	<u>3</u>	
Activities			

- Have students read a social studies text and then describe how the information is organized. Next, have them evaluate if this was the best format for organizing the information (e.g., chronology, comparison). Finally, ask student to suggest an alternative structure and why it might be a better way to present the information.
- Have students read an informational text and identify the structure(s) present in the information. Then ask them to defend their choice with information from the text demonstrating understanding of the structure chosen and why it is not one of the other structures.
- Have a small group of students to read from a social studies/science text, and then, as a group, decide the organization of structure of the information and create a group chart/collage that shows the overall structure and includes information from the text.

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - <u>Text Organization RI.4.5</u>
- YouTube by Flocabulary
 - <u>The 5 Types of Text Structure</u>
- YouTube by Home School Helpers
 - <u>Analyzing Text Structures</u>
- Gulfport School District YouTube Channel (youtube.com/channel/UC_3QMKC5eEUrpBD_Sy3oJRA)
 - RI.3.5 Text Features in Informational Text, Part 1
 - RI.3.5 Text Features in Informational Text, Part 2
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.4.5 Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text (Video)</u>.

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.4.6 Compare one's own experience with a we experience.	ritten account of the	A.RI.4.6.a Identify a first	sthand account of an event.
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.4.6.a (A) Identify a firsthand account of an	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ze a firsthand account of	A.RI.4.6.a (C) Respond to a personal account
event.	something the students		of an event or topic.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Understand that reporters write about thing	s that have happened	• Firsthand	• Secondary
but most of the time they weren't there ther	nselves.	• Perspective	 Secondhand
• Write in a journal about their firsthand expe	eriences.	Point of View	• Source
• Differentiate between facts and opinions in	social media posts.	Primary Source	
 and the information provide Education.com [requires a free acco <u>RI.4.6 Workbooks, Lesson I</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.4.6 Curriculum Documer</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](ne <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning 	ed. unt](<u>education.com</u>) <u>Plans, and Games</u> <u>earpod.com</u>) <u>sippi Standard RI.4.6</u> ingmedia.org) <u>t a firsthand and secondha</u> <u>ed (Lessons).</u> <u>h Language Arts Workshe</u>	und account of the same ev ets	ent or topic; describe the differences in focus ent or topic; describe the differences in focus

- Have students read a historical text from the point of view of a participant and from the point of view of someone who was not
 present. Then have them create a Venn diagram showing how the two texts are alike and different. Ask the students to cite
 specific examples from the text as well as general observations regarding point of view and perspective.
- Have the students read a first-hand account of a scientific discovery and a secondhand informational article about the same discovery. They then will write a letter to the person who made the discovery, asking to verify the second writer's information. The students will notice the differences citing specific examples between the writer and the scientist's information.
- Using newspaper articles, television clips or internet clips from a recent news event, have the students compare descriptions of an event from the reporter and from the actual participants of the event. Have the students make a graphic organizer with the differences in information and focus. They can also speculate on the reasons for the differences.

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Firsthand and Secondhand Accounts RI.4.6
- Khan Academy (khanacademy.com)
 - <u>First and Secondhand Accounts</u>
- o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Comparing Firsthand and Secondhand Events</u>
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.4.6 Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided (Videos).</u>

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.4.7 Answer questions about information pr	esented visually or orally.	A.RI.4.7.a Answer ques orally.	stions about information presented visually or
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.4.7.a (A) Answer questions about information presented visually or orally.	A.RI.4.7.a (B) Identify a singular format (e.g., S choices to describe an il		A.RI.4.7.a (C) Identify information as being presented visually or orally.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Locate the exit in a building.		• Answers	Questions
• Use a legend to interpret a chart.		• Orally	• Visually
• Place an order at a restaurant.		• Presented	
	n presented visually, orally,		narts, graphs, diagrams, timelines, animations, or to an understanding of the text in which it
 Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RI.4.7 Interpret information interactive elements on Weiler appears.</u> Education.com [requires a free accoleration.com] <u>RI.4.7 Workbooks, Lesson</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.4.7 Curriculum Docume</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](r <u>Resource Library for Missis</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearr 	n presented visually, orally, b pages) and explain how th punt](<u>education.com</u>) <u>Plans, and Games</u> <u>nts</u> nearpod.com) <u>sippi Standard RI.4.7</u> ningmedia.org)	ne information contributes	to an understanding of the text in which it
 Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RI.4.7 Interpret information interactive elements on Weils appears.</u> Education.com [requires a free accole <u>RI.4.7 Workbooks, Lesson</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.4.7 Curriculum Docume</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](r <u>Resource Library for Missis</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearr <u>RI.4.7 Interpret information</u> 	n presented visually, orally, b pages) and explain how the punt](education.com) Plans, and Games nts hearpod.com) sippi Standard RI.4.7 hingmedia.org) n presented visually, orally, b pages) and explain how the count](sharemylesson.com)	or quantitatively (e.g., in ch ne information contributes	

- RI.4.7: Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - <u>RI.4.7 4th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets</u>
- Activities
 - Have students read a biographical representation about an individual such as Martin Luther King, Jr. The have students place events from the information on a timeline.
 - Create a comic strip that illustrates a sequence of events from an informational text. Include conversation bubbles to promote further understanding of the text.
 - Locate a website that gives directions both in a diagram/animation form and written words. Have the students compare the two forms and explain how the visual information helps with understanding.
- Videos
 - Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - <u>Interpreting Information Visually</u>
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Making Textual Connections</u>
 - <u>Using Illustrations to Understand Texts Instructional Video (3.RI.7)</u>
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.4.7 Interpret information presented visually, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, timelines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears (Videos)</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives			
A.RI.4.8 Identify one or more reasons supporting a specific point in an informational text.		A.RI.4.8.a Identify one or more reasons supporting a specific point in an informational text.			
I Can Statements					
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX		
A.RI.4.8.a (A) Identify one or more reasons supporting a specific point in an informational text.	A.RI.4.8.a (B) Identify one reason supporting a specific point in an informational text.		A.RI.4.8.a (C) Match supporting reasons to a specific point in an informational text.		
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
 Wash hands for 20 seconds after using the restroom to avoid spreading germs. Adhere to warning signs (e.g., beware of dog). Avoid walking in an area with a yellow sign indicating that the floor may be slippery. 		ArgumentEvidenceExplain	ReasonsSupporting details		
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RI.4.8Explain how an author • Education.com [requires a free accord • RI.4.8 Workbooks, Lesson F • Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org) • RI.4.8 Curriculum Document • Nearpod [requires a free account](net • Resource Library for Mississ • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni • Literacy.RI.4.8 Explain how • Big Learners (biglearners.com) • RI.4.8 4th Grade Reading Complexity	unt](<u>education.com</u>) <u>Plans, and Games</u> <u>earpod.com) ippi Standard RI.4.8</u> ngmedia.org) <u>an author uses reasons an</u> <u>h Language Arts Workshe</u>	d evidence to support part	<u>nts in a text.</u> icular points in a text (Lessons).		

- Activities
 - Have students read about a historical event or famous person. Then have them write a diary entry as someone who viewed the event using facts from the text or as the famous person, again using facts from the text to support a particular point. Students are evaluated on identifying point of view and evidence.
 - Have students read 2 conflicting viewpoints on a topic. Then have them take each viewpoint and list it at the top of a chart, then add evidence for each underneath. Finally, have them form their own conclusion, based on the evidence of the texts.
- Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Supporting Points RI.4.8
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Using Textual Evidence Instructional Video (4.RI.8)
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.4.8 Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text (Lessons)</u>.

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.4.9 Compare details presented in two texts on the same topic.		A.RI.4.9.a Compare details presented in two texts on the same topic.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.4.9.a (A) Compare details presented in two	A.RI.4.9.a (B) Compare	e details presented in an	A.RI.4.9.a (C) Identify details presented in an	
texts on the same topic.	informational text.		informational text.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Compare the table of contents of two books	to find information on	• Compare	• Details	
a topic.		Connection	Relationship	
• Find Mississippi on a wall map and in an atla	S.			
• Pick out the generic brand of a favorite cerea	ıl.			
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
		ne topic in order to write or	r speak about the subject knowledgeably.	
• Education.com [requires a free accou	1 ()			
 <u>RI.4.9 Workbooks</u>, Lesson Plans, and Games 				
o Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)				
<u>RI.4.9 Curriculum Documents</u>				
 Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) Resources Librory for Missionis Standard BL4.0 				
<u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RI.4.9</u> PBS Learning Modia (mpb pbs/serringmodia.org)				
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) <u>RI.4.9 Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably</u> 				
(Lessons).				
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)				
 <u>RI.4.9: Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets</u> 				
o Tutorified (tutorified.com)				
 RI.4.9 4th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets 				
• Activities				
• Have students select a social studies or scientific topic (or are assigned one) and create key questions they would like answered. Allow				
them to use a variety of sources (minimum of two) to find the answers to these questions as well as additional information. Have them				

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

document the sources and their notes. Then have them create a two to three minute presentation for the class on their topic and present it to the class. Pair, individual

- Have students select a state and read and learn about it from books, video clips on the Internet, magazines, and other sources. Then have them create a list of ten important facts about the state. Students can then make a poster with this information as well as a map of the state (This can be drawn or printed from another source). Line up the posters in order by region in the hall.
- Have students will read about a career they someday might like to have. Then have them find information on the Internet, from written text in a book or a magazine. After reading the two texts, ask them to create a collage with information about the job using words, diagrams, and pictures. Teachers evaluate students by using a rubric requiring a minimum of seven facts about the career.
- Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Compare Text (Informational(RI.4.9)
 - You Tube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Using Textual Evidence Instructional Video (4.RI.8)</u>
 - Gulfport School District YouTube Channel (youtube.com/channel/UC_3QMKC5eEUrpBD_Sy3oJRA)
 - <u>RI.4.9 Compare and Contrast The treatment of similar themes and topics and patterns of events in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.</u>
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.4.9 Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably (Videos).</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.4.10 Demonstrate understanding of text while actively engaged in shared reading of history/social studies, science, and technical texts.		A.RI.4.10.a Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading.		
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.4.10.a (A) Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading.	A.RI.4.10.a (B) Recall informational text from	11	A.RI.4.10.a (C) Listen to the shared reading of an informational text.	
 Real World Connections: Find the phases of the moon on a calendar. Label a map of the United States. Use a compass. 		Vocabulary: • Engage • Illustrate • Listen	RecallUnderstand	
 Use a compass. Listen Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) RL4.10 By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as necessary at the high end of the range. Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) RL4.10 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Engage^{ay} (engageny.org) RL4.10 Curriculum Documents Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) RL4.10 By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range (Document). Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com) RL4.10 Esson Plans Templates Big Learners (biglearners.com) RL4.10: Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets 				

CONCEPT: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

- RI.4.10 4th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets
- Activities

- Hold a State of Mississippi Learning Fair where each student researches a different topic about Mississippi. Each student or pair of students read and learn about their topic and present information at the fair. They will also have written information and citations. Students are evaluated on the information in their written document as well as their oral information during the fair. Other classes can visit and learn the information.
- Assign students a topic, given an amount of time to read about the topic in a variety of areas. Ask them to take notes and identify sources. They will then present a written or oral presentation on the assigned topic, such as an interesting area in geography, a local event in an area celebrating its heritage, or scientific discovery.
- Give students differing points of view via a text from history/social studies, science, and/or technical subjects. Let them debate the point from their author's point of view; using specific reasons and evidence from the text they were given. Evaluate them on their use of reference points from the text.

• Videos

- YouTube by Gulfport School District)
 - ELA Grade 4 RI 4 3 Technical Texts
 - ELA Grade 4 RI 4 3 RI 4 7 Historical Text
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Analyzing Cause and Effect Instructional Video (4.RI.3)
 - <u>Using Textual Evidence Instructional Video (4.RI.8)</u>
 - Integrating Information Instructional Video(4.RI.9)
- YouTube by Engage^{ny}
 - <u>Grade 4 ELA: Making Inferences Using Details and the Main Idea RI.4.1</u>
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - RI.4.10 By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4–5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range (Videos)

There are no Alternate Standards for RF.4.1 or RF.4.2

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RF.4.3 Use letter-sound knowledge to read words.		 A.RF.4.3.a Apply letter-sound knowledge to use first letter plus context to identify unfamiliar words. A.RF.4.3.b Decode single-syllable words with common spelling patterns (consonant-vowel-consonant [CVC] or high- frequency rhymes). A.RF.4.3.c 		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RF.4.3.a (A) Apply letter-sound knowledge to use first letter plus context to identify unfamiliar words.	A.RF.4.3.a (B) Apply letter-sound knowledge to identify the first letter in unfamiliar words.		A.RF.4.3.a (C) Apply letter-sound knowledge to identify the first letter in an unfamiliar word.	
A.RF.4.3.b (A) Decode single-syllable words with common spelling patterns (consonant- vowel-consonant [CVC] or high- frequency rhymes).	A.RF.4.3.b (B) Match single-syllable words with common spelling patterns (consonant-vowel-consonant [CVC] or high- frequency rhymes).		A.RF.4.3.b (C) Repeat single-syllable words with common spelling patterns (consonant- vowel-consonant [CVC] or high- frequency rhymes).	
 Real World Connections: Improve written and oral communication. Develop ability to decode. Learn the connection between letters and sounds. Learn that the sounds in spoken words relate to the patterns of letters in written words in predictable ways. Combine their knowledge of print and sounds with their knowledge of language to read with meaning and enjoyment. 		Vocabulary: • Letter • Pattern • Rhyme	SoundSpell	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Achieve the Core (achievethecore.or • Foundational Skills • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RF.4.3 Know and apply grade	g)	analysis skills in decoding	words.	

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Foundational Skills CONCEPT: Phonics and Word Recognition

- Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)
 - RF.4.3 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - Resource Library for CCSS Standard RF.4.3
- o Read Write Think (readwritethink.org)
 - Phonological Awareness
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>RF 4.3 Lesson Plans Templates</u>
- Activities
 - Have the student apply letter-sound and word length knowledge to use first letter plus word length plus context to identify unfamiliar words.
 - When reading a new book, ask the student to identify an unfamiliar word using first letter (and its sound) plus context.
 - Give the student a choice of two symbols or words and ask them to select the word that best completes a sentence presented orally.
 - Ask the student to select from two picture cards the one that represents a word to complete a sentence.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Kid's Quest Learning
 - <u>Learning Letters and Sounds (Beginning Sounds and Alphabet)</u>
 - YouTube by Jack Hartmann Kids Music Channel
 - Learning Letter Sounds | Version 2 | Alphabet Song for Kids | Phonics for Kids
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>Summer of Reading Collection</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Foundational Skills CONCEPT: Fluency

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RF.4.4 Read words in text.		A.RF.4.4.a Read text comprised of familiar words with accuracy and understanding. A.RF.4.4.b Not applicable A.RF.4.4.c Use letter knowledge and context to support word recognition when reading.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RF.4.4.a (A) Read text comprised of familiar words with accuracy and understanding.	A.RF.4.4.a (B) Read text comprised of familiar words.		A.RF.4.4.a (C) Identify a familiar word.	
A.RF.4.4.c (A) Use letter knowledge and context to support word recognition when reading.	A.RF.4.4.c (B) Use letter knowledge to identify letters.		A.RF.4.4.c (C) Identify a letter.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Sound out words consistently while reading.		• Familiar	• Read	
• Practice reading independently.		• Letter	• Word	
• Find meaning in reading.		•		
• Discover reading material they find interesting.				
Enjoy reading.				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
• Achieve the Core (achievethecore.org)				
<u>Foundational Skills</u>				
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RF.4.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.</u> 				
• Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)				
 RF.4.4 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games 				
• Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)				
 <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RF.4.4.a</u> 				
 <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RF.4.4.c</u> 				
• Read Write Think (readwritethink.or	rg)			

DOMAIN: Reading Foundational Skills

CONCEPT: Fluency

- Reading Fluency
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (<u>sharemylesson.com</u>)
 - <u>RF.4.4 Lesson Plans Templates</u>
- Activities
 - Give the student age-appropriate text that includes both familiar and unfamiliar words then ask the student to answer comprehension questions based on the story.
 - Have an array of three different books placed in front of the student. When listening to a book on tape, ask the student to indicate which book goes with the story being read on tape.
 - When reading with a small group, pass a copy of the book from student to student as the teacher reads aloud.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Baby Nenes
 - Sight Words to teach children how to read Dolch Third grade list
 - YouTube by Merci and Me
 - English 3 Module 10: Reading Phrases, Sentences and Short Texts with Two-Syllable Words
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>Reading Foundational Skills: Fluency</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.4.1 With guidance and support, write opinions about topics or text.		 A.W.4.1.a Select a topic or text and w an opinion about it. A.W.4.1.b List reasons to support the opinion. A.W.4.1.c Not applicable A.W.4.1.d Not applicable 		
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.4.1.a (A) Select a topic and write an opinion about it.	binion A.W.4.1.a (B) Match a topic with an opinion.		A.W.4.1.a (C) Select a topic.	
A.W.4.1.b (A) List reasons to support the opinion.	A.W.4.1.b (B) Identify opinion.	a reason to support an	A.W.4.1.b (C) Express agreement or disagreement with an opinion stated by another	
Real World Connections:	•	Vocabulary:		
• Make decisions based upon their point of vi	ew. • Opinion			
• Understand that other people have opinions that may differ from their own.		• Topic		
• Embrace other people's differences.				
 Advocate for themselves. 				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
• Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)				
• <u>W.4.1.A Worksheets</u>				
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
 <u>iPad App Debate: Persuasive Letter and Presentation</u> Write on Opinion Toxt of Your Own Pulse for Survivel Using the back Pud. Not Puddu es a Cuida 				
 <u>Write an Opinion Text of Your Own Rules for Survival Using the book Bud, Not Buddy as a Guide</u> Write to Vote Lesson 				
 Arresting Philippe Petit- Right or Wrong??? 				
 Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org) 				
 Persuasive Writing 				
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 				
 W.4.1.a Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. 			n reasons and information.	
• W.4.1.b Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.			-	
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc	• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)			
	· ·		20 I 21	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- Persuasive Writing Frame Save the Rainforests
- o K12 Reader (k12reader.com)
 - <u>Opinion/Persuasive Writing Prompts</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account] [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.4.1.a</u>
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.4.1.b

• Activities

- Model how to support an opinion.
- Provide frequent opportunities for writing and dictating stories.
- o Provide opportunities to engage in shared, interactive, and independent writing.
- After selecting dogs as the topic and stating an opinion (e.g., Dogs are friendly pets.), list reasons that make them friendly pets (e.g., play, cuddle, etc.).
- After the teacher presents pictures of things from everyday life on an interactive whiteboard (e.g., bus, television, phone, etc.), have the student select the bus moving it to a box that says Important.
- After a group brainstorming about what buses do, have the student use two of the ideas to write his or her own, "Go to school. Ride with friends."
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Opinion Writing for Kids | Episode 1 | What Is It?
 - YouTube by Nancy Fetzer
 - <u>Grade 4 Opinion Writing Lesson</u>
 - YouTube by Kimberly Stapf
 - <u>Opinion Writing Sentence Starters</u>
 - YouTube by Kathryn Clancy
 - Opinion Writing What is Opinion Writing
 - How Do We Support Our Opinions?

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.W.4.2 With guidance and support, write to share information supported by details.		 A.W.4.2.a Select a topic and present about it including related visual, or multimedia information as appropriate. A.W.4.2.b List words, facts, or details related to the topic. A.W.4.2.c Not applicable A.W.4.2.e Not applicable A.W.4.2.e Not applicable 	
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.4.2.a (A) Select a topic and present about it including related visual, or multimedia information as appropriate.	A.W.4.2.a (B) Select a topic and present about it.		A.W.4.2.a (C) Select a topic.
A.W.4.2.b (A) List words, facts, or details related to the topic.	A.W.4.2.b (B) Match words, facts, or details related to the topic.		A.W.4.2.b (C) Match words related to the topic.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Provide information about a topic.		• Detail	• Topic
• Discover topics of interest.		• Fact	• Visual
Write about favorite topics		• Multimedia	• Word
• Understand that oral language is translated in	nto written language.		
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
 Primary Learning (primarylearning.o 			
• <u>W.4.2 Worksheets and Pintal</u>	<u>oles</u>		
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)	1		
 <u>W.4.2 Write informative/exp</u> What's Up with All that Jazz 		1 2	
 What's Up with All that Jazz - Write a Song or Poem to Explain the Text Bud, Not Buddy Constructed Response Assessment on The Horned Toad Prince 			<u>lot Buddy</u>
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 			
	0	ormation in paragraphs and	d sections; include formatting (e.g., headings),
illustrations, and multimedia			
	0	1	other information and examples related to the
topic.			-

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- Education.com [requires a free account] education.com)
 - <u>W.4.2.a Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u>
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>W.4.2 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- o Teacher Vision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - Fourth Grade Writing Activities Resources
- Nearpod [requires a free account] [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.4.2.a</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.4.2.b</u>

• Activities

- Have the student decide on a topic related to books read and locate related information on the Internet.
- As the teacher names and points to each option, allow the student to choose a topic from a list of three, and then choose from a variety of objects and artifacts to use in a writing project.
- After the teacher uses multimedia authoring tools to create a computer set-up that offers a choice of topics with each linked to a collection of images, videos, and sound clips that relate to the topic, allow the student to work with a peer to navigate through the set-up, first selecting a topic and then selecting several images, videos, and sound clips to use in a writing project.
- Use multimedia authoring tools to create a computer set-up that offers a choice of topics with each linked to a collection of images, videos, and sound clips that relate to the topic. Then have the student use it to select a topic and then select several images, videos, and sound clips to use in a writing project on the topic.

• Videos

- o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Informational Writing for Kids Playlist Episodes 1 8
- YouTube by GrammarSongs by Melissa
 - Main Idea | Award Winning Main Idea and Supporting Details Teaching Video | What is Main Idea?
- YouTube by BrainPOP
 - <u>Main Idea</u>
- YouTube by Educational Jar
 - Main Idea and Supporting Details

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

Standard			Performance Objectives		
A.W.4.3 With guidance and support, write about events or personal experiences.		 A.W.4.3.a Write about a personal experience including two events in sequence. A.W.4.3.b List words that describe an event or personal experience to when writing about it. A.W.4.3.c Not applicable A.W.4.3.d Not applicable A.W.4.3.e Not applicable 			
	I Can S	tatements			
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX		
A.W.4.3.a (A) Write about a personal experience including two events in sequence.	A.W.4.3.a (B) Sequen experience.	ce events of a personal	A.W.4.3.a (C) Identify an event of a personal experience.		
A.W.4.3.b (A) List words that describe an event or personal experience to use when writing about it.	A.W.4.3.b (B) Match words that describe an event or personal experience.		A.W.4.3.b (C) Match a word that describes an event or personal experience.		
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
• Retell events in the order of when they occur	rred.	• List	• Personal		
• Write in their journal.		• Match	• Word		
• Write about important events in their life.					
	<u>sh Language Arts Works</u> Int] (education.com) <u>ks, Lesson Plans, and C</u> count] (goalbookapp.com	<u>sheets</u> fa <u>mes</u> n)	effective technique, descriptive details, and clear		
event sequences.					

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- o E-Reading Worksheets (ereadingworksheets.com)
 - Narrative Essay Topics and Story Ideas
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>W.4.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.</u>
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>W.4.3 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account] [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.4.3</u>

• Activities

- Have the student write a short narrative beginning by writing what the event was (e.g., go shopping) and including three events (e.g., Go to mall. Eat lunch. Buy a phone., etc.)
- Ask the student to write about two events in sequence that happened during their school day.
- After listening to a story, have the student put pictures of two events in the order they occurred in the story and then write a caption for each.
- Videos
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Describing Characters, Setting, and Events Framing Video (4.RL.3 Quest 2)
 - YouTube by Mind Blooming
 - <u>Sequence of Events | English for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by Teaching without Frills
 - Writing a personal narrative: Brainstorming a Story for Kids

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.W.4.4 With guidance and support, produce writing that expresses more than one idea.		A.W.4.4.a Produce writing that expresses more than one idea.	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.4.4.a (A) Produce writing that express more than one idea.	es A.W.4.4.a (B) Produce idea.	writing that expresses one	A.W.4.4.a (C) Identify one idea from a familiar writing.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Organize thoughts on paper.		• Idea	• Write
• Write in a journal.		• Name	
• Write in their own words.			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collec	tions		
 Big Learners (biglearners.com)		
 W.4.4 Fourth Grade E 	0		
o Education.com [requires a fre	3 (
	orkbooks, Lesson Plans, and Ga		
	an account] (goalbookapp.com))	
• <u>W.4.4 Task, Purpose</u> ,			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.co	/		
	nd coherent writing in which the	e development and organization	ation are appropriate to task, purpose, and
<u>audience.</u>			
• E-Reading Worksheets (eread	0 ,		
	Narrative Essay Topics and Story Ideas		
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) <u>W.4.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and</u> 			
 <u>W.4.4 Produce clear a</u> audience. 	nd coherent writing in which the	e development and organiza	ation are appropriate to task, purpose, and
	 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) <u>W.4.4 Lesson Plan Templates</u> 		
	 Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.4.4 		
Activities	assisting of the second s		
			20.1.24

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- Ask the student to write about a science topic including a topic sentence and then adding multiple sentences with details about the topic.
- Have the student write about a personal experience and include a beginning, middle, and end.
- Have the student to recall two events from a personal experience, write them, and then work with the teacher to determine which happened first.
- While working on putting together a visual schedule for the day, the teacher shows the student a symbol for an activity and says, "First, we have reading. Then, what do we do?," she holds up two symbols and the student selects the next activity, and the teacher writes each on a personal schedule (e.g., First, reading. Then, math.).

• Videos

- o YouTube by Speak Confident English
 - Express Your Ideas in English Clearly and Confidently
- o YouTube by Nikki Swaine
 - <u>Source Writing Guided Lesson Elementary 4th Grade FSA Core Knowledge Write Bright</u>
- YouTube by GrammarSongs by Melissa
 - Main Idea | Award Winning Main Idea and Supporting Details Teaching Video | What is Main Idea?

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard	Performance Objectives		
A.W.4.5 With guidance and support, plan before writing and revise own writing.	A.W.4.5.a Plan before writing and revise own writing.		
I Can S	tatements		
MOST COMPLEX	► LEAST COMPLEX		
A.W.4.5.a (A) Plan before writing and revise own A.W.4.5.a (B) Plan be writing.	fore writing. A.W.4.5.a (C) Revise a writing.		
Real World Connections:	Vocabulary:		
• Revise a draft of a story that they have written.	• Plan		
• Create an outline for a writing assignment.	• Revise		
• Ask someone to proofread their writing.	• Write		
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections			
• Goal Book Pathways]requires an account] (goalbookapp.cor	n)		
 W.4.5 Revising Drafted Writing 			
 Big Learners (biglearners.com) 			
 W.4.5 Fourth Grade English Worksheets 			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
 W.4.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by p 	planning, revising, and editing.		
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)			
	ults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and		
o Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)			
 Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>W.4.5 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and G</u> 	ames		
• Teachers Pay Teachers (teacherspayteachers.com)			
 Writing Traits: Ideas and Details Brainstorming Graphic Organizer (free) 			
• Activities			
	, 1. Brainstorm, 2. Write e-mail, 3. Read, 4. Add one related question, 5.		
Spellcheck.			
1	Working with a group of peers, allow the students to brainstorm a list of words to use in own writing, write a draft, and after receiving		
peer reedback, use more of the words in the draft.			

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- Have the student select writing from his or her own writing folder, share it with peers, and then revise it by adding more information based on the ideas provided by peers and elaborating details of existing information (e.g., color, size, shape of and object, etc.)
- After writing about a favorite story and being directed by the teacher to look in the book for more details, ask the student to add additional facts.
- Allow the student to add information to a drawing with peer assistance.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Bo Tie Guy and Wife
 - What Does Good Writing Look Like Educational Video for Elementary Students in Writing Instruction
 - YouTube Video by Teaching Without Frills
 - Writing a Personal narrative: Editing for Kids
 - Editing Your Writing for Kids Video for Elementary Students
 - YouTube by Audra Kahne
 - <u>CUPS Editing</u>
 - YouTube by Audra Kahne
 - ARMS Revising
 - YouTube by Mallory Unsell
 - Revising & Editing 101

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

AW.4.6 With guidance and support, use technology, including the interacting and collaborating with others. AW.4.6.a. Use technology, including the interacting and collaborating with others. MOST COMPLEX ICan Statements MOST COMPLEX ICan Statements AW.4.6.a. (A) Use technology, including the interacting and collaborating with others. AW.4.6.a. (B) Use technology, including the interacting and collaborating with others. Real World Connections: AW.4.6.a. (B) Use technology, including the interact to produce writing. Collaborating with others. Collaborating Laptop Produce Use Google Does for group writing. Collaborating Esplore tools for drawing, writing, and self-expression. Collaborating Insert clipart into document. Interacting Insert clipart into documents. Spell-check a document. Insert clipart into documents. Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. O Teach Thought (teachthought.com) W.4.6 Worksheers O Teach Thought (teachthought.com) II deas for Using Technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. <th colspan="2">Standard</th> <th colspan="2">Performance Objectives</th>	Standard		Performance Objectives	
MOST COMPLEX → LEAST COMPLEX A.W.4.6.a (A) Use technology, including the interacting and collaborating with others. A.W.4.6.a (B) Use technology, including the internet, to produce writing. A.W.4.6.a (C) Use technology, including the internet, to illustrate writing. Real World Connections: • Collaborating • Laptop • Do homework on a computer. • Collaborating • Laptop • Use Google Does for group writing. • Collaborating • Laptop • Enhance or emphasize text when writing (e.g., fonts, bold, italicized). • Desktop • Produce • Internet • Technology • Write • Write • Spell-check a document. • Internet • Technology • Write • Big Learners (biglearners.com) • W.4.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. • Tech Thought (teachthought.com) • 10 Ideas for Using Technology to Teach Writing • PBS Learning Modia (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) • <	internet, to produce writing while interacting and collaborating with		A.W.4.6.a Use technology, including the internet, to produce writing	
A.W.4.6.a (A) Use technology, including the interacting and collaborating with others. A.W.4.6.a (B) Use technology, including the internet, to produce writing. A.W.4.6.a (C) Use technology, including the internet, to illustrate writing. Real World Connections: internet, to produce writing, writing, and self-expression. Vocabulary: Internet, to illustrate writing. Do homework on a computer. Use Google Does for group writing. Collaborating Internet Produce Isle Explore tools for drawing, writing, and self-expression. Do homework on a computer. Self-expression. Internet Smart Television Enhance or emphasize text when writing (e.g., fonts, bold, italicized). Internet Technology Smart Television Spell-check a document. Insert clipart into documents. Internet Technology Write Resources: Big Learners (biglearners.com) W.4.6 Leglish Worksheets Write Write o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) W.4.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. Orach Thought (teachthought.com) Image: teacher of the strate of the		I Can St	atements	
internet, to produce writing. internet, to produce writing. internet, to illustrate writing. Real World Connections: • Collaborating with others. • Collaborating • Explore tools for drawing, writing, and self-expression. • Collaborating • Laptop • Do homework on a computer. • Collaborating • Desktop • Produce • Use Google Docs for group writing. • Internet, to produce writing. • Internet • Technology • Enhance or emphasize text when writing (e.g., fonts, bold, italicized). • Internet • Technology • Write • Spell-check a document. • Insert clipart into documents. • Write • Write • Big Learners (biglearners.com) • W.4.6.0 English Worksheets • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • W.4.6.0 Ise technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others: demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. • Teach Thought (teachthought.com) • 10 Ideas for Using Technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. • PBS Learning Media (mpb-pbslearningmedia.org) • W.4.6 Use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others.	MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
 Explore tools for drawing, writing, and self-expression. Do homework on a computer. Use Google Does for group writing. Enhance or emphasize text when writing (e.g., fonts, bold, italicized). Spell-check a document. Insert clipart into documents. Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Big Learners (biglearners.com) W.4.6 English Worksheets Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) W.4.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. Teach Thought (teachthought.com) Iol Ideas for Using Technology to Teach Writing PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) W.4.6 Use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) 	internet, to produce writing while interacting and		0,7	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Big Learners (biglearners.com) • W.4.6 English Worksheets • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • W.4.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. • Teach Thought (teachthought.com) • 10 Ideas for Using Technology to Teach Writing • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) • W.4.6 Use technology to produce and publish writing (using keyboarding skills) as well as to interact and collaborate with others. • Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)	 Explore tools for drawing, writing, and self- Do homework on a computer. Use Google Docs for group writing. Enhance or emphasize text when writing (e. italicized). Spell-check a document. 		on. Collaborating Laptop • Desktop Produce • Interacting • Smart Technolog	
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)	 Websites, articles, and other collections Big Learners (biglearners.com) <u>W.4.6 English Worksheets</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>W.4.6 Use technology, includedemonstrate sufficient comm</u> Teach Thought (teachthought.com) <u>10 Ideas for Using Technolog</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning Education.com [requires a free accondition] <u>W.4.6 Worksheets</u>, Workbook 	nand of keyboarding skills ogy to Teach Writing ngmedia.org) oduce and publish writing unt] (education.com) oks, Lesson Plans, and Ga	s to type a minimum of one (using keyboarding skills) a umes	<u>e page in a single sitting</u> .

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- o YouTube by USATestprep Channel
 - <u>Digital Tools</u>
- o KQED [requires a free account] (kqed.org)
 - <u>18 Digital Tools and Strategies That Support Students' Reading and Writing</u>
- Goal Book Pathway (goalbookapp.com)
 - W.4.6 Use Technology to Collaborate and Publish

• Activities

- Have the student assist a peer to produce and record a collaborative writing project.
- Have the student use comic creation software to write and illustrate a story with a peer.
- Provide the student with a comic software program and a peer to help write and illustrate a story.
- Have the student use assistive technology to write back and forth with another student in a digital written conversation environment (e.g., e-mail, text message).
- Allow the student to use an alternative keyboard while a peer uses a standard keyboard for the pair to work together in producing a collaborative writing project..
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - Videos ELA Writing Using Technology to Produce and Publish
 - o YouTube by GreggU
 - <u>Using Technology for Collaboration in Writing</u>
 - YouTube by Catherine Fulford
 - <u>Using Technology to Support Collaborative Learning</u>
 - YouTube by Next Level Writing
 - <u>Top Five Tips for Editing Writing</u>
 - YouTube by Teaching without Frills
 - Writing a Personal Narrative: Publishing for Kids

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.W.4.7 With guidance and support, gather information about a topic from two or more sources for a research project.		A.W.4.7.a Gather information about a topic from two or more sources for a research project.	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.4.7.a (A) Gather information about a topic	A.W.4.7.a (B) Gather in	formation about a topic	A.W.4.7.a (C) Explore sources to gather
from two or more sources for a research project.	from one source for a re-	esearch project.	information about a topic.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Research information about a topic of intere	est.	• Library	• Topic
• Translate what is learned into text.		• Research	-
• Look up resources for a research project.			
• Learn how to use research tools.			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
 Big Learners (biglearners.com) 			
 W.4.7 English Worksheets 			
	o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)		
	1 /	vledge through investigatio	n of different aspects of a topic.
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni	0		C 11/CC
		<u>ledge through investigatio</u>	n of different aspects of a topic.
 Education.com [requires a free accord W.4.7 Worksheets, Workbook 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2 00	
 W.4.7 Lesson Plan Template 	 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) W 4.7 Lesson Plan Template 		
• YouTube by USATestprep Channel	1		
 Digital Tools 			
• KQED [requires a free account] (kqed.org)			
 <u>18 Digital Tools and Strategies That Support Students' Reading and Writing</u> 			
 Goal Book Pathway (goalbookapp.cd) 			
 W.4.7 Use Technology to Collaborate and Publish 			
Activities			

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Provide the student with screen reading software that reads the text on a webpage and ask the student to explore two or more websites to identify relevant information and then include that information in a group research project.
- Using two sources on tigers, have the student find out about where they live, what they eat, and how they live (e.g., in groups/families or alone) and use that information in a group research project.
- Have the student use a library book with accompanying video to find facts about a research topic and contribute that information to a group presentation on the topic.

• Videos

- o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - How to Write a Research Paper for Kids | Episodes 1 5 Playlist
- YouTube by The EdTech Show with Dan Spada
 - <u>Teaching Students How to Research</u>
- YouTube by Siraj Raval
 - <u>How to Write a Research Paper</u>

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.4.8 Recall and sort information from personal experiences or a topic into given categories.		A.W.4.8.a Recall and sort information from personal experiences or a topic into given categories.		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.4.8.a (A) Recall and sort information from personal experiences or a topic into given categories.	A.W.4.8.a (B) Recall inf experiences or a topic in	formation from personal nto given categories.	A.W.4.8.a (C) Sort information from personal experiences or a topic into given categories.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	•	
• Write upcoming events on a calendar.		Category	• Recall	
• Write a to do list.		Experience	• Sort	
• Write thank-you notes.		Personal		
 <u>categorize information and p</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni <u>W.4.8 Recall relevant inform</u> <u>categorize information and p</u> Education.com [requires a free according] 	ation from experiences or provide a list of sources. ngmedia.org) ation from experiences or provide a list of sources. unt] (education.com)	gather relevant informatio	on from print and digital sources; take notes and on from print and digital sources; take notes and	
 <u>W.4.8 Worksheets, Workboo</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>W.4.8 Lesson Plan Template</u> 	ount] (sharemylesson.com			
• Activities	-			
		2	en sort the information into two self-selected	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Ask the student to recall things the group did in completing a science project on a whiteboard and then sort by dragging them into two self-selected categories (e.g., things the student did and things others did). Then, copy each category into a short list.
- Working with a teacher who writes down information as the student recalls it, have the student indicate in which category it belongs as the teacher rereads each piece of information.
- Allow the student to decide whether artifacts should be included in her remnant book.
- Videos
 - o YouTube ;y Nikki Swaine
 - Source Writing Guided Lesson Elementary 4th Grade FSA Core Knowledge Write Bright
 - YouTube by Rock 2 the Core
 - <u>Categories Word Categories</u>
 - YouTube by hand2mind
 - Sorting Words into Categories Literacy Lesson, Grade 1, Week 9, Day 3
 - YouTube by AxelsonAcademy
 - <u>Categorizing</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Standard	0	Performance Objectives	
A.W.4.9 With guidance and support, recall information from literary and informational text to support writing.		 A.W.4.9.a Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 4 Reading Standards</i> to literature (e.g., "Use details from text to describe a character in a story"). A.W.4.9.b Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 4 Reading Standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Use reasons and evidence supporting point in an informational text"). 	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.4.9.a (A) Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 4</i> <i>Reading Standards</i> to literature (e.g., "Use details from text to describe a character in a story").	A.W.4.9.a (B) Match details from a text to describe a character in a story.		A.W.4.9.a (C) Identify a character from a story.
A.W.4.9.b (A) Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 4</i> <i>Reading Standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Use reasons and evidence supporting point in an informational text").	A.W.4.9.b (B) Recogniz	ze informational text.	A.W.4.9.b (C) Identify evidence supporting a particular point in the text.
 Real World Connections: Gather information on a favorite topic. Make a list of their favorite books. Find a book in the library. 		Vocabulary: • Author • Character • Detail • Evidence	 Informational Text Point Setting Story
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Big Learners (biglearners.com) • W.4.9.A English Worksheets • W.4.9.B English Worksheets • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • W.4.9 Draw evidence from 1 • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearnin) • W.4.9.a Apply grade 4 Reading	<u>iterary or informational te</u> ingmedia.org)		eflection, and research. a character, setting, or event in a story or drama,

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions].").
- W.4.9.b Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text").
- o Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)
 - W.4.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - W.4.9 Lesson Plan Templates
- o Goal Book Pathway (goalbookapp.com)
 - W.4.9 Write a Text Analysis

• Activities

- After selecting multiple details from the story to describe a character's words and actions, ask the student to compare the character to themselves.
- After selecting correct details from the story to describe a character, have the student write about them.
- Ask the student to use details from the story to create a written description of a character.
- After a shared reading of a familiar text, ask the student to type the describing words in a text and use the typed information to create a written description of the character.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Geneisha Buggage
 - <u>Supporting Inferences About literary Text</u>
 - o YouTube by GLA At-Home Learning
 - <u>4th Grade ELA -Citing Text Evidence</u>
 - o YouTube by Houston Independent School District
 - <u>4th Grade Reading Writing Text Features in Informational Text Week of December 14 by Genevieve Butcher</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Range of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.4.10 With guidance and support, write routinely for a variety of tasks,		A.W.4.10.a Write routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences		
purposes, and audiences.				
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.4.10.a (A) Write routinely for a variety of	A.W.4.10.a (B) Write ro	utinely.	A.W.4.10.a (C) Recognize a familiar writing.	
tasks, purposes, and audiences.				
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Write name and date in classroom journal ea	ch day.	Communication F	older • Routine	
• Make a list of supplies		 Journal 	• Write	
• Write their name o their personal items.		• Name		
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)				
• <u>W.4.10 English Worksheets</u>				
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
• <u>W.4.10 Write routinely over a</u> sitting or a day or two) for a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and revision) and shorter time frames (a single	
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning 		c tasks, purposes, and audio	ences.	
	8	e for research reflection	and revision) and shorter time frames (a single	
	 W.4.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. 			
• Education.com [requires a free accou		e tasks, purposes, and addit	<u>ences.</u>	
• W.4.10 Worksheets, Workbo		ames		
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc				
 W.4.10 Lesson Plan Templat 				
1				
• <u>W.4.10 Write Routinely</u>				
• Activities				
• Ask the student to write a note using descriptive words to include in the home-school notebook.				
• Have the student send an e-mail to a				
• Have the student write labels to go w	vith a display for a group r	esearch project.	-	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Range of Writing

- Using a template with steps to follow, have the student send an e-mail to a friend.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Miacademy Learning Channel
 - <u>5 Steps of the Writing Process</u>
 - YouTube by How to Write in Grades 2-5 & Now Middle School
 - <u>How to Write in Grades Narrative Special Family Member</u>
 - YouTube by Easy Teaching
 - <u>Compare and Contrast | Reading Strategies | East Teaching</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.SL.4.1 Engage in collaborative discussions.		 A.SL.4.1.a Contribute ideas from prior knowledge of a text during discussions about the same text. A.SL.4.1.b Carry out an assigned role in a discussion. A.SL.4.1.c Answer specific questions related to information in a discussion. A.SL.4.1.d Identify the key ideas in a discussion. 		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.4.1.a (A) Contribute ideas from prior knowledge of a text during discussions about the same text.	A.SL.4.1.a (B) Contribute an idea from prior knowledge of a text during discussions about the same text.		A.SL.4.1.a (C) Select an idea from prior knowledge of a text during discussions about the same text.	
A.SL.4.1.b (A) Carry out an assigned role in a discussion.	A.SL.4.1.b (B) Participate in a discussion.		A.SL.4.1.b (C) Listen during a discussion.	
A.SL.4.1.c (A) Answer specific questions related to information in a discussion.	A.SL.4.1.c (B) Answer a question related to information in a discussion.		A.SL.4.1.c (C) Select the answer to a question related to information in a discussion.	
A.SL.4.1.d (A) Identify the key ideas in a discussion.	A.SL.4.1.d (B) Identify a detail in a discussion.		A.SL.4.1.d (C) Repeat an idea in a discussion.	
 Real World Connections: Classroom discussions. Discussions with family and friends. Expressing a need or want to supportive add Recalling information learned during a discu Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Edutopia (www.edutopia.org) Teaching Your Students Horizon The Autism Helper (theautismhelpes) Teaching Conversation Skills 	w to Have a Conversation r.com)	Vocabulary:AnswerCollaborateDiscuss	DiscussionIdeasIdentify	
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)	-	scussions (one-on-one, in s	groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on	

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Comprehension and Collaboration

- grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- o Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)
 - <u>SL.4.1 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u>
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - SL.4.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>SL.4.1 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- Activities
 - Practice conversations with supportive adults in the school building.
 - Tell about a special event.
 - Repeat details learned from a classroom discussion.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Jack Hartmann
 - Be a Whole Body Listener
 - o YouTube
 - <u>Speaking and Listening Skills</u>
 - <u>Focus Lesson on Talk Moves</u>
 - YouTube by Edutopia
 - <u>Encouraging Academic Conversations with Talk Moves</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.SL.4.2 Ask and answer questions about details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.		A.SL.4.2.a Collect details from a text read aloud.A.SL.4.2.b Ask questions about details from a text read aloud.A.SL.4.2.c Answer questions about details from a text read aloud.	
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.SL.4.2.a (A) Collect details from a text read aloud.	A.SL.4.2.a (B) Collect a aloud.	detail from a text read	A.SL.4.2.a (C) Select a detail from a text read aloud.
A.SL.4.2.b (A) Ask questions about details from a text read aloud.	A.SL.4.2.b (B) Ask a qu a text read aloud.	estion about details from	A.SL.4.2.b (C) Ask a question about a text read aloud.
A.SL.4.2.c (A) Answer questions about details from a text read aloud.	A.SL.4.2.c (B) Answer a question about details from a text read aloud.		A.SL.4.2.c (C) Select an answer to a question from a text read aloud.
 Real World Connections: Following oral directions. Recalling details of a story told by a classmate. Asking for help when directions are given orally. Asking questions about a story or other information that is read aloud. Answering questions about a story or other information that is read aloud. 		Vocabulary: • Aloud • Answer • Ask	DetailsQuestionsRecall
 Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Scholastic Parents (www.scholastic.com) 7 Important Questions to Ask Your Child During Story Time Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) SL.4.2 Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) SL.4.2 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) SL.4.2 Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, including visually, statements 			

- quantitatively, and orally.
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>SL.4.2 Lesson Plan Templates</u>

• Activities

- Provide students with opportunities to hear stories or directions read aloud.
- Ask questions after reading aloud.
- Encourage students to ask their own questions after hearing information read aloud.
- Share videos of read-a-louds and have students ask and answer questions about what they heard.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Asking and Answering Questions
 - YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - <u>Reading Ask and Answer Questions</u>

Standard			Performance Objectives	
A.SL.4.3 Identify a point that the speaker makes.		A.SL.4.3.a Restate information after hearing from a speaker.		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX	I Call Sta		► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.4.3.a (A) Restate information after hearing	A SI 43 a (B) Match it	nformation heard from a	A.SL.4.3.a (C) Select information heard from a	
from a speaker.	speaker.	nonnation nearci nonn a	speaker.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Listening to teachers, families, or friends tal	k about a topic and	• Hear	• Speak	
recalling what was discussed.	1	Information	• Speaker	
• Restating a comment made by a classmate i	n a conversation.	• Listen	-1	
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
 Scholastic Parents (www.sholastic.cr 	,			
• <u>7 Important Questions to A</u>		<u>ry Time</u> .		
• Reading Rockets (readingrockets.or				
• <u>Speaking and Listening in C</u>	ontent Area Learning			
	 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>SL.4.3 Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.</u> 			
• Education.com [requires a free acco		wides to support particular	points.	
 SL.4.3 Worksheets, Workbo 		imes		
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearn				
	 SL.4.3 Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points. 			
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)		<u>p</u>		
	 <u>SL.4.3 Lesson Plan Templates</u> 			
Activities				
 Provide students with opportunities 	• Provide students with opportunities to hear stories or directions read aloud.			
• Ask questions after reading aloud.				
• Share videos of read-a-louds and ha	ve students ask and answe	r questions about what the	y heard.	
• Videos				

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening CONCEPT: Comprehension and Collaboration

- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>Asking and Answering Questions</u>
 <u>How to Retell a Story for Kids</u>
- YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - Reading Ask and Answer Questions

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.SL.4.4 Retell a story or personal experience or recount a topic with supporting details.		A.SL.4.4 . Share a personal experience or topic using multiple details.		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.4.4.a (A) Share a personal experience or	A.SL.4.4.a (B) Share a p	personal experience or	A.SL.4.4.a (C) Share a personal experience or	
topic using multiple details.	topic using at least two		topic using non-verbal communication.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Sharing new information learned in a researc	ch project.	• Details	• Share	
• Telling friends about the weekend.	1 /	• Experience	• Story	
• Sharing a story using many details.		• Information	• Tell	
		Personal	• Topic	
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
 Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org) 				
 Visual Imagery 				
o Edutopia (Edutopia.org)				
 Brain Movies: When Readers Can Picture It, They Understand It 				
 Nancy Bailey's Education Website (nancyebailey.com) 				
 <u>Helping Students with Self-Expression</u> 				
• Firstery Parenting (parenting.firstery.org)				
 <u>Tips for Encouraging Young Children to Express Verbally</u> 				
• Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)				
<u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.4.4</u>				
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
 <u>SL.4.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and</u> 				
relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.				
 Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>SL.4.4 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> 				
 <u>SL.4.4 Worksneets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 				
 FDS Learning Media (hipb.postearninghedia.org) <u>SL.4.4 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and</u> 				
relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.				

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - SL.4.4 Lesson Plan Templates

• Activities

- Have students retell a story read during class.
- Ask students to share a personal experience and provide as many details as they can remember.
- Have students draw a recollection of a personal experience and include as many details as possible.
- Videos
 - YouTube by The Balanced Literacy Diet
 - <u>Visualize It!: Improving Comprehension through Visualizing Comparisons</u>
 - o Study.com
 - <u>Clarifying While Reading: Lesson for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by Ms. Walsh's 3rd Grade
 - How to Find the Main Idea and Key Details
 - YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - How to Retell a Story for Kids

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard			Performance Objectives	
A.SL.4.5 Add audio recordings or visuals to a prepersonally relevant topic.	sentation about a		io to share in a presentation. tures and share in a presentation.	
	I Can S	tatements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.4.5.a (A) Record audio to share in a presentation.	A.SL.4.5.a (B) Record own voice to share in a presentation.		A.SL.4.5.a (C) Select recorded audio to share in a presentation.	
A.SL.4.5.b (A) Choose pictures and share in a presentation.	A.SL.4.5.b (B) Locate pictures to share in a presentation.		A.SL.4.5.b (C) Locate a picture to share in a presentation.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
 Showing connections between television an presentation. Showing connections between radio or othe recorded voice for the purposes of presentation. 	er audio and own	AudioLocatePictures	PresentationRecordingVideo	
Resources:				
 Websites, articles, and other collections Read Write Think (readwritethink.o <u>Students as Creators: Explor</u> Common Sense Education (common 	ring <u>Multimedia</u> Insense.org)			
 <u>Best Classroom Tools for P</u> o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>SL.4.5 Add audio recordings</u> themes. 			ate to enhance the development of main ideas or	
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearn	0 0,	resentations when appropria	ate to enhance the development of main ideas or	
• Share My Lesson [requires a free ac	count] (sharemylesson.co	om)		
age 171			29 Jun 21	

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- <u>SL.4.5 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- Activities
 - Have students present using PowerPoint or other multimedia presentation software.
 - Ask students to bring collectables or souvenirs to share as part of recorded audio or video presentation.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Wanna Know
 - <u>Power Point Tutorial for Kids</u>
 - YouTube by CraftyGirls
 - How to Make a Video: Film and Edit Tips for Kids

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.SL.4.6 Differentiate between communication partners and contexts that call for formal and informal communication.		A.SL.4.6.a Differentiate between communication partners. A.SL.4.6.b Recognize when a context calls for formal or informal communication.	
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.SL.4.6.a (A) Differentiate between communication partners.	A.SL.4.6.a (B) Recognize differences in communication partners.		A.SL.4.6.a (C) Listen to a communication partner.
A.SL.4.6.b (A) Recognize when a context calls for formal or informal communication.	A.SL.4.6.b (B) Locate d informal communication		A.SL.4.6.b (C) Identify a communication partner as formal or informal.
 Real World Connections: Recognizing how friends communicate versus strangers. Speaking with friends. Speaking with community helpers. Using social cues to communicate appropriately. 		Vocabulary: • Communication • Community helpe • Familiar • Family • Formal • Friend	 Informal Neighbor Partner Recognize Stranger
<u>is appropriate (e.g., small-gro</u> O PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni	<u>contexts that call for form</u> oup discussion); use formating ngmedia.org) contexts that call for form	l English when appropriat	ng ideas) and situations where informal discourse

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - SL.4.6 Lesson Plan Templates

• Activities

- Practice talking with friends.
- Practice talking with supportive adults or community helpers.
- Hold discussions around how conversations with peers and adults sound differently.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Innoventure NMSU
 - <u>Innoventure Jr: Formal and Informal Communication</u>
 - YouTube by PGSD Schools
 - <u>4th Grade Formal vs Informal Language</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.L.4.1 Demonstrate standard English grammar and usage when communicating.		 A.L.4.1.a Use pronouns. A.L.4.1.b Combine common nouns with verbs, nouns, or pronouns in communication. A.L.4.1.c Not applicable A.L.4.1.d Use adjectives to describe people or objects. A.L.4.1.e Use common prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, by, with). A.L.4.1.f With support, produce simple sentence. A.L.4.1.g Not applicable 	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.4.1.a (A) Use pronouns.	A.L.4.1.a (B) Choose the correct pronoun when given three choices.		A.L.4.1.a (C) Pick the correct pronoun when given two choices.
A.L.4.1.b (A) Combine common nouns with verbs, nouns, or pronouns in communication.	A.L.4.1.b (B)Use common nouns with verbs in communication.		A.L.4.1.b (C) Select a common noun when given two choices.
A.L.4.1.d (A) Use adjectives to describe people or objects.	A.L.4.1.d (B) Choose the object or picture that represents the adjective given, from three choices.		A.L.4.1.d (C) Match the object or picture of a adjective to a given object or picture from two choices.
A.L.4.1.e (A) Use common prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out, on, off, by, with).	A.L.4.1.e (B) Choose the common preposition when given three choices.		A.L.4.1.e (C) Pick the common preposition when given two choices.
A.L.4.1.f (A) With support, produce simple sentence.	A.L.4.1.f (B) Communicate in two to three word phrases.		A.L.4.1.f (C) Repeat a simple two to three wor sentence.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Speak English fluently and confidently. Speak clearly and avoid errors that sound strange. Avoid confusing your friends and acquaintances. Order meals at a restaurant. Effectively get original thoughts and ideas out to others. 		 Adjective Common nouns Common preposition Communication. Verbs 	

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- L.4.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- o Education.com [requires a free account](education.com)
 - L.4.1.a Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.4.1.b Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.4.1.d Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.4.1.e Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.4.1.f Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - L.4.1 Curriculum Documents
- Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.1.e</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.1.g</u>
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)
 - L.4.1 Lesson Plans Templates
- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L4.1.a Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L4.1.b Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L4.1.d Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L4.1.e Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L4.1.f Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.4.1 Relative Pronouns
 - L.4.1.c Adjectives
 - L.4.1.b Verb Tense
 - L.4.1.d Verb Conjugations
 - L.4.1.e Prepositional Phrases
 - L.4.1.f. Writing Complete Sentences
- Activities
 - o Give students sentence strips with missing nouns (blanks) to fill in. Then using manipulatives have them select words to fill in the blanks.
 - Read a short story to the student. Model creating a two door book. Fold a piece of paper in half and cut up the middle of one of the sides to the fold to create two flaps. Have the student right the word "noun" on the left flap and "verb" on the right flap. Then as you reread each sentence, have the student identify words (nouns and verbs) that match and write them under the correct flap.

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Use graphic organizers to help students understand how different words are classified, as well as keeping them on task and on topic when formulating sentences and paragraphs of their own.
- Publish students writing in a real book, to demonstrate to them not only the importance of grammar, but the impact of thoroughly understanding the rules of language and applying them effectively to get their own original thoughts and ideas out in the world.
- Develop posters and other classroom decorations to help remind students of basic grammar rules and provide a quick and easy guide to refer to when practicing writing.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Periwinkle
 - Parts of Speech | English Grammar Grade 4
 - <u>Conjunctions | Easy Grammar for Kids | Grade 4</u>
 - Phrases and its Types | English Grammar | Grade 4
 - <u>Clauses | Grammar for Kids | Grade 4</u>
 - Formation of Adjectives | Easy Grammar for Kids | Grade 4
 - o Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - Grammar | Arts and humanities
 - We Are Teachers (weareteachers.com)
 - <u>The Best YouTube Videos for Teaching Parts of Speech</u>
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.4.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking (Videos).

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.4.2 Demonstrate understanding of conventions of standard English.		A.L.4.2.a Capitalize the first word in a sentence. A.L.4.2.b Not applicable A.L.4.2.c Not applicable A.L.4.2.d Spell words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of letter-sound relationships, and/or common spelling patterns. A.L.4.2.e	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.4.2.a (A) Capitalize the first word in a sentence.	A.L.4.2.a (B) Choose the sentence with the first word capitalized.		A.L.4.2.a (C) Point to the capital letter in the first word in the sentence.
A.L.4.2.d (A) Spell words phonetically, drawing on knowledge of letter-sound relationships, and/or common spelling patterns.	A.L.4.2.d (B) Spell three letter words phonetically using letter manipulatives.		A.L.4.2.d (C) Find the first letter of a word when given two letter manipulatives.
 Real World Connections: Communicate clearly to get what you want. Describe and report on oneself and the world Have messages clearly understood. Describe what you are feeling. Understand the rules of language and apply them effectively to get original thoughts and ideas out to others. 		 Vocabulary: Capitalize Common spelling patterns Conventions of standard English Letter sound relationship Manipulatives Phonetically 	
 Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Touch-type Read & Spell (readandspectro in the second s	andbehavior.com) ese 11 Strategies to Help a d of the conventions of sta unt](education.com)	andard English capitalizatio	ling on, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- L.4.2.d Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - L.4.2 Curriculum Documents
- Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.2.a
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.2.d
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)
 - L.4.2 Lesson Plans Templates
- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L.4.2 Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - <u>L.4.2 Punctuating Appositives</u>
 - L.4.2.a Punctuation
 - L.4.2.d Spelling

Activities

- Provide students an overview of basic capitalization rules. Make cue cards and practice saying them together. The following items get capitalized:
 - First word in a sentence
 - Proper nouns, including people, cities, holidays, organizations, and places (Bob and Mary live in the Pacific Northwest and celebrate Christmas there.)
 - The pronoun "I"
 - Days and months of the year
 - Proper adjectives like French or African
 - Words used as names and titles, like Mom (when addressing you mother, as if it were her name) and General (such as General Colin Powell)
 - The first word used when opening or closing a letter, like Dear friends or Yours truly
 - The main words in a title, like Harry Potter and the Half Blood Prince or Little House on the Prairie
 - Historical events, eras or documents like the Declaration of Independence or the Stone Age
 - Letters and abbreviations that stand for names or organizations, like J. K. Rowling or the ASPCA (American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals)
 - The first word in each line of poetry
- o Reinforce the rules. Provide students with several activities to help them master capitalization. Repetition is key in this kind of learning.
- Work capitalization into daily grammar activities at the beginning or end of each day.

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Have student practice editing using a brief story that does not have any capitalization. Either project it to the whiteboard or copy and paste it to a worksheet to print and distribute to students. Make it clear that this is a worksheet activity rather than a test. Tell student their mission is to find all of the words in the text that should be capitalized. Let them know how many words need capital letters. Give them 15 to 20 minutes to work through the text, then go over the answers with them in class.
- Use the seven-step spelling routing to help student learn regularly spelled words:
 - Say the word.
 - Blend the sounds.
 - Identify the number of sounds.
 - Identify the individual sounds.
 - Spell the word.
 - Blend and check the spelling.
 - Repeat
- Videos
 - o Understood (understood.org)
 - <u>Spelling regular words: An evidence-based literacy strategy</u>
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.4.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing (Videos)
 - YouTube by Homeschool Pop
 - <u>Capitalization Rules | Classroom Language Arts Video</u>
 - You Tube by Macbeth Academy
 - <u>Grammar for Kids: Capitalization</u>

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.4.3 Use language to achieve desired outcomes when communicating.		A.L.4.3.a Use language to express emotion.A.L.4.3.b Not applicableA.L.4.3.c Communicate effectively with peers and adults.	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.4.3.a (A) Use language to express emotion.	A.L.4.3.a (B) Choose an three pictures.	n emotion given from	A.L.4.3.a (C) Match the picture to an emotion given, from two choices.
A.L.4.3.c (A) Communicate effectively with peers and adults.	A.L.4.3.c (B) Communitation and adults by answering	icate effectively with peers questions.	A.L.4.3.c (C) Respond to adults and peers with a one word utterance.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Communicate clearly and effectively to get v	what you want.	 Desired 	 Express
• Describe and report on oneself and the wor	ld	Emotion	• Peers
• Have messages clearly understood.			
• Speak fluently and confidently.			
• Speak clearly and avoid errors that sound sta	range.		
Avoid confusing friends and acquaintances	by miscommunicating		
Resources:	•		
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 			
 L.4.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. 			
• Education.com [requires a free acco			
L.4.3.a Worksheets, Workbo			
L.4.3.c Worksheets, Workbo	oks, Lesson Plans, and Ga	ames	
	• Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)		
 <u>L.4.3 Curriculum Documents</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) 			
 Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.3.c</u> 			
 L.4.3 Use knowledge of lang 	0	when writing, speaking rea	ding, or listening, (Lesson).
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc		0.1	<u></u>
 L.4.3 Lesson Plans Template 		/	
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			20 Jun 21

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L.4.3.a Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L.4.3.c Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- o Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.4.3.a Conveying Ideas with Words and Phrases
- Activities
 - When teaching, peak slowly, clearly, and naturally. If your pace tends to be fast, focus on ensuring that each syllable is clear, rather than trying to speak slowly. Try using shorter sentences. Ask your students to signal you if you are speaking too quickly.
 - Face your students and avoid putting your hand in front of your face. People sometimes want to see the face and lips of person they are struggling to understand.
 - Turn off machines that create background noise. Ask administrators to avoid placing classrooms with students with learning disabilities next to noisy classrooms such as the gym.
 - Be careful when you use idioms such as "caught with your pants down" or "back seat driver." Students may not understand these expressions or may take them literally. ELL students may also have reactions to these phrases that are specific to their culture.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Kreative Leadership
 - Guess and Learn EMOTIONS and FEELINGS for Kids PART 1
 - Guess and Learn EMOTIONS and FEELINGS for Kids PART 2
 - You Tube by Easy English
 - Feelings and emotions vocabulary
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.4.3 Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. (Lessons).

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fourth Grade DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.L.4.4 Demonstrate knowledge of word meanings.		 A.L.4.4.a Use context as a clue to guide selection of a word that completes a sentence read aloud by an adult. A.L.4.4.b Use frequently occurring root words (e.g., talk) and the words that result when word endings are added (e.g., talked, talking, talks). A.L.4.4.c Not applicable A.L.4.4.d 	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.4.4.a (A) Use context as a clue to guide selection of a word that completes a sentence read aloud by an adult.	.L.4.4.a (A) Use context as a clue to guide A.L.4.1.a (B) Choose th complete the sentence w		A.L.4.1.a (C) Point to the missing word in a sentence from two choices during a read aloud.
A.L.4.4.b (A) Use frequently occurring root words (e.g., talk) and the words that result when word endings are added (e.g., talked, talking, talks).	A.L.4.1.c (B) Add -s and appropriately.	d <i>-ing</i> to a word and use it	A.L.4.1.c (C) Repeat a word ending in -s and - <i>ing</i> .
 Real World Connections: Improve comprehension Improve listening, speaking, writing, reading meanings of unknown words. Improve the ability to say what one means. Understand what other people are trying to Boost the power of persuasion. 		 Vocabulary: Context Clue Frequently occurr. 	GuideRoot wordsWord endings
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • L.4.4 Determine or clarify the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content, choosing flexibly free • Education.com [requires a free according the content of	om a range of strategies. unt](education.com) oks, Lesson Plans, and Ga	<u>umes</u>	and phrases based on grade 4 reading and
Page 183			29-Jun-21

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

- L.4.4 Curriculum Documents
- o Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.4.a</u>
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.4.b
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.4.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies (Documents).
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)
 - L.4.4 Lesson Plans Templates
- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L.4.4.a Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L.4.4.b Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.4.4.a Context Clues
- Activities
 - Every Monday give your students a list of words that you have written on the board. Then students need multiple and various exposures to these words before they fully understand the words and can apply them. They need also to learn words in context, not stand alone lists that come and go each week. Students learn words in context, or implicitly, by reading, then reading some more.
 - Ask each student to create a chart where he/she writes down words of choice, and rates each one as "know it," "sort of know it," or "don't know it at all." Then, on the same paper, have them write a definition or "my guess on meaning" for the words they know and kind of know (No dictionaries!) Before they turn in these pre-reading charts, be sure to emphasize this is not about "being right" but that they are providing you with information to guide next steps in class vocabulary instruction. Before they turn in these pre-reading charts, be sure to emphasize this is not about "being right" but that they are providing you with information to guide next steps in class vocabulary instruction.
 - Use direct vocabulary instruction (Robert Marzano's method):
 - Explain a new word, going beyond reciting its definition (tap into prior knowledge of students, use imagery).
 - Have students restate or explain the new word in their own words (verbally and/or in writing).
 - Ask students to create a non-linguistic representation of the word (a picture, or symbolic representation).
 - Engage student in activities to deepen their knowledge of the new word (compare words, classify terms, write their own analogies and metaphors).
 - Have students discuss the new word (pair-share, elbow partners).
 - Allow students to periodically play games to review new vocabulary (Pyramid, Jeopardy, Telephone).
- Videos
 - o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge and Language

- Unknown Words Instructional Video
- Turtlediary.com (turtlediary.com)
 - How to Use Dictionary
- o Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - Using context clues to figure out new words | Reading
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.4.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies (Videos).

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard	Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.4.5 Demonstrate understanding of word relationships and use.		 A.L.4.5.a Not Applicable A.L.4.5.b Identify common idioms (e.g., no way, not a chance, you bet). A.L.4.5.c Demonstrate understanding of opposites. A.L.4.5.d 		
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.L.4.5.b (A) Identify common idioms (e.g., no way, not a chance, you bet).	A.L.4.5.b (B) Use two appropriately.	known idioms	A.L.4.5.b (C) Use one known idiom appropriately with prompting.	
A.L.4.5.c (A) Demonstrate understanding of	A.L.4.5.c (B) Match the	ree sets of opposites.	A.L.4.5.c (C) Match one set of opposites.	
opposites.				
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
Improve communicating thru the use of idia		Common	 Opposites 	
 Make communication more colorful by und other word relationships. 	• Make communication more colorful by understanding idioms and other word relationships.		Word relationships	
• Improve the ability to say what one means.				
• Boost the power of persuasion.				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections				
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
	 L.4.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. 			
• Education.com [requires a free acco	3.			
L.4.5.b Worksheets, Workbo				
L.4.5.c Worksheets, Workbo	oks, Lesson Plans, and G	ames		
• Engageny (engageny.org)				
 <u>L.4.5 Curriculum Documents</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) 				
 Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.5.b 				
 <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.5.c</u> <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.5.c</u> 				
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni 				
		ge, word relationships, and	nuances in word meanings (Document)	
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)	0 0 0	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- L.4.5.b Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- L.4.5.c Fourth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.4.5. Adding Alliteration
 - L.4.5.c Synonyms
- Activities
 - Using a big book or read aloud book, model identifying words that are opposites. Mark these places in the text with a sticky note/arrow/dot. Explain how the word convey opposing things. After modeling, students use this strategy in a shared reading and small group setting, still incorporating the explanation of how the marked words are opposites.
 - Have students act out their understanding of idioms (e.g., no way, not a chance, you bet).
 - After reading a story that incorporates idioms, have "That reminds me...." Time. Students share idioms they remember from the story that remind them of other sayings and explain the relation they see between them.

- o YouTube by GrammarSongs by Melissa
 - Idioms | Award Winning Teaching Video | What Is an Idiom? | Figurative Language
- YouTube by Homeschool Pop
 - Idioms for Kids
- YouTube by Emma Grace
 - English Lesson #6 | 10 Common Idioms Examples & Meanings Part 1
 - English Lesson #7 | 10 Common Idioms Examples & Meanings Part 2
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.4.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings (Videos).

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.L.4.6 Use words acquired through conversations, being read to, and during shared reading activities including domain-specific words.		A.L.4.6.a Use words that I have learned from conversations, shared reading, and specific activities.	
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.4.6.a (A) Use words that I have learned from conversations, shared reading, and specific activities.	A.L.4.6.a (B) Select a m learned from conversat from three picture choi	ions and shared reading,	A.L.4.6.a (C) Pick a new word that I have learned from two picture choices.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Understand technical or jargon words imposubjects. Use accurately a range of general academic a words and phrases sufficient for reading, writilistening. 	nd domain-specific	ConversationsDomain specific v	• Jargon Idioms vords
Resources:		-	
	ons, or states of being (e.g	., quizzed, whined, stamme	-specific words and phrases, including those that ered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g.,
• Education.com [requires a free account](education.com)			
 <u>L.4.6 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>L.4.6 Curriculum Documents</u> 			
 Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.4.6</u> 			
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning <u>L.4.6 Acquire and use accura</u> 	ngmedia.org) tely grade-appropriate ge ons, or states of being (e.g	., quizzed, whined, stamme	-specific words and phrases, including those that ered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., cuments).
 Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>L.4.6. Action, Emotion, or State</u> 			

- Activities
 - Use vocabulary resources that have sections on domain-specific words from many subjects, including science, math, and social studies.
 - Create a simple graphic organizer for students when studying idioms. Select 10 vocabulary words as a key to achieving the learning goal. Give students the graphic organizer in booklet form. On Monday, model how to complete the organizer for one word and then they have the rest of the week to finish the other remaining words. Give them the choice of working solo or with their computer partner.
 - Select several words to teach. Use strategies to engage students in word study. Help them come up with their own definitions.
 - o Teach student morphological strategies to figure out words they do not know, in addition to context-clue strategies.
 - Highlight and use a word wall and have student use and apply vocabulary words regularly.
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.4.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation) (Videos).
 - Understood for All Inc. (understood.org)
 - Vocabulary words: An evidence-based literacy strategy
 - Vimeo by TC Reading and Writing Project (Vimeo.com/tcrwp)
 - Whole Class Instruction to Teach Students to Use Domain- Specific Vocabulary Within Information Writing (K-2)
 - o LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - Determine the meaning of domain-specific words

Teacher Resource Guide for MS AAAS for Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade

DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

A DL 5 1 L L C L L C L C L C L C L C L C L C L	. 1 . 1 .		1 1 1 1 1 1 1
A.RL.5.1 Identify words in the text to answer a qu	lestion about explicit	5	ords in the text to answer a question about
information.		explicit information.	
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX	I Call Sta	icinents	► LEAST COMPLEX
		. 1 .	
A.RL.5.1.a (A) Identify words in the text to	A.RL.5.1.a (B) Answer a familiar text.	a question about a	A.RL.5.1.a (C) Recall a detail in a familiar text.
answer a question about explicit information.	lammar text.	X 7 1 1	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Link the meanings of words to explicit infor		• Accurately	 Inferences
Use self-questioning while reading to monito	or their understanding of	 Details 	 Questioning
a story.		• Explicit	 Self-questioning
• Refer explicitly to the text as the basis for th	eir answers to questions	• Infer	
about the text.			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
• Understood (understood.org)			
 Explicit instruction: What you need to know 			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
	1 0	hat the text says explicitly	and when drawing inferences from the text.
• Education.com [requires a free accou	- · · · ·		
 <u>RL.5.1 Workbooks</u>, Lesson I 	<u>Plans, and Games</u>		
o K6edu (k6edu.com)			
 <u>5th Grade Language Art Les</u> 			
• Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod	1 ,		
 <u>Resource Library for CCSS S</u> 			
1			
 <u>3-5 Choice Boards</u> 			
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning) 			
 <u>Literature – Grade 5: Key Id</u> 			
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)			
 <u>RL.5.1 Lesson Plans Templa</u> 			
• TeacherVision [requires a free accou			
 <u>5th Grade Reading Resources</u> 			

• Activities

- When you are planning the lesson, name what you expect student to learn by the end of the lesson. Make sure that this objective build on prior learning and that your students know what the objective is.
- Have students select from choices the picture of a character from the story in response to a question. Also, ask them to answer questions about the stetting of the story, pointing to illustrations in the text to show the answer.
- After shared reading, ask students to identify the traits, motivations, or feeling of characters in the story.
- Break the information into chunks into easy-to-follow steps to reduce the demand on students' working memory.
- Explain or demonstrate the skill in the same way students will practice it. Use language that is clear, concise, and consistent. Focus on the most critical parts of the content you are teaching. As you are modeling, do a think-aloud of what's going on in your mind.

- o YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Ask and Answer Questions Instructional Video</u>
- YouTube by mrsniradale
 - Explicit & Implicit Meaning in the Text
- Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - Making inferences in informational texts | Reading
- YouTube by Center for Dyslexia MTSU
 - Why Explicit Instruction?
- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Literature Drawing Inferences in Literature RL.5.1

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.5.2 Identify the central idea or theme of a st	ory, drama, or poem.	A.RL.5.2.a Identify the	central idea or theme of a story, drama, or poem.
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.5.2.a (A) Identify the central idea or theme	A.RL.5.2.a (B) Identif	y the central idea of a	A.RL.5.2.a (C) Identify details from a familiar
of a story, drama, or poem.	familiar story.		story.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Share a favorite story or poem with a peer.		Central idea	• Poem
• Use the moral of a story to guide personal de	ecisions.	• Determine	• Recount
• Focus on meaning when choosing independent	ent reading material.	• Drama	• Retell
	C	• Events	• Story
		Key details	• Summarize
		• Lesson	• Theme
		• Moral	
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
			cluding how characters in a story or drama
respond to challenges or how		eflects upon a topic; summ	<u>arize the text (Lesson Plans).</u>
• Education.com [requires a free accou	3 (
RL.5.2 Workbooks, Lesson F	Plans, and Games		
• K6edu (k6edu.com)			
 <u>Main Idea & Supporting Det</u> Nearpod [requires a free account] (not 			
Resource Library for Mississi	1 /		
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning	11		
 Literature – Grade 5: Key Ide 	0		
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc		m)	
 <u>RL.5.2 Lesson Plans Templa</u> 	tes		
• TeacherVision [requires a free accou	nt] (teachervision.com)		
 <u>Main Idea and Supporting D</u> 	etails Resources		
D 402			20 I 24

• Activities

- Have the student select from choices the picture of a character from the story in response to the question, "Who got a new puppy?"
- Ask the student questions about the setting of a story, pointing to illustrations in the text to show the answer.
- Allow the student to answer a question by pointing to picture/word.
- After repeated shared readings of a book about a class activity, ask the student to select the correct object when asked, "What did we make?"
- After determining the main idea, ask the student to identify the theme from an array of choices.
- Give the student a story that teaches a lesson like "be nice to others" and ask the student to identify "being nice" as the theme of the story.
- After a shared reading, ask the students to state the main idea.
- After hearing a text, ask the student to select an object or picture from choices that goes with the central idea.

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - RL.5.2 Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text, including how characters in a story or drama respond to challenges or how the speaker in a poem reflects upon a topic; summarize the text (Videos).
- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>Asking and Answering Questions: Reading Literature</u>
- YouTube by Kelsey Roy
 - <u>Central Idea & Theme</u>
- YouTube by Engage^{ny}
 - Grade 5 ELA: Theme of a Story RL.5.2
- o Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - <u>Understanding Theme | Reading</u>
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Determining Theme Instructional Video
- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Literature Determining Theme RL.5.2

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.5.3 Compare two characters in a familiar sto	apare two characters in a familiar story. A.RL.5.3.a Compare to		vo characters in a familiar story.
	I Can St	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.5.3.a (A) Compare two characters in a familiar story.	A.RL.5.3.a (B) Identify main character from a		A.RL.5.3.a (C) Identify a character from a familiar story.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Describe a friend's character traits to others. Think more deeply about the characters in a Understand how characters influence the plo Make inferences about characters in a story l traits. 	story. ot of a story.	 Character Climax Compare Conflict, Describe Drama Hero 	 Main character Minor character Plot Resolution Setting Villain
 text (e.g., how characters interview) Education.com [requires a free accounting on the second s	eract). ant] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> <u>Venn-Diagram</u> earpod.com) <u>ippi Standard RL.5.3</u> ngmedia.org) <u>t two or more characters</u>		ory or drama, drawing on specific details in the
 text (e.g., how characters into Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>RL.5.3 Lesson Plans Templa</u> TeacherVision [requires a free accouncil section and the section accouncil sec	ount] (sharemylesson.com	n)	

CONCEPT: Key Ideas and Details

- <u>Character Traits List & Examples</u>
- <u>Character Venn Diagram</u>
- The Donkey and the Dog

• Activities

- After a shared reading, have the students identify the traits, motivations, or feelings of each character in a story and use a Venn Diagram to show how they compare and contrast.
- After a shared reading ask the students "Which character did you like in the story?" and support the answer by given traits of each character identified.
- Have students draw picture to illustrate different characters in a story.
- Make a graphic organizer and have the students identify similarities and differences in the characters in a story by placing the descriptive words in the appropriate position on the graphic organizer.

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RL.5.3 Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact) (Videos).</u>
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Compare and Contrast Characters in a Story Instructional Video</u>
- YouTube by McGraw Hill PreK-12
 - <u>How to Teach Students to Compare and Contrast</u>
- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Literature Comparing Characters, settings, and Events RL.5.3

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.RL.5.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as in a text (e.g., bare, bear, their, there, to, two).	L.5.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used text (e.g., bare, bear, their, there, to, two).		the intended meaning of multi-meaning words in a eir, there, to, two).
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
	5.4.a (B) Identify ing words in a tex	r two or more multi- t.	A.RL.5.4.a (C) Identify a multi-meaning word in a familiar text.
 Real World Connections: Distinguish between words that are spelled or sound have different meanings. Strengthen their vocabulary skills. Apply context clues when reading. 	d the same but	Vocabulary: • Clarify • Context clues • Determine • Distinguish • Homographs • Homonyms	 Homophone Interpret Meaning Multiple meaning Synonym Word choice
 Websites, articles, and other collections Education.com [requires a free account] (edition is the second se	nd Games) s, Worksheets, Wo caning Words ng Word Kids Ne com) andard RL.5.4		
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia <u>RL.5.4 Determine the meaning of wand similes (Worksheet).</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (s <u>RL.5.4 Lesson Plans Templates</u> LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learning) 	ords and phrases : haremylesson.con		ncluding figurative language such as metaphors

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

- RL.5.4 Lesson Plans
- TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - Which Meaning
 - Building Vocabulary
- Activities
 - Use a visual too ((e.g., vocabulary graphic organizers) to help students to visualize the meaning of multi-meaning words using pictures and definitions.
 - o After reading a text, have students create pictures of words based on descriptions in the text.
 - o Given a multi-meaning word from the text, identify two or more related word meanings from a list provided by the teacher.
 - Have student create a word web, with a multi-meaning word in the center, listing boxes around it and then have them list the possible definitions of the word based upon the shared reading using the multi-meaning.
 - List the two words from the text that have multiple meanings. Ask students to explain the possible meanings of the words and tell where in the reading they can illustrate the meaning. Students are to justify their answers.
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RL.5.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes (Videos).</u>
 - o YouTube by Speech Therapist Mom
 - Practice your Multiple Meaning Words with Mrs. G!
 - YouTube by Scholastic
 - Action Magazine Multiple Meanings
 - Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Literature Word Meaning in Texts RL.5.4

		Performance Objectives
A.RL.5.5 Identify a story element that undergoes change from beginning to end.		ory element that undergoes change from
I Can Sta	atements	
		► LEAST COMPLEX
		A.RL.5.5.a (C) . Identify the beginning of a familiar story.
	Vocabulary:	
	Change	• Plot
order.	• Character	Sequence
	Beginning	 Setting
	• End	• Story element
ords.		
learpod.com) sippi Standard RL.5.5 ingmedia.org) of chapters, scenes, or sta Lesson). t] (learnzillion.com)	nzas fits together to provid	
	I Can Sta I Can Sta A.RL.5.5.a (B) Given t story, arrange the parts order. order. ords. unt] (education.com) Plans, and Games of chapters, scenes, or sta hearpod.com) sippi Standard RL.5.5 ingmedia.org) of chapters, scenes, or sta Lesson). t] (learnzillion.com)	A.RL.5.5.a Identify a st I Can Statements I Can Statements A.RL.5.5.a (B) Given three parts from a familiar story, arrange the parts into the correct sequence. order. Order. Order. Unterpretended Order. Vocabulary: • Change • Character • Beginning • End ords. unt] (education.com) Plans, and Games of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provid mearpod.com) sippi Standard RL.5.5 ingmedia.org) of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provid

- <u>5th Grade Reading Resources</u>
- Activities
 - Have the student use sentence strips to select a sentence from the beginning, a sentence from the middle, and a sentence from the end of a poem.
 - Have the student build a story map filling in the beginning, middle and end of the story.
 - Have students act out a drama that includes the beginning, middle, and end of the drama in the correct order.
 - Have students arrange pictures that represent the beginning, middle and end of a familiar story in the order they occurred and then discuss the story element that changed throughout the story.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Nichole Hess
 - Short Story Elements
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RL.5.5 Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem (Videos).</u>
 - YouTube by Teaching Independent Learners
 - <u>Story Elements: Setting</u>
 - o Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - The elements of a story | Reading
 - YouTube by English Lessons Compilation
 - <u>Elements of a Short Story | Literature | ELC</u>
 - o YouTube by Teacher Beth Class TV
 - Elements of a Story
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Literature Poetry RL.5.5

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Craft and Structure

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.5.6 Determine the point of view of the nar	rator.	A.RL.5.6.a Determine	the point of view of the narrator.
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.5.6.a (A) Determine the point of view of	A.RL.5.6.a (B) Identify	-	A.RL.5.6.a (C) Identify the speakers in a
the narrator.	with a character as the n		dialogue.
 Real World Connections: Understand that when they talk about them first-person. Understand that when they talk about some talking in third-person. Understand when the narrative is in first-per the story unfold through the eyes of the character. Understand that others' points of view dete an event. 	eone else, they are usually erson, they are watching aracter.	Vocabulary:First-personNarrationNarrator	Point of viewThird-person
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)		· · ·	. 1 11 1
 <u>RL.5.6 Describe how a narr</u> O Education.com [requires a free acco <u>RL.5.6 Workbooks, Lesson</u> 	ount] (education.com)	<u>New milluences now even</u>	ts are described.
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (requires a free account] (requires a free account) <u>Resource Library for Missis</u> 	1 ,		
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearn <u>RL.5.6 Describe how a narr</u> 		view influences how even	<u>ts are described (Lesson Plan).</u>
• Share My Lesson [requires a free ac			
 <u>RL.5.6 Lesson Plans Templ</u> 			
• TeacherVision [requires a free acco	J (/		
 <u>Understanding Different Po</u> Learning Farm (learningfarm.com) 	oints of View		
 Dearning Farm (learningfarm.com) Point of View in Literature 			

• Activi	ities
0	After a shared reading, once the narrator has been identified describe how the story would be different if told by someone else in the
	story.
0	Have the student tell who is telling the story in a shared reading (e.g., <i>The Beauty and the Beast</i>) and determine if the narrator is a part of the story (first person) or telling us about the story (third person).
0	To encourage students to think more about the point of view of the narrator of the text, including what question the narrator is answering, explaining, or describing, lead students in Socratic Seminars. Before meeting with a small group or whole class, the teacher should make a list of questions to ask about the narrator's point of view. Throughout the seminar, the teacher should position him/herself as question-asker. Students should have a free-flowing conversation with minimal interruptions from the teacher.
0	Ask students to think individually about the narrator's point of view, then meet with a peer to discuss their answers. After they have had time to discuss with a peer, they can share their thoughts with the rest of the class.
0	Write a question about the narrator's point of view in the middle of a web. Draw lines extending from the web and ask students to provide responses for the question. For example, you may write "What was the narrator's point of view?" in the middle of the web. Then, on extended lines students can offer responses to the question.
• Video	98
0	PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
	RL.5.6 Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described (Videos).
0	YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
	 Point of View Instructional Video RL.5.6
	 <u>Analyzing Point of View Framing Video (RL.5.6)</u>
0	Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
	 Mississippi Grade 5 - Reading - Reading: Literature - Narrator's Point of View - RL.5.6
0	Learn Zillion (learnzillion.com)
	 <u>Analyzing point of view</u>

Determine a character's point of view

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard]	Performance Objectives
A.RL.5.7 Identify illustrations or multimedia elements that add to understanding of a text.		A.RL.5.7.a Identify illustrations or multimedia elements that add to understanding of a text (e.g., text, audio, animation, graphics, video).	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.5.7.a (A) Identify illustrations or multimedia elements that add to understanding of a text (e.g., text, audio, animation, graphics, video).	A.RL.5.7.a (B) Identify multimedia elements that in the text (e.g., text, aud video).	at show what is happening	A.RL.5.7.a (C) Identify explicitly stated information in an illustration or other multimedia element (e.g., text, audio, animation, graphics, video).
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Learn that illustrations on the cover of a boomight be about. Use the text and illustrations to understand. Realize that illustrations help deepen their up 	what they are reading.	DescriptionsElementIllustrationsStory	
 Resources: Websites, articles, and other collection Education.com [requires a free accord RL.5.7 Workbooks, Lesson I K6edu (k6edu.com) 5th Grade Language Art Lesson I Nearpod [requires a free account] (n Resource Library for CCSS S North Carolina Department of Puble 3-5 Choice Boards Share My Lesson [requires a free accound in RL.5.7 Lesson Plans Templation of TeacherVision [requires a free accound in State Reading Resources) Reading Rockets (reading resources) Activities 	Plans, and Games son Plans earpod.com) Standard RL.5.7 ic Instruction (dpi.nc.gov) count] (sharemylesson.com ttes unt] (teachervision.com)		

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Have a variety of digital texts to meet the diverse needs and interests of students. Look for programs that support the instructional strategies and goals already addressed in the classroom. Beware of programs that bury the elements of instruction in distracting animation or story lines.
- Use multimedia texts with supports for vocabulary development, such as linked mini-videos demonstrating a concept or dictionaries and thesauruses with text-to-speech capabilities can help students achieve this goal and improve comprehension.
- Use explicit instruction to teach vocabulary and comprehension strategies as a whole- or small- group activity.
- Use software and multimedia tools that have prompts and supports directly embedded within the text. There are several programs available that allow teachers to create their own supported materials or you may choose to use a commercially available program with built-in reading supports.
- Have **s**tudents read a portion of a text such as a poem or myth, then create and share visuals they would have included had they been the illustrator. Students then discuss whether their initial reactions to the poem would have been different if the visuals were changed, but the text remained the same.
- Have students listen to a poem or text, or a portion of a poem or text, without seeing the visuals. Have them write an initial response. Next, students listen to the poem while looking at the visuals. Then, students share how their responses to the two exposures to the text were different, based on the inclusion of visuals. Discuss in pairs how visual and multimedia contributions can change how readers' view the text.
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RL.5.7</u> Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem) (Videos).
 - YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - <u>5th Grade Reading Visual and Multimedia Elements Topic Overview</u>
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Analyzing Multimedia Elements Instructional Video (5.RL.7)
 - Study.com (study.com)
 - How Visual & Multimedia Elements Contribute to a Text: Lesson for Kids

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Literature CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RL.5.9. Compare stories in the same genre.		A.RL.5.9.a Compare stories in the same genre.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RL.5.9.a (A) Compare stories in the same story with the similar story with the similar t			A.RL.5.9.a (C) Identify the topic of a familiar book.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
 Notice that stories in the same genre share construction. Select books written in a favorite genre. Learn that stories can address the same topic 		CompareDescriptionsGenreIllustrations	SimilarStoryTopic	
Resources:				
 themes and topics. Education.com [requires a free accouted requires a free accouted requires a free accouted requires a free accouted requires and topics (Lessons). Share My Lesson [requires a free accouted requires a free accounted requires a fr	ant] (education.com) <u>Plans, and Games</u> agmedia.org) <u>t stories in the same genre</u> pount] (sharemylesson.com) <u>res</u>	(e.g., mysteries and advent	<u>ture stories) on their approaches to similar</u> <u>ture stories) on their approaches to similar</u>	
 TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com) <u>5th Grade Reading Resources</u> Alson School District, Alton, Illinois (Altonschools.org) <u>RL.5.9 Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics (worksheet).</u> 				
o Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)	<u>í stories in the same genre</u>	(e.g., mysteries and adven	ture stories) on their approaches to similar	

• Activities

- Have the student create a Venn diagram and include specific examples of the ways that two texts on the same topic are the same and different.
- Ask the student, "What is the same in the two stories from the same genre?"
- After reading a story and making a list of the events in it, have the student read a second book from the same genre and then check off on the list the events that were the same and those that were different.
- After a shared reading of stories from the same genre, have the student tell one thing that happened in both stories.
- Give the student two pictures and ask the student to select the one that depicts an event from a familiar story after shared reading.
- Have students make a list of things that are the same between two books with similar topics.
- Teachers model using a Double Bubble graphic organizer to make comparisons between stories in the same genre. Have students identify two items they are going to compare and then record the information in appropriate bubbles.

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RL.5.9 Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics (Videos).</u>
- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Literature Compare and Contrast Stories RL.5.9
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Comparing Stories in the Same Genre Framing Video (RL.5.9)</u>
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - <u>RL.5.9 Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics (Videos).</u>

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RL.5.10 Demonstrate understanding of text while engaged in individual or group reading of stories, dramas, and poems.		A.RL.5.10.a Utilize reading comprehension strategies while actively engaged in individual or group reading of stories, dramas, and poetry.	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RL.5.10.a (A) Utilize reading comprehension strategies while actively engaged in individual or group reading of stories, dramas, and poetry.	A.RL.5.10.a (B) Focus of text during independent stories, dramas, and poe	and shared reading of	A.RL.5.10.a (C) Identify an event or character from individual or shared reading of a story, drama, or poetry.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	•
 Understand that authors write a variety of literary texts (e.g., stories, dramas, poetry). Read text from a variety of text genres. Choose books for independent reading. 		 Activate background knowledge, Ask questions Complex text Determine important ideas Independently Infer Infer Informational Literary Proficiently Synthesize Variety of genres, Visualize Within/beyond text comprehension 	
Resources:			
 Websites, articles, and other collections Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>Grade 5 Curriculum Docum</u> 	<u>ents</u>		
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RL.5.10 By the end of the year grades 4-5 text complexity b</u> 	· 1		s, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the
 Education.com [requires a free acco <u>RL.5.10 Workbooks, Lesson</u> 	J (/	-	
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (<u>Resource Library for Missis</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearne) 	sippi Standard RL.5.10		
RL 5 10 By the end of the vertex	an read and comprehend	litorature including storiog	s, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the

DOMAIN: Reading Literature

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (Documents).
- TeacherVision [requires a free account] (teachervision.com)
 - 5th Grade Reading and Literature Teaching Resources

• Activities

- This directed reading thinking strategy involves three processes: predicting, reading, and proving. Have students preview the story by looking at graphics and reading the title and the introductory paragraph.
 - Have the student note their prediction of what the text is going to be about on a graphic organizer.
 - After the students have written their predictions on the organizer, ask them to read to a predetermined place in the story where this is a logical break in the action.
 - Have students note the accuracy of their predictions on the organizer. Note whether or not the passages prove or disapprove their predictions.
 - Have students repeat the process until they have completely finished the story.
- Have students read a given text. Then ask them to write down the title and the author. Then ask them to indicate the main ideas in their own words. Then ask them to give a statement that summarizes the important points. Finally, they are to think about the text by thinking and talking about what they have learned, asking why the author wrote the text. What they think the author hopes they'll learn? Etc.

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RL.5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (Videos).</u>
- o YouTube by Lincoln Learning Solutions
 - <u>Understanding Information Texts</u>
- YouTube by Khan Academy
 - Looking back at the text for evidence
 - <u>Using text features to locate information</u>
- o Vimeo.com by TC Reading and Writing Project (Vimeo.com)
 - Whole Class Instruction to Help Students Read Informational Texts Fluently, with an Eye Towards Main Ideas and Key Details

		Performance Objectives	
Standard A.RI.5.1 Identify words in the text to answer a question about explicit information.		A.RI.5.1.a Identify words in an informational text to answer a question about explicit information.	
I Can St	atements		
		► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.5.1.a (B) Identify	a word in an	A.RI.5.1.a (C) Match words from an	
	nswer a question about	informational text to their definitions.	
explicit information.	-		
	Vocabulary:		
nformation about a	• Answers	Information	
	Definition	Question	
	• Explicit		
Int](<u>education.com</u>) lans, and Games ts arpod.com) <u>ppi Standard RI.5.1</u> ngmedia.org) a text when explaining v punt](sharemylesson.com	what the text says explicitly		
	I Can St A.RI.5.1.a (B) Identify informational text to an explicit information. nformation about a nformation about a a text when explaining y int](education.com) lans, and Games ts arpod.com) ppi Standard RI.5.1 ngmedia.org) a text when explaining y	about explicit information I Can Statements A.RI.5.1.a (B) Identify a word in an informational text to answer a question about explicit information. Nocabulary: a formation about a Vocabulary: • Answers • Definition • Explicit • a text when explaining what the text says explicitly unt](education.com) lans, and Games ts arpod.com) ppi Standard RI.5.1 ngmedia.org) • a text when explaining what the text says explicitly ount](sharemylesson.com)	

- Have students read about a scientific discovery. Next, they think, pair, and share a "what if" it had not been discovered. How would things have been different? For example, if the colonists had not decided to break away from England, how might things be different now? Would it have occurred at a later day?
- Have students defend their opinions with information from the text, both direct quotes and inferences. As students discuss, the teacher will walk around the room checking student understanding. After sharing, the teacher may ask students to create an "if, then" or "cause and effect "chart on the topic. Small group, individual
- After reading a passage, have students complete an exit slip recording the important information in the selection. They will need to provide direct quotations as well as infer additional information.
- Videos
 - o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Informational Text Drawing Inferences in Informational Text RI.5.1
 - YouTube by Jennifer Coldren
 - Answering Explicit Questions
 - YouTube by Ryann McKay
 - <u>Explicit vs. Implicit</u>
 - YouTube by Teacher Fred
 - <u>Explicit VS Implicit Statement</u>
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.5.1 Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text (Videos)</u>.
 - YouTube by David Powell
 - <u>Explicit vs Implicit Information in the Text</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.5.2 Identify the main idea of a text when it is not explicitly stated.		A.RI.5.2.a Identify the main idea of an informational text when it is not explicitly stated.		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.5.2.a (A) Identify the main idea of an informational text when it is not explicitly stated.	.5.2.a (A) Identify the main idea of an A.RI.5.2.a (B) Identify ide		A.RI.5.2.a (C) Identify an idea in an informational text when it is not explicitly stated.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
 Wash hands for 20 seconds after using the r spreading germs. Avoid walking in an area with a yellow sign may be slippery. Refer to the illustration on the front cover to a book. 	indicating that the floor	IdeaImplicit	Main IdeaSupporting details	
 Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RI.5.2 Determine two or mon</u> 	ore main ideas of a text and	d explain how they are sup	ported by key details; summarize the text.	
 Education.com [requires a free account](<u>education.com</u>) <u>RI.5.2 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> 				
 Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.5.2 Curriculum Documer</u> 	<u>its</u>			
 Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RI.5.2</u> 				
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni 	ngmedia.org)	d explain how they are supp	ported by key details; summarize the text	
• Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)				
 <u>RI.5.2 Lesson Plans Templar</u> Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>RI.5.2 5th Grade Reading Co</u> 		S		
ge 211	1	_	29-Jun-21	

• Activities

- Have students read a social studies passage. Then use a graphic organizer to determine the main ideas of the passage and under each main idea, list key details. Finally, students write a one or two sentence summary of the passage. They can either turn this in or compare it with a partner to see if they found similar information.
- Give students in a group different passages on the same general subject to read and write a brief summary. After they complete the task, all students read all of the passages and decide which summary matches which passage. Students will then discuss what they thought was the correct summary, what was strong and what could be improved. The teacher will review the summaries prior to the discussion and then listen to the discussion.
- Students read a nonfiction text. Without using words, they create a picture illustrating the main ideas and key details for support. They may have the option of using clipart images for their illustrations. Students then meet in small groups to discuss their pictures with classmates.

• Videos

- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Main Idea and Key Details
- o YouTube by Kim NorGaard
 - <u>Finding the Main Idea in Nonfiction</u>
- o YouTube by Carson Delosa Education
 - Reading for Main Ideas & Detail in Informational Text
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Determining Main Idea Instructional Video

• YouTube by Bizaur

- Main Idea and Details
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.5.2 Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text (Videos).</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.RI.5.3 Compare two individuals, events, or ideas in a text.		A.RI.5.3.a Make connections between two individuals or events/actions in a text.	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.5.3.a (A)	A.RI.5.3.a (B) Connect about a single event.	text to different pictures	A.RI.5.3.a (C) Match two pictures showing the "same" event.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Select a book about whales that has illustrations.		• Compare	• Ideas
• Choose a time on a theater schedule to see a movie.		Connection	 Individuals
• Participate in a mock presidential election.		• Contrast	Relationship
		• Events	
 scientific, or technical text b Education.com [requires a free acco <u>RI.5.3 Workbooks, Lesson I</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.5.3 Curriculum Documer</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](ne <u>Resource Library for Mississ</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning 	ased on specific informatic unt](education.com) Plans, and Games hts earpod.com) sippi Standard RI.5.3 ingmedia.org) hips or interactions betwee ased on specific informatic count](sharemylesson.com) tes	<u>on in the text.</u> <u>n two or more individuals,</u> <u>on in the text (Lessons).</u>)	events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical,

- Have students read about a historical event, ideally using multiple sources. They create a dialog between two or three of the main characters in the event, based on the information as well as inferring the relationship. The students should indicate in their dialog where they found the source material for the presentation. (This would not be in the performance, just on paper for evaluation.) Finally, they would present the dialog as a reader's theater, and perhaps perform it for other grades of classes. (This could be used for President's Day.) The teacher assesses both the written dialog with cited sources and the performance. Small group
- Have students read from multiple sources about two to four scientists. Then have them write a brief outline about each of the scientists. Finally, ask them to pretend to be a television reporter. Students pretend to have a round table discussion with the scientists about their discoveries and how it affected the world and each other. This could be presented in a written script form with information from the text highlighted or otherwise indicated. It could be presented to the class, with each student in the group taking a part.
- Ask student to read an account of a historical event, and then create a sequence chart with diagrams or pictures to show the sequence of events. Between the events they can explain the connection between them and answer the question: "What happened to cause the next event?"

- Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Explaining Relationships
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Connecting Ideas in Nonfiction Texts Instructional Video (5.RI.3)</u>
- YouTube by Kristina Pankow
 - Interaction of Ideas, Events, and Individuals
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.5.3 Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text (Videos).</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.5.4 Determine the meanings of domain-specific words and phrases.		A.RI.5.4.a Determine the meanings of domain-specific words and phrases.		
	I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.5.4.a (A) Determine the meanings of domain-specific words and phrases. A.RI.5.4.a (B) Match de phrases to their definition		omain-specific words and ons.	A.RI.5.4.a (C) Determine the meaning of words in an informational text.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Place a game piece on the "start" position because it is the first square on a game board.		 Definition Domain specific	• Meaning	
 Enter a check-out line at the proper location Avoid walking in an area with a yellow sign i may be slippery. 				
Resources: Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections				
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
	ng of general academic and	l domain-specific words ar	nd phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or	
• Education.com [requires a free account](education.com)				
 <u>RI.5.4 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.5.4 Curriculum Documents</u> 				
 Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com) Resource Library for Mississippi Standard RI.5.4. 				
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni <u>RI.5.4 Determine the meaning</u> 	ngmedia.org) ng of general academic and	l domain-specific words ar	nd phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or	
 <u>subject area (Documents and</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free act <u>RI.5.4 Lesson Plans Templat</u> 	count](sharemylesson.com	ı)		
 Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>RI.5.4 5th Grade Reading Co</u> 		<u>}</u>		
Page 215	-		29-Jun-21	

• Activities

- Have students create a board game that uses their knowledge of the vocabulary words in the game. In the game board questions are asked to move along the path.
- Have students each take a list of eight vocabulary words and rank them from most to least relevant to a particular subject or text. They then defend their rank in writing or may do so in a group orally as the teacher listens in. There is no correct rank, but student should be able to demonstrate their knowledge of the words by their explanation of the ranking.
- Have students take a list of 8 or so vocabulary words from a text and write them on slips of paper. Next they arrange the words in groups, identifying a title for each group. Finally, students explain their product and in doing so, demonstrate their understanding of the terms and the relationships between them.

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Informational Text Word Meanings RI.5.4
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Context Clues Instructional Video</u>
 - Learning: Unknown Words
- YouTube by Epic Charter Schools
 - <u>Context Clue for Meaning of Words</u>
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.5.4 Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area (Videos).</u>

	Standard		Performance Objectives
A.RI.5.5 Determine if a text tells about events, gives directions, or provides information on a topic.		A.RI.5.5.a Determine if a text tells about events, gives directions, or provides information on a topic.	
	I Can Sta	atements	
ST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.5.5.a (A) Determine if a text tells about events, gives directions, or provides information on a topic.A.RI.5.5.a (B) Identify informational text.		details from an	A.RI.5.5.a (C) Identify the title of an informational text.
 Real World Connections: Use a birthday party invitation to find the date and time of the party. Use a legend to interpret a chart. Use the directory in a mall to find a restroom. 		Vocabulary:DescribeDetailsDirections	EventsTitleTopics
 Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) RL.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) RL.5.5 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Engage^{ay} (engageny.org) RL.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts (Lessons). PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) RL.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts (Lessons). Tutorified (tutorified.com) RL.5.5 5th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets Activities Have students work in a group to select three to five key events or ideas in two or more selected texts. Have them write the events on separate sheets of paper. Then students decide what overall organizational structure was used for the delivery of the information, and if it was the best way to present the information. They will then create a graphic organizer from the information 			

- Have students read two or more informational texts and identify the structure(s) present in the information. They will then defend their choice with information from the text demonstrating their understanding of the structure chosen and why it is not one of the other structures.
- A small group of students may read from social studies/ science texts, and then, as a group, decide the overall structure of the information (e.g., chronological, cause/effect, problem/solution) and create a group chart/collage that shows the structure and includes information from the text. Consider using web information or magazine formats as well as textbooks for the information.

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Informational Text Text Structure RI.5.5
- YouTube by Flocabulary
 - <u>The 5 Types of Text Structure</u>
- YouTube by Khan Academy
 - <u>The Structures of Informational texts</u>
- YouTube by Help Teaching
 - <u>Informational Text Structures Reading Lesson</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.5.6 Compare two books on the same topic.		A.RI.5.6.a Compare two	o books on the same topic.	
	I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.5.6.a (A) Compare two books on the same topic.	A.RI.5.6.a (B) Compare same topic.	e two passages on the	A.RI.5.6.a (C) Identify ways two similar things are alike.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Compare the table of contents of two books	to find specific	Compare	Relationship	
information on a topic.	1	Connection	• Similar	
• Select a book about space that has illustration	ns.	PassageContrast		
• Choose an arts and crafts book for a specific	: holiday.	0		
Resources:				
 Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) RL5.6 Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent. Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) RL5.6 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) RL5.6 Curriculum Documents PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) RL5.6 Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent (Lessons). Tutorified (tutorified.com) 				
 <u>RI.5.6 5th Grade Reading Co</u> Activities 	mprenension worksneets	2		
 Have students read about a scientific event written near the time of the discovery and from a more recent source. Ask them to explain in graphic or written form how the two or more accounts are similar and different. How did time effect the information? Have students read about a historical event from two or more sources. Students then put themselves in the time of the event and write diary entries about the event as if they are present. They reference the text in their entries and agree or disagree with those opinions. This could be presented as a reader's theater in small groups. 				

•	Videos	
	0	Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
		Mississippi - Grade 5 - Reading - Reading: Informational Text - Point of View - RI.5.6
	0	YouTube by McGraw Hill PreK-12
		 Fun Animation Explaining How to Compare and Contrast Nonfiction Texts
	0	YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
		 <u>Making Textual Connections Instructional Video</u>
	0	PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
		 <u>RI.5.6 Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view</u>
		they represent (Videos).

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.RI.5.7 Locate information in print or digital sources.		A.RI.5.7.a Locate infor	mation in print or digital sources.
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RI.5.7.a (A) Locate information in print or digital sources.	A.RI.5.7.a (B) Locate p	rint or digital resources.	A.RI.5.7.a (C) Identify resources as either print or digital.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Browse the Internet fort a local weather repo	ort.	Digital sources	• Print sources
• Use the table of contents to find a chapter in		• Locate	Sources
• Find their size on a clothing tag.			
0.00			
 <u>quickly or to solve a problem</u> Education.com [requires a free accout <u>RI.5.7 Workbooks, Lesson Pl</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.5.7 Curriculum Document</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](nea <u>Resource Library for Mississi</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearnir 	efficiently. Int](education.com) lans, and Games arpod.com) ppi Standard RI.5.7 ngmedia.org) from multiple print or dig efficiently (Lessons). pount](sharemylesson.com) es	<u>ital sources, demonstrating</u>	g the ability to locate an answer to a question g the ability to locate an answer to a question

- Provide students with a list of questions at a variety of learning levels. Provide access to print as well as internet sources. Given a set amount of time, see how many answers they are able to find. Students must cite their sources. Include some fun questions as well as educational ones. For example, include a riddle.
- Have students or small groups draw a topic from a bag at random. They have a set amount of time to research the topic and to create questions and answers about that topic. They will be evaluated on the accuracy of the questions and answers as well as the depth of knowledge represented.
- Videos
 - Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Informational Text Locating Information RI.5.7
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Making Textual Connections</u>
 - <u>Using Text Features to Locate Information Instructional Video (5.RI.7)</u>
 - o YouTube by Sharon Kessinger
 - <u>4 Tips for Finding Text Evidence</u>
 - YouTube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - <u>ELA Grade 5 RI 5 7 Using Multiple Sources</u>
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.5.7 Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently (Videos)</u>.

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.5.8 Identify the relationship between a specific point and supporting reasons in an informational text.		A.RI.5.8.a Identify the relationship between a specific point and supporting reasons in an informational text.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.5.8.a (A) Identify the relationship between a specific point and supporting reasons in an informational text.			A.RI.5.8.a (C) Match supporting details to the specific point they support from an informational text.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
 Wash hands for 20 seconds after using the r spreading germs. 		ArgumentRelationship	Supporting details	
 Use crosswalks when crossing the street to a Avoid walking in an area with a yellow sign i may be slippery. 	· · ·			
 evidence support which point Education.com [requires a free accounting of the extension of the exte	att(s). ant](education.com) Plans, and Games earpod.com) ippi Standard RI.5.8 ngmedia.org) or uses reasons and evidend att(s) (Lessons). comprehension Worksheets	ce to support particular p	points in a text, identifying which reasons and	
 Give students differing points of vie 			from an author's point of view using specific	
reasons and evidence from the text t	hey were given. Evaluate s	students on their use of r	eference points from the text.	

DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text

CONCEPT: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Give students a text with which they do not agree with the topic. Have them identify the author's reasons and evidence for their viewpoint. Students may then defend their viewpoint as a counterpoint argument.
- Have students read a nonfiction text, identifying the key points and write them on pieces of paper. Next they select reasons and evidence for each key point and write those on paper. Then each student will create a graphic organizer with the key ideas and evidence for each. Finally, each student will evaluate the evidence to see if it has sufficiently defended the key point through writing a brief summary.

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Informational Text Author's Reasons and Evidence RI.5.8
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos)
 - <u>Citing Textual Evidence Framing</u>
- YouTube by McGraw Hill PreK-12
 - <u>Citing Textual Evidence</u>
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.5.8</u> Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s) (Videos).

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RI.5.9 Compare and contrast details gained from two texts on the same topic.		A.RI.5.9.a Compare and same topic.	d contrast details gained from two texts on the	
	I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX			LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RI.5.9.a (A) Compare and contrast details gained from two texts on the same topic.	A.RI.5.9.a (B) Compare presented in an informa		A.RI.5.9.a (C) Identify details presented in an informational text.	
 Real World Connections: Compare the table of contents of two books to find information on a topic. Find information about artificial intelligence using online resources because they are more up to date. The generic brand of cereal has the same ingredients as the name brand and cost less. 		Vocabulary:DetailsCompareContrast	SameTopic	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections				
 Education.com [requires a free accor <u>RI.5.9 Workbooks, Lesson F</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.5.9 Curriculum Documer</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearni <u>RI.5.9 Integrate information (Lessons).</u> 	unt](<u>education.com</u>) <u>Plans, and Games</u> <u>nts</u> ingmedia.org)	-	te or speak about the subject knowledgeably. te or speak about the subject knowledgeably	
 Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>RI.5.9 5th Grade Reading Co</u> 	omprehension Worksheets	2		

- Activities
 - Have students select a historical or scientific topic (or assign one). Then have students create key questions they would like answered. They use a variety of sources (minimum of three) to find the answers to these questions as well as additional information. Students need to document these sources. They then create a three to five minute presentation on their topic and present it to the class.
 - Have each student select a famous person and read about the person in books, video clips from the Internet, magazines, and other sources. Each student then creates a list of ten important facts about the person. Each student makes a poster with this information as well as a picture of the person. (This can be drawn or printed from another source.) The posters are lined up in chronological order in the hall so other students can take a history walk, learning about various famous people.
 - Give groups of students a person or event, such as the most important person of the Revolutionary War. Each group researches a
 person, recording information and discussing findings. They then defend, in debate format, why this person was the key or most
 important person of the event, in the case of the example, the Revolutionary War. Other groups, or the teacher, can ask questions
 or request the source of an argument during the debate. Students will be evaluated on their skill of finding important information
 and on defending their point of view.

- o Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Informational Text Compare Texts (Informational) RI.5.9
- YouTube by McGraw Hill PreK-12
 - <u>Fun Animation Explaining How to Compare and Contrast Nonfiction Texts</u>
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Synthesizing and Framing Video (RI.5.9)</u>
 - Non-Fiction Synthesis Framing Video (RI.5.9)
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RI.5.9 Integrate information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably</u> (<u>Video</u>).

shared reading of history/social studies, science, and technical texts. shared reading. I Can Statements MOST COMPLEX A.RI.5.10.a (A) Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (A) Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading. Real World Connections: Find the phases of the moon on a calendar. Label a map of the United States. Use a compass. Kesources: Kesources: Kesources: Kesources: Kesources: Kest, at the high end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/so texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Kesources: Kesources: Kes	Performance Objectives	
MOST COMPLEX A.RI.5.10.a (A) Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. Better Lesson (better compositions) RL5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/so texts, at the high end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/so texts, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) RL5.10 Curriculum Documents PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) RL5.10 Lesson Plans Templates Tutorified (tutorified.com) RL5.10 Sth Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets	A.RI.5.10.a Illustrate what happened in an informational text from	
A.RI.5.10.a (A) Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a(B) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (a) Illustrate what happened in an informational text from shared reading. A.RI.5.10.a (b) Recall what happened in an informational text from shared reading. an informational text from shared reading. Real World Connections: Find the phases of the moon on a calendar. Engage Illustrate an informational text from shared reading. I.Label a map of the United States. Use a compass. Use a compass. Engage Resources: • Use as on (betterlesson.com) • Listen • RL5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/so texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. • Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) • RL5.10 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games • Engage ^w (engageny.org) • RL5.10 Curriculum Documents • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) • RL5.10 By the end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grade		
informational text from shared reading. informational text from shared reading. an informational text from shared reading. Real World Connections: Find the phases of the moon on a calendar. Engage I.abel a map of the United States. Illustrate Illustrate Use a compass. Listen Listen Resources: Illustrate Listen • Websites, articles, and other collections • Listen • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • RI.5.10 By the end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. • Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) • RI.5.10 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games • Engage ^{avy} (engageny.org) • RI.5.10 By the end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. • PBS Learning Media (mpb-pbslearningmedia.org) • RI.5.10 Curriculum Documents • PBS Learning Media (mpb-pbslearningmedia.org) • RI.5.10 By the end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (from t	→ LEAST COMPLEX	
 Find the phases of the moon on a calendar. Label a map of the United States. Use a compass. Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) RL5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/so texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) RL5.10 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Engage^{ay} (engageny.org) RL5.10 Curriculum Documents PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) RL5.10 By the end of the yrades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently. Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com) RL5.10 Lesson Plans Templates Tutorified (tutorified.com) RL5.10 5th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets 	\mathbf{a} (C) Listen to the shared reading of ational text.	
 Websites, articles, and other collections Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>RI.5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/so texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.</u> Education.com [requires a free account](education.com) <u>RI.5.10 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>RI.5.10 Curriculum Documents</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) <u>RI.5.10 By the end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (Interpretent)</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com) <u>RI.5.10 Lesson Plans Templates</u> Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>RI.5.10 5th Grade Reading Comprehension Worksheets</u> 	RecallUnderstand	
 Activities Assign students a topic and give an amount of time to read about the topic in a variety of source identify sources. Students will then present a written or oral presentation on the assigned topic 	ocial studies, science, and technical Interactive Lessons). rces. They then take notes and	

DOMAIN: Reading Informational Text

CONCEPT: Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

- Give students differing points of view on a single subject. Let them debate the point from their author's point of view; using specific reasons and evidence from the text they were given. Evaluate them on their use of reference points from the text.
- Hold a Learning Fair where each student is to research an aspect of a topic. Each student or pair of students read and learn about their topic and present information at the fair. They will also have written information on what they have learned and where they got the information. Students are evaluated on the information in their written document as well as their oral information during the fair, where other classes visit and learn about the information.
- Videos
 - YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - <u>Point of View Instructional Video (5.RL.6)</u>
 - <u>Summarizing Strategy Instructional Video (5.RI)</u>
 - <u>Using Text Features to Locate Information Instructional Video (5.RI.7)</u>
 - <u>Connecting Ideas in Nonfiction Texts Instructional Video (5.RI.3)</u>
 - YouTube by GSD Instructional Programs
 - ELA Grade 5 RI 5 7 Using Multiple Sources
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - RI.5.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently (Videos).

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.RF.5.3 Use letter-sound knowledge to read words.		A.RF.5.3.a Read common sight words, decode single syllable words and introduce multisyllabic words.	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.RF.5.3.a (A) Read common sight words, decode single syllable words and introduce multisyllabic words.		common sight words.	A.RF.5.3.a (C) Repeat common sight words.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Improve written and oral communication.		Dolsch Sight Wo	ords
• Develop ability to decode.		• Syllable	
• Learn the connection between letters and so	ounds.		
 Learn that the sounds in spoken words relat letters in written words in predictable ways. Combine their knowledge of print and soun of language to read with meaning and enjoy 	ds with their knowledge		
 Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Achieve the Core (achievethecore.org) 	rg)		
• <u>Foundational Skills</u>			
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)	st two or more characters	settings or events in a st	ory or drama, drawing on specific details in the
text (e.g., how characters int		settings, or events in a su	ory of drama, drawing on specific details in the
 Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>RF.5.3 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> 			
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for CCSS Standard RF.5.3</u> 			
 Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>RF 5.3 Lesson Plans Templa</u> 	count] (<u>sharemylesson.com</u>	<u>1</u>)	
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning) 	ingmedia.org)	correspondences syllabics	ation patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and
	mienze of an ietter sound (correspondences, synables	20 I 21

affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context (Document).

• Activities

- Have the student use decoding skills to match familiar words with picture-based representations of the words.
- Give the student a word card and have the student indicated (point to) the letter that is at the beginning of the word and the letter at the end of the word.
- Give the student word cards (Dolch or Frye). Have the student read the word cards for the teacher.
- In shared reading alternate having the teacher read parts while the student reads the words in their repertoire.
- Have the student pair single words with pictures.
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RF.5.3.a Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context (Videos).</u>
 - YouTube by Rock "N Learn
 - Letter Sounds Phonics for Beginners
 - YouTube by Learning at the Primary Pond
 - How to teach letter sounds
 - o YouTube by LearningMole
 - What is Decoding? What is Phonics? How to Sound Out Words?

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.RF.5.4 Read words in text.		 A.RF.5.4.a Read text comprised of familiar words with accuracy and understanding. A.RF.5.4.b Not Applicable A.RF.5.4.c Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition when reading. 		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.RF.5.4.a (A) Read text comprised of familiar words with accuracy and understanding.	A.RF.5.4.a (B) Read tex words.	t comprised of familiar	A.RF.5.4.a (C) Identify a familiar word.	
A.RF.5.4.c (A) Use context to confirm or self- correct word recognition when reading.	A.RF.5.4.c (B) Use conrecognition when readin		A.RF.5.4.c (C) Use context to confirm word recognition.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
 Sound out words consistently while reading. 		• Accuracy	• Read	
 Practice reading independently. 		• Context	• Self-correct	
• Find meaning in reading.		• Familiar	• Word	
 Discover reading material they find interesti 	ng.	• Letter		
 Enjoy reading. 				
Resources:				
 Websites, articles, and other collections Achieve the Core (achievethecore.or <u>Foundational Skills</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 	C.,			
 RL.5.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes. C Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) RF.5.4 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games 				
 Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com) <u>Resource Library for CCSS Standard RF.5.4</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 				
 <u>RF.5.4 Read with sufficient a</u> 	accuracy and fluency to sup	oport comprehension (Inte	eractive Lessons).	

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Reading Foundational Skills

CONCEPT: Fluency

o R	lead W	rite Thi	ink (rea	dwriteth	ink.org)
-----	--------	----------	----------	----------	----------

- Reading Fluency Interactive Lessons
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>RF.5.4 Lesson Plans Templates</u>...

• Activities

- Allow the student to read a book that is at the same grade-level difficulty as previously read.
- Ask the student to answer questions about a novel text to demonstrate understanding.
- Give the student a familiar text and have them listen to a familiar passage read aloud and then answer comprehension questions about the test.
- Have the student listen while an adult reads a novel text and then ask the student to provide an appropriate word when the teacher provides an exaggerated pause.
- Give the student age-appropriate text that includes both familiar and unfamiliar words then ask the student to answer comprehension questions based on the story.
- Have an array of three different books placed in front of the student. When listening to a book on tape, ask the student to indicate which book goes with the story being read on tape.
- When reading with a small group, pass a copy of the book from student to student as the teacher reads aloud.
- Videos
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>RF.5.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension (Videos).</u>
 - YouTube by Howcast
 - How to Teach Sight Words | Reading Lessons
 - YouTube by Courtney Bentley
 - Teaching Sight Words within Connected Text
 - Education Galaxy Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Demo Grade 5 Reading Reading: Foundational Skills Words in Context RF.5.4
 - Mississippi Grade 5 Reading Reading: Foundational Skills Words in Context RF.5.4

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.5.1 With guidance and support, write opinions about topics or text.		 A.W.5.1.a Introduce a topic or text and state an opinion about it. A.W.5.1.b Provide reasons to support the opinion. A.W.5.1.c Not applicable A.W.5.1.d Not applicable 		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.5.1.a (A) Introduce a topic or text and state an opinion about it.	A.W.5.1.a (B) Match a about it.	topic or text to an opinion	A.W.5.1.a (C) Introduce a topic or text.	
A.W.5.1.b (A) Provide reasons to support the opinion.	A.W.5.1.b (B) Provide opinion.	a reason to support the	A.W.5.1.b (C) Recognize an opinion.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Make decisions based upon the opinion of	a group of peers.	Opinion	• Support	
• Write about a personal experience.		• Reasons	• Text	
• Advocate for themselves.		• State an opinion	• Topic	
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections	i			
o Big Learners (biglearners.com)				
• <u>W.5.1.A</u> : Fifth Grade Engl	<u>ish Language Arts Worksh</u>	<u>eets</u>		
• Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)				
	 <u>Letter to the Lunch Ladies</u> <u>W.5.1Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.</u> 			
		ing a point of view with rea	sons and information.	
 Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com) <u>W.5.1 Worksheets</u> 				
 W.5.1.A Worksheets 				
• Teachers Pay Teachers (teacherspayteachers.com)				
 Small Moment: Quick Write BEACHES FREEBIE Special Education 				
 <u>Opinion Writing Journal</u> 	For Special Education Clas	ssrooms Sample		
• ThoughCo. (thoughtco.com)				
 <u>49 Opinion Writing Promp</u> 	ts for Students			

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - <u>W.5.1. Opinion Writing</u>

• Activities

- During free writing time in class, have students write an opinion about a favorite local team in their journal.
- Given a double-entry journal, have the students enter information and quote from text in the first column, and express opinions about that information in the second column.
- For a book review assignment, have the student write the name of a self-selected text, and then write an opinion about it.
- Use a ready-made set-up in multimedia software to select a book by clicking on a scanned picture of the cover and select an opinion from a bank of words and phrases which is entered in a word document.
- Give the student an opinion essay writing assignment, and have them write a topic (e.g., school hotdogs) and then state an opinion about it (e.g., School hotdogs are yummy!)

- o YouTube by MsRoniMacDonald
 - <u>Fetzer Opinion Writing Kindergarten</u>
- o YouTube by Nancy Fetzer
 - <u>K-1 Opinion Writing Introduction</u>
- YouTube by PS11Showme
 - <u>Kindergarten Writing: Opinion Writing Introduction</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.5.2 With guidance and support, write to share information supported by details.		 A.W.5.2.a Introduce a topic and write to convey information about it including visual, or multimedia information as appropriate. A.W.5.2.b Provide facts, details, or other information related to the topic. A.W.5.2.c Not applicable A.W.5.2.d Not applicable A.W.5.2.e Not applicable 		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.5.2.a (A) Introduce a topic and write to convey information about it including visual, or multimedia information as appropriate. A.W.5.2.a (B) Introduce a topic and write to information about it including multimedia information as a propriate.		luding visual, or	A.W.5.2.a (C) Select a topic.	
A.W.5.2.b (A) Provide facts, details, or other information related to the topic.	A.W.5.2.b (B) Recognize facts, details, or other information related to the topic.		A.W.5.2.b (C)Repeat a fact or detail related to the topic.	
 Real World Connections: Provide information about a topic. Discover topics of interest. Write about favorite topics Understand that oral language is translated into written language. 		 Vocabulary: Convey Details Facts Information 	MultimediaRelatedTopicVisual	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • Creative Content Letter • Building Understanding of the W.5.1 Write opinion pieces of W.5.1 Write opinion pieces of Context (education.com) • Education.com (education.com) • W.5.2.A Worksheets • Read Write Think (readwritethink.org) • Strategy Guide – Shared Write • Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org) • Effective Framework for Print	<u>on topics or texts, supporti</u> g) <u>ting</u>)		easons and information.	

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- o Goalbook Pathways (boalbookapp.com)
 - Explanatory Writing
 - Determine Multiple Main ideas
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - W.5.2. Interview
- Activities
 - Have students participate in shared writing activities. Shared writing activities are constructed for students based on the level and type of teacher support needed as students expand their writing skills over time.
 - During shared writing, the teacher transcribes the entire text while engaging students in a rich discussion about how the text should be composed. Write the entire text yourself in front of students (using chart paper or document viewer) while requesting input from students regarding aspects of the writing where they most need to expand their expertise. Consider, for example, whether your students need to focus attention on paragraph structure, word choice, or sentence expansion.
 - Demonstrate in-the-moment revision during shared writing as necessary to construct a strong draft. Reread the text to students from time to time to discuss what needs to be written next or to monitor whether or not the text conveys information clearly. Add a word using a caret, for example, or delete unneeded text.
 - Do not deliberately make errors during shared writing. Model the immediate construction of a high-quality draft.
 - Read the completed text to students. Take a few minutes to have students orally summarize what has been learned about writing during this session.
 - Post the text in an accessible spot in the classroom and provide opportunities for students to read or use the text multiple times over the next several days or weeks.
 - Have students write frequently. Develop and extend student's background and language knowledge on a topic or experience of interest and establish a purpose for writing. (e.g., Students might write a letter to a local newspaper or write directions for a new game they have developed.)
 - Have students write and record their own essays for a class blog by first completing a series of activities designed to get them thinking and writing about their experiences.
- Videos
 - o You'Tube by Sara Wilcox

Informational Writing

• Lumen (courseslumenlearning.com)

<u>Supporting Claims</u>

- YouTube by Time4Writing
 - How to Use Supporting Details When Writing
- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Informational Writing for Kids Episode 1: What is it?

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- Informational Writing for Kids Episode 2: Brainstorming & Choosing a Topic
- Informational Writing for Kids Episode 3: Making a Plan
- Informational Writing for Kids Episode 4: Writing an Introduction.
- Informational Writing for Kids Episode 5:Writing a Draft.
- Informational Writing for Kids Episode 6:Writing a Closing.

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.W.5.3 With guidance and support, write about events or personal experiences.		A.W.5.3.a Write about an experience or event including three or more events in sequence. A.W.5.3.b Not applicable A.W.5.3.c Not applicable A.W.5.3.e Not applicable A.W.5.3.e Not applicable A.W.5.3.e Not applicable	
	I Can S	tatements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.5.3.a (A) Write about an experience or event including three or more events in sequer		oout an experience or event events in sequence.	A.W.5.3.a (C) Identify one event.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
• Retell events in the order of when they occurred.		•	•
• Write in their journal.			
• Write about important events in their life	2.		
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collectio	ns		
• Education.com (education.com)			
• <u>W.5.3 Worksheets</u>			
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>W.5.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive detai</u> 			
event sequences.	develop real or imagined es	periences or events using el	necuve technique, descriptive details, and clear
 <u>Lesson Time for Andrew</u> 	r Visiting the Past		
 Lesson Found Poems 	· violung une 1 aot		
• Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)		
Resource Library for Mis			
 <u>Resource Library for Mis</u> 			
 <u>Resource Library for Mis</u> 			
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbsles) 			
• W.5.3 Write narratives to	develop real or imagined ex	periences or events using el	ffective technique, descriptive details, and clear
event sequences (Lessons	<u>s)</u> .		
m 238			20 Jun 21

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- o Read Write Think (readwritethink.org)
 - <u>Completing the Circle: The Craft of Circular Plot Structure</u>
- o Young Minds Inspired (ymiclassroom.com)
 - Lesson: Snoopy & Nasa: Celebrating the Space Station
- o Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - <u>W.5.3. Writing a Narrative</u>
- Activities
 - The teacher demonstrates the act of writing by thinking aloud as text is composed in front of students. This allows students to hear the thinking that accompanies the writing process, such as choice of topic, how to begin the piece, and how to look for interesting vocabulary. Modeled writing also includes revising and editing what has been written.
 - Shared writing where the teacher and students share the composing process. By writing in front of the students, the teacher reinforces concepts of print directionality, and print conventions. Shared writing is a negotiated process with choice of words and topics discussed and decided jointly by students and the teacher. By collaborating with the teacher, who acts as a scribe, the students are free to focus on the composing process without the additional task of transcribing. Shared writing can take many forms, such as: class rules and charts, poems, shared experiences, classroom observations, newsletters to parents, daily message, innovation of a previously read book, a group story, or a model of a new type of writing.
 - The teacher and students interact to compose a text. The teacher shares with the students, at strategic points, the actual writing of letters and words. The teacher and students collaborate on the content of the text. They should work together to construct words through the analysis of sound, helping students increase their letter knowledge and gain familiarity with many sight words. Interactive writing encourages students to search, check, and confirm during the writing process.
 - In guided writing, the teacher works with individual students or a small group of students who have similar needs and offers assistance as the students write. This activity provides focused writing instruction to students to enable them to become independent writers.
 - Have the students tell a story. The teacher listens, transcribes, and, as necessary, prompts, using a story plan and questions to help the students move the story along. The story plan includes these parts: character, setting, problem, events, and resolution. This strategy may need to be modeled several times for the young writers to internalize it. The students can use the story plan to write future stories of their own.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Writing a Personal Narrative: Brainstorming a Story for Kids
 - <u>Writing a Personal Narrative: Planning & Pre-writing a Story for kids</u>
 - <u>Writing a Personal Narrative: Writing an Introduction or Opening for Kids</u>
 - <u>Writing a Personal Narrative: Writing a Draft for Kids</u>
 - <u>Writing a Personal Narrative: Writing a Closing or Conclusion for Kids</u>
 - <u>Writing a Personal Narrative: Revising for Kids</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Text Types and Purposes

- Writing a Personal Narrative: Editing for Kids
- YouTube by Eric Carter
 - How to Write a Current Event
- YouTube by Educational channel by Ritashu
 - An important event in your life, paragraph writing in English
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - W.5.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences (Videos).

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.5.4 With guidance and support, produce writing that is appropriate for a stated task or purpose.		A.W.5.4.a Produce writing that is appropriate for a stated task or purpose.		
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.5.4.a (A). Produce writing that is appropriate for a stated task or purpose.	A.W.5.4.a (B). Create a appropriate for a stated		A.W.5.4.a (C). Choose a word that is appropriate for a stated task or purpose.	
Real World Connections:	• • • •	Vocabulary:		
• Organize thoughts on paper.		• Create	• State	
• Write in a journal.		Produce	• Task	
• Write in their own words.		• Purpose	• Word	
		Sentence		
	count] (sharemylesson.con <u>mplates</u> <u>earpod.com)</u> <u>sippi Standard W.5.4</u> . ingmedia.org)	n)	anization are appropriate to task, purpose, and	
<u>audience (Lessons).</u>				

- Activities
 - Story telling boxes are used to store costumes or propose students use to write a story. They require students to determine the sequence of a story, incorporate dialogue that makes characters come alive, and develop the main ideas for the story.
 - Teacher uses a large hand graphic organizer. The teacher writes a question on each of the fingers about key details to be included in a text the students are to write. Students then are to use the questions to produce a writing that is appropriate and answers the questions.
 - Have students write a than you letter to a guest speaker that is appropriately formatted and understood by its audience.
 - Have the students write a story for a kindergarten class that is understood when read aloud to the class.
 - Have the student write a note to remind the teacher to bring a book back from the library that results in the desired outcome.
 - The teacher should help the students understand that all stories have a beginning, middle, and an end so they can assist their students in expanding their sense of story. Introduce the writer to more complex story language through real books and invite the writer to experiment with language in his/her own writing. By using a graphic organizer, the writer is able to organize the story parts of a favorite story, then use this organizer to expand his/her own writing.
 - Have the student use picture communication symbols to make requests (e.g., use picture exchange to request a food item during lunch) that are written by the teacher and read aloud as the student listens and observes.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Mr. Hanna
 - The Three Purposes for Writing
 - o YouTube by Learn English and Emma
 - <u>5 tips to improve your writing</u>
 - Learn English: Cause & Effect so, since, hence, due to, as a result
 - <u>IELTS Writing Task 1: How to describe a process</u>
 - YouTube by IELTS Advantage
 - <u>IELTS Writing Task 2 | Everything You Need Tt Know</u>
 - PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - W.5.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience (Videos).

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.5.5 With guidance and support, plan before writing and revise own writing.		A.W.5.5.a Plan before writing and revise own writing.		
	I Can Sta	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.5.5.a (A) Plan before writing and revise own writing.	A.W.5.5.a (B) Plan befo	ore writing.	A.W.5.5.a (C) Revise a writing.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Revise a draft of a story that they have written.		• Correct	Outline	
• Create an outline for a writing assignment.		• Edit	• Plan	
 Ask someone to proofread their writing. 		• Draft	• Revise	
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Education.com (education.com) • W.5.5 Worksheets, Workbood • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • Lesson - Help Wanted! • Presentations: Learning to Sa • Maniac Macgee: Compare art • Big Learners (biglearners.com) • W.5.5. Fifth Grade English I • Share My Lesson [requires a free accound] • Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org) • W.5.5 Curriculum Document • Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpoint) • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning) • W.5.5 With guidance and supplications	ay What We Wrote ad Contrast Characters Language Arts Worksheet count] (sharemylesson.com nplates ts earpod.com) ippi Standard W.5.5. ngmedia.org)	<u>5</u> 1)	writing as needed by planning, revising, editing,	
rewriting, or trying a new approximation0Tutorified (tutorified.com)•W.5.5. Revising, Editing, and				

- Activities
 - As a class, brainstorm ideas for a narrative piece. Chart the brainstorm where all students can see it. Hand out a variety of graphic organizers (e.g., Venn diagram, T-chart, cluster web, story map, and timeline). Each student should get copies of all of the organizers. Pair students together. Have each pair of students examine the graphic organizers, choose one, and use it to plan a narrative paper. When the students have finished planning, have them share their reasons for picking the graphic organizer they used. Discuss with the class the advantages and disadvantages of each type of graphic organizer for planning narrative writing.
 - Explain that the class will work together to create a list of words that might be used in writing for the month. The list will be posted in the classroom, available for student use. Words included may be thematic, holiday, seasonal, and/or content area words. Suggest that students may also want to include words that are often-used, but difficult to spell. Begin by modeling a Think-Aloud, recording two or three words that will be used in writing for that month. Ask students to suggest words. Generate more words by discussing upcoming holidays, the season, or topics they will learn about during the month. Record the words the students suggest. After the class has finalized its list, create a poster. You may want to use color markers that reflect the colors used during a particular season or you may want to reinforce phonetic strategies by stretching out words, writing sounds or word chunks heard. When you have finished the poster, display it in the classroom. During the semester, refer to the word list as you make connections of unknown words to known words. Lead the class in reading and reviewing the list of words regularly. Remind students to refer to the list as they write.
 - Have students brainstorm topics for writing. Think aloud two come up with two or three topics, such as "Friends," "My Sister," or "My Little Puppy." Write these on the chart paper. Have students think of topics with which they are familiar and ask them to take turns naming the topics. Record each topic and the student's name on chart paper. Ask students to contribute some of the known letters or words of the topics as you transcribe them. Display the list of topics in the classroom. Title the list "Ideas for Writing; Topics I Can Write About." Read the list of topics to review for the students. Encourage the students to add to this list throughout the school year. Provide each student with his or her own topic sheet to compose a personal list of topics for writing.
 - After working with the teacher to brainstorm ideas for writing, use personal word bank to write, interact with the teacher for feedback, and edit own writing based on the feedback.
 - After using a graphic organizer tool to brainstorm and organize ideas, write a first draft, share with a peer, and edit draft by adding additional details based on peer feedback.
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - W.5.5 With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach (Videos).
 - YouTube by High Vibe Teaching
 - How to Teach 4th 5th Grade Writing! EASY
 - YouTube by Spalding Education
 - 5th Grade Reading & Writing Lessons Part 1
 - <u>5th Grade Reading & Writing Lessons Part 2</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>Writing a Personal Narrative: Planning & Pre-Writing a Story</u>

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.W.5.6 With guidance and support, use technology, including the internet, to produce writing while interacting and collaborating with others.		A.W.5.6.a Use technology, including the internet, to produce writing while interacting and collaborating with others.	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.5.6.a (A) Use technology, including the internet, to produce writing while interacting and collaborating with others.		0,	A.W.5.6.a (C) Use technology, including the internet, to illustrate writing.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Explore tools for drawing, writing, and self-expression. Do homework on a computer. Use Google Docs for group writing. Enhance or emphasize text when writing (e.g., fonts, bold, italicized). Spell-check a document. Insert clipart into documents. 		 Desktop Internet iPad Laptop 	Smart TelevisionTabletTechnologyWrite
Resources:Websites, articles, and other collections			
 Education.com (education.com) <u>W.5.6 Worksheets, Workboo</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>W.6.6 Use technology, inclue</u> demonstrate sufficient comm <u>Lesson - An Epic Epilogue</u> <u>Lesson - Prologue: Stew Mer</u> Big Learners (biglearners.com) <u>W.5.6: Fifth Grade English I</u> 	ding the Internet, to produ nand of keyboarding skills at Language Arts Worksheets	<u>ace and publish writing as</u> to type a minimum of the <u>S</u>	well as to interact and collaborate with others; ree pages in a single sitting.
 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) <u>W.5.6. Lesson Plans and Templates</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>W.5.6 Curriculum Documents</u> 			

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Production and Distribution of Writing

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting (Lessons).</u>
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - W.5.6.Technology Assisted
- o Edutopia (3dutopia.org)
 - <u>The Common Core and Digital Skills Development</u>
- o LD Online (ldonline.org)
 - <u>Reviewing: Making Changes in Writing with Technology</u>
- Activities
 - Create a prewriting web, a method of gathering and organizing thoughts. A topic is written in the center of a piece of paper or a chalk board, and rays are drawn out from it to details and evidence that support the central topic. Students may use this strategy to find information on the internet, organize thoughts and details, sequence a story, or outline parts of a story before composition begins.
 - Have students work together to find a scene on the Internet to write about. Then have them close their eyes and visualize being there. The have the students use technology working together to produce writing about the scene.
 - Use a teacher-created or teacher-identified website to learn about a topic with a peer, take notes with the peer in graphic organizer software, convert the graphic organizer to an outline, and co-author a summary.
 - In a science lesson, after visiting websites designated by the teacher, use a talking word processor to draft notes and then share what was learned with peers.
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>W.5.6 With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as</u> well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting (Videos).
 - YouTube by Cambridge English
 - Teach with digital using digital tools to improve writing
 - YouTube by GreggU
 - <u>Using Technology for Collaboration in Writing</u>
 - YouTube by Smile and Learn
 - <u>Responsible Use of Technology for Kids</u>

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.W.5.7 With guidance and support, conduct short research projects using two or more sources.		A.W.5.7.a Conduct short research projects using two or more sources. A.W.5.7.b A.W.5.7.c	
	I Can S	statements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.W.5.7.a (A) Conduct short research projects		ct short research projects	A.W.5.7.a (C) Explore sources for research
using two or more sources.	using one sources.		projects.
Real World Connections:	World Connections:		
• Research information about a topic of inter	• Research information about a topic of interest.		
• Translate what is learned into text.		• Library	
• Look up resources for a research project.		• Research	
• Learn how to use research tools.			
Resources:			
• Websites, articles, and other collections			
 Education.com (education.com) 			
 <u>W.5.7 Worksheets</u>, Workbo 	oks, Lesson Plans, and G	<u>Fames</u>	
o Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)			
 Writing a Research Paper Bibliography of Books and Websites 			
<u>Colonial Market: Product C</u>	reation		
• <u>5th Grade State Report</u>			
• Big Learners (biglearners.com)	T A (W7 1 1		
• <u>W.5.7: Fifth Grade English</u>			
 Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com) <u>W.5.7. Lesson Plans and Templates</u> 		JIII)	
\circ Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)	<u>ampiano</u>		
 W.5.7 Curriculum Documer 	nts		
• Nearpod [requires a free account](n			
 Resource Library for Missis 	1 ,		
• PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)			
 W.5.7 Conduct short resear 	ch projects that use sever	al sources to build knowled	lge through investigation of different aspects of a
topic (Lessons).			
ore 248			29-Jun-21

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - W.5.7. Research

• Activities

- Have the students find pictures from the Internet, magazines, newspapers, and catalogs, to support a written report about a topic.
- Have students read three or more books to find information to include in a short research project.
- Use sticky notes to mark pages in several books where there is relevant information, and then write that information in a group research project.
- Have students explore how to search Google using your voice (i.e., click/tap on the microphone in the Google search box or on your phone/tablet keyboard). Have students open two different search engines such as Google and Bing. Type in a query and compare the results. Do all search engines work exactly the same?
- Have students work in pairs to try out a different search engines and then report back to the class on the pros and cons.
- Have students think of something they are curious about. Open Google in two tabs. In one search, type in one or two keywords. In the other search type in multiple relevant keywords. Compare the results. Discuss the importance of being specific.

• Videos

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - W.5.7 Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic (Videos).

• YouTube by CalvLib

- What is Research: Choosing Your Topic
- YouTube by EdTech Show with Dan Spada
 - <u>Teaching Students How to Research</u>
- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - How to Write a Research Paper for Kids | Episode 1 | Brainstorming Topics
 - How to Write a Research Paper for Kids | Episode 2 | Making a Plan
 - How to Write a Research Paper for Kids | Episode 3 | Researching
 - How to Write a Research Paper for Kids | Episode 4 | Writing a Draft
 - How to Write a Research Paper for Kids | Episode 5 | Revising

DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.5.8 Gather and sort relevant information on a topic from print or digital sources into given categories.		A.W.5.8.a Gather and sort relevant information on a topic from print or digital sources into given categories.		
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.5.8.a (A) Gather and sort relevant	A.W.5.8.a (B) Sort rele	vant information on a	A.W.5.8.a C Identify relevant information on a	
information on a topic from print or digital sources into given categories.	topic from print or digital sources into given categories.		topic from print or digital sources.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Write upcoming events on a calendar.		Categorize	• Notes	
• Write a to do list.		• Digital	• Print	
• Summarize a story.		• Gather	• Relevant	
		• Information		
 Websites, articles, and other collections Education.com (education.com) <u>W.5.8 Worksheets, Workboo</u> Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org <u>Concept Sort</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>Greatest Hits on Your Birtho</u> <u>W.5.8 Recall relevant information in no</u> Big Learners (biglearners.com) <u>W.5.8: Fifth Grade English I</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free acc <u>W.5.8 Lesson Plans and Ten</u> Engage^{ny} (engageny.org) <u>W.5.8 Curriculum Document</u> Nearpod [requires a free account](ne) ation from experiences o otes and finished work an anguage Arts Worksheet ount] (sharemylesson.cor oplates ts arpod.com)	<u>r gather relevant informati</u> d provide a list of sources <u>s</u>	ion from print and digital sources; summarize or <u>-</u>	

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work and provide a list of sources (Documents).</u>
- o Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - <u>W.5.9.a Writing About Literature</u>
 - W.5.9.b. Writing About Informational Texts
- Activities
 - Ask a student to recall information about a trip to the zoo and gather additional information about the animals they saw and include both in a written produce.
 - Have students recall information from a science project and gather information about the project by watching video clips then combine information from both in writing.
 - Give students a list of terms. Have students to sort the terms according to categories provided by the teacher. Concept sorts can be used to teach students words about shapes, telling time, etc.
 - Provide students with the cards you have developed. Tell them that their task is to put the cards in sequential order. For instance, middle school students may be asked to order cards that display the steps of the scientific method. Students manipulate the cards to place them in order. If students are working independently, encourage them to think on their own and then allow them the opportunity to check their work with a neighbor. The conversations that occur as students consider the order will contribute to students' understanding of the content. Alternatively, if the class is working as a whole, distribute cards so that each individual receives one card. Then ask students to line up in order across the front of the classroom. Students will need to talk with one another as they find their places. Encourage students to look at their notes, text, or the Internet to confirm the sequences they created. Debrief with students about the content and the process. Which events did they find easiest to sequence? Why? Why is sequencing information important? How did this strategy help them build a better understanding of the content? Was it helpful to talk with peers? Were their notes useful?
- Videos
 - o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - W.5.8 Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work and provide a list of sources (Videos).
 - YouTube by jbsed1
 - <u>Gathering sources for Research</u>
 - YouTube by Reading Rockets
 - Concept Sort
 - YouTube by Kids Academy
 - <u>Sort the Same Group Tow Different Ways</u>
 - YouTube by eHowEducation
 - <u>How to Categorize & Classify Activities for Kids</u>

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

• YouTube by Lori Adamo

<u>Collect and Organize Data (Video 1)</u>

- YouTube by Knowledge Platform
 - Describe ways on how to collect and organize data.

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Writing CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

informational text to support writing. "Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). A.W.5.9.b Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 5 Reading Standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational text."). A.W.5.9.a (A) Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 5</i> <i>Reading Standards</i> to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). A.W.5.9.b (A) Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 5</i> <i>Reading Standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). A.W.5.9.b (A) Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 5</i> <i>Reading Standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). A.W.5.9.b (A) Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 5</i> <i>Reading Standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Compare and informational texts."). A.W.5.9.b (B) Identify a supporting point in an informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational text."). Read World Connections: • Gather information on a favorite topic. • Make a list of their favorite books. • Find a book in the library.	Standard			Performance Objectives		
MOST COMPLEX LEAST COMPLEX A.W.5.9.a (A) Apply MS AAAS of Grade 5 Reading Standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). A.W.5.9.b (A) Apply MS AAAS of Grade 5 Reading Standards to informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational text."). Gather information on a favorite topic. Make a list of their favorite books. Find a book in the library. Websites, articles, and other collections W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Better Lesson (bitterlesson.com) W.5.9 Worksheets, Morkbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Better Lesson (bitterlesson.com) Colonial Market: Research W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Market Despine (complex) Active to prove the provide complex informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. 	A.W.5.9 With guidance and support, use information from literary and informational text to support writing.		"Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). A.W.5.9.b Apply <i>MS AAAS of Grade 5 Reading Standards</i> to informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific			
A.W.5.9.a (A) Apply MS AAAS of Grade 5 Reading Standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). A.W.5.9.a (C) Identify one character in a story. A.W.5.9.b (A) Apply MS AAAS of Grade 5 Reading Standards to informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational text."). A.W.5.9.b (B) Identify a supporting point in an informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational text."). A.W.5.9.b (B) Identify a supporting point in an informational text. Beal World Connections: Vocabulary: • Character • Gather information on a favorite topic. • Character • Story • Informational • Text Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Tutorified (tutorified.com) • W.5.10 Writing Prompts • Education.com (education.com) • W.5.20 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • Colonial Market: Market Day! • Colonial Market: Market Day! • Colonial Market: Research • W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.		I Can St	atements			
Reading Standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two characters in the story"). story. A.W.5.9.b (A) Apply MS ALAAS of Grade 5 A.W.5.9.b (B) Identify a supporting point in an informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational text."). A.W.5.9.b (B) Identify a supporting point in an informational text. Read World Connections: Gather information on a favorite topic. A.W.5.9.b (C) Repeat a supporting point in an informational text. • Gather information on a favorite topic. Make a list of their favorite books. • Character • Story. • Find a book in the library. • Character • Story. • Text • Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Text • Text • Education.com (education.com) • W.5.10 Writing Prompts • Education.com • W.5.9. Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • Colonial Market: Market Day! • Colonial Market: Research • W.5.9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX		
Reading Standards to informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational text. informational text. informational text. Real World Connections: • Character • Story • Gather information on a favorite topic. • Character • Story • Make a list of their favorite books. • Informational • Text • Find a book in the library. • Informational • Text • Websites, articles, and other collections • Tutorified (tutorified.com) • W.5.10 Writing Prompts • Education.com (education.com) • W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • Colonial Market: Market Day! • Colonial Market: Market Day! • Colonial Market: Research • W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.			two characters in the	A.W.5.9.a (C) Identify one character in a story.		
 Gather information on a favorite topic. Make a list of their favorite books. Find a book in the library. Character • Story Informational • Text Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Tutorified (tutorified.com) W.5.10 Writing Prompts Education.com (education.com) W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) Colonial Market: Market Day! Colonial Market: Research W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. 	Reading Standards to informational texts (e.g., "Identify specific reasons and evidence for supporting specific points in an informational					
 Gather information on a favorite topic. Make a list of their favorite books. Find a book in the library. Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Tutorified (tutorified.com) W.5.10 Writing Prompts Education.com (education.com) W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) Colonial Market: Market Day! Colonial Market: Research W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. 	Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
 Make a list of their favorite books. Find a book in the library. Informational Text Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Tutorified (tutorified.com) W.5.10 Writing Prompts Education.com (education.com) W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) Colonial Market: Market Day! Colonial Market: Research W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. 	• Gather information on a favorite topic.			• Story		
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Tutorified (tutorified.com) • <u>W.5.10 Writing Prompts</u> • Education.com (education.com) • <u>W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • <u>Colonial Market: Market Dayl</u> • <u>Colonial Market: Research</u> • <u>W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. </u>	• Make a list of their favorite books.		• Informational	• Text		
 Websites, articles, and other collections Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>W.5.10 Writing Prompts</u> Education.com (education.com) <u>W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>Colonial Market: Market Day!</u> <u>Colonial Market: Research</u> <u>W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</u> 	• Find a book in the library.					
 Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>W.5.10 Writing Prompts</u> Education.com (education.com) <u>W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>Colonial Market: Market Day!</u> <u>Colonial Market: Research</u> <u>W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</u> 	Resources: • Websites articles and other collections					
 <u>W.5.9 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>Colonial Market: Market Day!</u> <u>Colonial Market: Research</u> <u>W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</u> 	• Tutorified (tutorified.com)					
 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>Colonial Market: Market Day!</u> <u>Colonial Market: Research</u> <u>W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</u> 		oks, Lesson Plans, and Ga	<u>mes</u>			
	 Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>Colonial Market: Market Da</u> <u>Colonial Market: Research</u> 	<u>y!</u>		lection, and research.		

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- W.5.9: Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>W.5.9. Lesson Plans and Templates</u>
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - <u>W.5.9 Curriculum Documents</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard W.5.9.a
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research (Lessons).</u>

• Activities

- Working with the teacher, highlight words in the text that show how two characters are the same and different, and then have the student use the highlighted word to write about the characters.
- After listening to or reading a familiar text, use a ready-made set-up in multimedia software to identify words from the text that relate to the setting and write about how it compares to their own community.
- After reading to identify the evidence an author provides, have the student write about the evidence in support of own opinion about the topic.
- After participating in shared reading of a book about healthy eating, use a preprogrammed voice output device to contribute ideas to the group writing project.

• Videos

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - <u>W.5.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research (Videos).</u>
- YouTube by Khan Academy
 - Looking back at the text for evidence
- YouTube by Bloom Edu
 - <u>Textual Evidence</u>
- YouTube by NAEYC Training
 - Making the Most of informational Text in the Classroom with PBS KIDS
- YouTube by Katherine Heiles
 - <u>Using Text Evidence</u>

Standard		Performance Objectives		
A.W.5.10 With guidance and support, write routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences.		A.W.5.10.a With guidance and support, write routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
	I Can Sta	tements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.W.5.10.a (A) With guidance and support, write routinely for a variety of tasks, purposes, and audiences.	A.W.5.10.a (B) With gur routinely.	idance and support, write	A.W.5.10.a (C) With guidance and support, recognize a familiar writing.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Write name and date in classroom journal ea	ich day.	Behavior log	• Name	
• Make a list of supplies		Board maker	Recognize	
• Write their name o their personal items.		• Date	• Routine	
-		• Familiar	• Write	
		 Journal 		
 Websites, articles, and other collections Education.com (education.com) <u>W.5.10 Worksheets, Workbo</u> English Worksheets Land (Englishw <u>Grade 5 Writing Prompts an</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>Writing a Suspense Passage 1</u> Tutorified (tutorified.com) <u>W.5.10 Writing Prompts</u> Big Learners (biglearners.com) <u>W.5.10: Fifth Grade English</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free acconduction of the second of the	rorksheetsland.com) <u>d Activities Related ELA s</u> to Convey a Sense of Wait <u>Language Arts Worksheet</u> count] (sharemylesson.com emplates	<u>Standard: W.5.10</u> ing <u>, Mental Uncertainty, or</u>	<u>: Excitement</u>	
	 <u>W.5.10 Curriculum Documents</u> PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org) 			
0 PDS Learning Media (mpd.pbslearni	ngmedia.org)			

DOMAIN: Writing

CONCEPT: Range of Writing

• W.5.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences (Lessons).

• Activities

- Have students write about the texts they read. They can write about their personal reactions, analyses, interpretations, arguments, summaries, notes, questions, etc. Have them write short stories, autobiographies, poems, blogs, etc. The more they write the better.
- Have students copy your words and language. Use the question to answer it. Highlight your use of academic language and vocabulary. Have students work with a partner to explain their thinking in response to a journal problem.
- Incorporate writing to learn in the classroom. Teachers include writing to learn primarily as an instructional tool to promote learning. The goal in writing to learn is not to produce a formal composition; usually, writing to learn is an informal, single-draft writing. The goals are to use this writing to deepen the student's understanding of subjects studied; to engage students in thinking, applying/extending knowledge and developing skills; and to help students reflect on themselves as learners.

• Videos

- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - W.5.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences (Videos).
- YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>How to Write for Your Audience Writing Video for Kids</u>
- YouTube by CHS Eagles English
 - Writing: Task, Purpose, and Audience
- o YouTube by Learn English with Emma
 - <u>My Top 5 Writing Tips (for all levels)</u>

Standard			Performance Objectives	
A.SL.5.1 Engage in collaborative discussions.		 A.SL.5.1.a Come to discussion prepared to share information. A.SL.5.1.b Carry out assigned role in a discussion. A.SL.5.1.c Ask questions related to information in a discussion. A.SL.5.1.d Make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others. 		
	I Can Sta	itements		
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.5.1.a (A) Come to discussion prepared to share information.	A.SL.5.1.a (B) Share inf	formation in a discussion.	A.SL.5.1.a (C) Listen in a discussion.	
A.SL.5.1.b (A) Carry out assigned role in a discussion.	A.SL.5.1.b (B) Participate in a discussion.		A.SL.5.1.b (C) Repeat a statement in a discussion.	
A.SL.5.1.c (A) Ask questions related to information in a discussion.	A.SL.5.1.c (B) Ask a question related to information in a discussion.		A.SL.5.1.c (C) Select information related to a discussion.	
A.SL.5.1.d (A) Make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.	A.SL.5.1.d (B) Make comments that contribute to the discussion.		A.SL.5.1.d (C) Communicate non-verbally in a discussion.	
 Real World Connections: Engage in classroom discussions. Participate in discussions with family and fride Express a need or want to supportive adults. Recall information learned during a discussion Ask questions as part of a discussion. Resources: Websites, articles, and other collections Edutopia (www.edutopia.org) Teaching Your Students How The Autism Helper (theautismhelper Teaching Conversation Skills Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 	on. <u>v to Have a Conversation</u> com)		 Information Question Recall Remark 	

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening CONCEPT: Comprehension and Collaboration

- grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)
 - <u>SL.5.1 Workbooks</u>, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - Literacy.SL.5.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account] (sharemylesson.com)
 - <u>SL.5.1 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - <u>SL.5.1 Curriculum Documents</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.5.2</u>
- Activities
 - o Practice conversations with supportive adults in the school building.
 - Tell about a special event.
 - Repeat details learned from a classroom discussion.
- Videos

o YouTube

- <u>Speaking and Listening Skills</u>
- Focus Lesson on Talk Moves
- o YouTube by Edutopia
 - <u>Encouraging Academic Conversations with Talk Moves</u>

Standard			Performance Objectives		
A.SL.5.2 Identify the explicitly stated main idea of or through other media.	a text presented orally	A.SL.5.2.a State the main idea from an oral presentation.			
	I Can Sta	atements			
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX		
A.SL.5.2.a (A) State the main idea from an oral	A.SL.5.2.a (B) Locate th	he main idea from an oral	A.SL.5.2.a (C) Repeat the main idea from an		
presentation.	presentation.		oral presentation.		
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
 Follow oral directions. 		• Detail	• Orally		
• Recall details of a story told by a classmate.		Main idea	• Presentation		
• Answer questions about a story or other info	ormation that is read				
aloud.					
Resources:					
• Websites, articles, and other collections					
 Scholastic Parents (www.scholastic.c 	/				
 <u>7 Important Questions to As</u> 	<u>k Your Child During Stor</u>	r <u>y Time</u>			
o <u>Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)</u>					
	ext read aloud or information	tion presented in diverse n	nedia and formats, including visually,		
quantitatively, and orally.	1/ 1				
L 1	• Education.com [requires a free account] (education.com)				
 <u>SL.5.2 Workbooks, Lesson P</u> O PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning) 					
		tion presented in diverse m	nedia and formats, including visually,		
guantitatively, and orally.		alon presented in diverse n	iedia and formats, meruding visually,		
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc	ountl (sharemylesson corr)			
SL.5.2 Lesson Plan Template	J (J	•)			
o Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)					
<u>SL.5.2 Curriculum Documen</u>	<u>its</u>				
• Nearpod [requires a free account] (no					
 <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.5.2</u> 					
• Activities					
• Provide students with opportunities	to hear stories or direction	ns read aloud.			

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Comprehension and Collaboration

- Ask questions after reading aloud.
- Share videos of read-a-louds and have students ask and answer questions about what they heard.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - Asking and Answering Questions
 - YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - Reading Ask and Answer Questions
 - YouTube by EasyTeaching
 - <u>Main Idea, Summarizing and Reading Strategies</u>
 - YouTube by Ms. Walsh's 3rd Grade
 - How to Find the Main Idea and Key Details

Standard			Performance Objectives	
A.SL.5.3 Identify the reasons and evidence supporting a specific point.		A.SL.5.3.a Recognize evidence or details that support a specific point.		
	I Can St	atements		
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX	
A.SL.5.3.a (A) Recognize evidence or details that	A.SL.5.3.a (B) Match e	vidence or details that	A.SL.5.3.a (C) Select evidence or a detail that	
support a specific point.	support a specific point		supports a specific point.	
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:		
• Recall details of a story told by a classmate.		• Defend	• Reason	
• Defend an argument from a character's point	t of view based on	• Evidence	• Recall	
evidence.		• Identify	Recognize	
• Answer questions about a story or other info	ormation that is read	• Point		
aloud.				
Resources:				
• Websites, articles, and other collections	11 1 1			
• Speech and Language Kids (speecha	000,			
 <u>Helping Children to Identify</u> <u>Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)</u> 	Main Ideas and Supporti	ng Details When Reading		
	a speaker makes and exp	lain how each claim is sup	ported by reasons and evidence.	
• Education.com [requires a free accou		nam now each chann is supp	ported by reasons and evidence.	
 SL.5.3 Workbooks, Lesson F 	3 、 /			
 PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearning) 				
0 (11	0	lain how each claim is sup	ported by reasons and evidence.	
• Share My Lesson [requires a free acc	ount] (sharemylesson.cor	n)		
SL.5.3 Lesson Plan Template	<u>es</u>			
o Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org)				
 <u>SL.5.3 Curriculum Documen</u> 				
1 6 1 3 (
<u>Resource Library for Mississ</u>	ippi Standard SL.5.3			
• Activities	. 1	1 . 1		
• Provide students with opportunities			z a video	
• Ask questions about the main idea and	iu supporting details afte	i reading aroud or watching		

DOMAIN: Speaking and Listening

CONCEPT: Comprehension and Collaboration

- Share videos of read-a-louds and have students identify the main idea and supporting details.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Teaching Without Frills
 - <u>Asking and Answering Questions</u>
 - YouTube by Education Galaxy
 - <u>Reading Ask and Answer Questions</u>
 - YouTube by EasyTeaching
 - <u>Main Idea, Summarizing and Reading Strategies</u>
 - YouTube by Ms. Walsh's 3rd Grade
 - How to Find the Main Idea and Key Details

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

Standard			Performance Objectives		
A.SL.5.4 Report on a familiar topic or text or present an opinion including related facts.			A.SL.5.4.a Share a familiar topic using related facts. A.SL.5.4.b Present a familiar topic using related facts.		
	I Can	Statements			
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX		
A.SL.5.4.a (A) Share a familiar topic ware related facts.	A.SL.5.4.a (B) Shar one related fact.	e a familiar topic using at least	A.SL.5.4.a (C) Recall a familiar topic.		
A.SL.5.4.b (A) Present a familiar topi related facts.	c using A.SL.5.4.b (B) Pres least one fact.	ent a familiar topic using at	A.SL.5.4.b (C) Draw or represent a familiar topic non-verbally.		
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:			
• Restate the plot of a favorite sho	ow or movie.	• Facts	• Recall		
• Share about how they feel about	t a certain topic.	• Familiar	• Report		
• Include important details when	relaying information.	Opinion	• Share		
		• Present			
Resources:					
• Websites, articles, and other					
	• Read Write Think (readwritethink.org)				
	<u>Students as Creators: Exploring Multimedia</u>				
	 Common Sense Education (commonsense.org) <u>Best Classroom Tools for Presentations and Slideshows</u> 				
	vhatihavelearnedteaching.com)	nows			
	duce Opinion Writing to Elementa	ny Students			
 <u>Better Lesson (betterless</u>) 		iry students			
	 <u>SL.5.4 Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant.</u> 				
descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.					
1					
SL.5.4 Workboo	 SL.5.4 Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games 				
 PBS Learning Media (m 					
	 SL.5.4 Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, 				
	descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.				
 Share My Lesson [required] 	es a free account] (sharemylesson.	.com)			

DOMAIN: Language

- <u>SL.5.4 Lesson Plan Templates</u>
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - <u>SL.5.4 Curriculum Documents</u>
- Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard SL.5.4</u>
- Activities
 - Have students present using PowerPoint or other multimedia presentation software.
 - Retell a fairy tale or nursery rhyme from childhood using as many facts as they can remember.
 - Ask students to describe their favorite movie or television episode.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Wanna Know
 - Power Point Tutorial for Kids
 - o YouTube by CraftyGirls
 - How to Make a Video: Film and Edit Tips for Kids
 - o YouTube by John Spencer
 - Writing Prompt for Opinions

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.SL.5.5 Select or create audio recordings and viso presentation.	ual displays to enhance a		o to share in a presentation. ures or other visuals and share in a presentation
	I Can Sta	tements	
MOST COMPLEX			LEAST COMPLEX
A.SL.5.5.a (A) Record audio to share in a presentation.	A.SL.5.5.a (B) Record of presentation.	own voice to share in a	A.SL.5.5.a (C) Select audio to share in a presentation.
A.SL.5.5.b (A) Choose pictures or other visuals and share in a presentation.	A.SL.5.5.b (B) Choose to share in a presentation		A.SL.5.5.b (C) Select a picture or other visual to share in a presentation.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Show connections between television and self-selected videos for presentation. Show connections between radio or other audio and own recorded voice for the purposes of presentation. Compare own video and audio recordings to music and television. 		AudioCompareConnectionPictures	 Presentation Record Video Visual
Resources:			
 Websites, articles, and other collections Read Write Think (readwritethink.org) <u>Students as Creators: Exploring Multimedia</u> Common Sense Education (commonsense.org) <u>Best Classroom Tools for Presentations and Slideshows</u> Activities Have students present using PowerPoint or other multimedia presentation software. Ask students to bring collectables or souvenirs to share as part of recorded audio or video presentation. Provide multiple opportunities for students to record their own audio and video for the purpose of presentation. Videos 			
 YouTube by Wanna Know 			

Page | 265

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Language

- <u>Power Point Tutorial for Kids</u>
- YouTube by CraftyGirls
 - How to Make a Video: Film and Edit Tips for Kids

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.SL.5.6 Differentiate between contexts that required communication.	ire formal and informal	A.SL.5.6.a Recognize w communication.	hen a context calls for formal or informal
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.SL.5.6.a (A) Recognize when a context calls for formal or informal communication.	A.SL.5.6.a (B) Differen informal conversation p	tiate between formal and artners.	A.SL.5.6.a (C) Repeat relevant statements in formal and informal communication.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Recognize how friends communicate versus Speak with friends. Speak with community helpers. Use social cues to communicate appropriate 	0	 Adults Communicate Community helpe Conversation Family 	 Formal Friend Informal Partner
	ng: What's the Difference and Informal Communica riends. supportive adults or comm sations with peers and adu tudents greet peers inform y comment on a peer's re	ution nunity helpers. Its sound differently. nally (e.g., "Hi There!") and	l teachers formally (e.g., "Good morning.") d formally offer own remarks (e.g., "I think it
• YouTube by PGSD Schools			

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Language

- <u>4th Grade Formal vs Informal Language</u>
- YouTube by Help Teaching
 - Formal and Informal Language: English Grammar and Writing Skills

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.5.1 Demonstrate standard English grammar and usage when communicating.		 A.L.5.1.a Explain the function of a conjunction and interjections. A.L.5.1.b Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring words. A.L.5.1.c Not applicable A.L.5.1.d Not applicable A.L.5.1.e Use frequently occurring conjunctions, such as and, but, or, for and because. 	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.5.1.a (A) Explain the function of a conjunction and interjections.	A.L.5.1.a (B) Use freque conjunctions and interjet write.	, 0	A.L.5.1.a (C) Use familiar conjunctions when I talk or write.
A.L.5.1.b (A) Form and use the past tense of frequently occurring words.	A.L.5.1.b (B) Use famile I talk or write.	ar past tense verbs when	A.L.5.1.b (C) Use a familiar past tense verb with prompting when I talk or write.
A.L.5.1.e (A) Use frequently occurring conjunctions, such as and, but, or, for, and because.	A.L.5.1.e (B) Use familiar conjunctions when I talk or write.		A.L.5.1.e (C) Use a familiar conjunction with prompting when I talk or write.
 Real World Connections: Engage in real-life learning by participating Participate in reading circles and be able to Communicate effectively with friend. 	1 /	Vocabulary:ConjunctionGrammarInterjection	Past tenseStandard EnglishUsage
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • L.5.1 Demonstrate comman • Education.com [requires a free accord] • L.5.1.A Worksheets, Workb • L.5.1.B Worksheets, Workb • L.5.1.C Worksheets, Workb • L.5.1.D Worksheets, Workb • L.5.1.D Worksheets, Workb • L.5.1.E Worksheets, Workb	ount](education.com) ooks, Lesson Plans, and G ooks, Lesson Plans, and G ooks, Lesson Plans, and G ooks, Lesson Plans, and G	ames ames ames dames	nd usage when writing or speaking.
age 269		<u></u>	29-Jun-21

DOMAIN: Language

- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - <u>L.5.1 Curriculum Documents</u>
- o Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.5.1.a</u>
 - Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.5.1.b
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)
 - L.5.1 Lesson Plans Templates
- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L5.1.a Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L5.1.b Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L5.1.c Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L5.1.d Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L5.1.e Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.5.1 Nouns and Verbs
 - L.5.1.a Interjections
 - L.5.1.b Past Perfect
 - L.5.1.c Phrasal Verb
 - L.5.1.d Verb Conjugations
 - <u>L.5.1.e Correlative Conjunctions</u>
- Activities
 - Have students complete sentences combining activities that combining two simple sentences, such as "*The cat eats.*" and "*The dog eats*". into one: "*The cate and dog eat.*"
 - Combine words to create simple sentences that describe pictures depicting singular and plural nouns (e.g., The girl runs. The girls run.)
 - Dictate captions for each picture in a class book about a field trip, combining a name with the action the person is doing.
 - Have student practice using conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, for, because, etc.). Have them tell the names of two friends to sit between (i.e., Jack and Jill)
- Videos
 - o YouTube by Learn English with Let's Talk Free English Lessons
 - <u>Using Interjections in English</u>
 - o YouTube by Grammaropolis
 - Interjection Song
 - YouTube by Quixot Kids Edu

DOMAIN: Language

- The Interjection Learn Basic English Grammar | Kids Educational Video
- YouTube by ELF Kids Videos
 - Learn Past Tense Verbs #1 Pattern Practice Simple Past Tense
- YouTube by Help Teaching
 - What are Conjunctions? | English Grammar Lesson
- YouTube by GrammarSongs by Melissa
 - <u>Coordinating Conjunctions | Award Winning Coordinating Conjunctions Teaching Video | FANBOYS</u>

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.5.2 Demonstrate understanding of conventions of standard English.		period, exclamation point A.L.5.2.b Not Applicab A.L.5.2.c Not Applicab A.L.5.2.d Identify quota in a text.	le le ation marks to mark direct speech and quotations ar words phonetically, drawing on letter-sound
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.5.2.a (A) Use ending punctuation in sentences (i.e., question marks, period, exclamation points).	A.L.5.2.a (B) Use a per- sentence.	od to mark the end of a	A.L.5.2.a (C) Indicate a mark that is used at the end of a sentence.
A.L.5.2.d (A) Identify quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations in a text.	A.L.5.2.d (B) Use quotation marks to mark direct speech.		A.L.5.2.d (C) Indicate quotation marks used in a sentence.
A.L.5.2.e (A) Spell unfamiliar words phonetically, drawing on letter-sound relationships and common spelling patterns.	A.L.5.2.e (B) Spell two phonetically, drawing or relationships and comm	n letter-sound	A.L.5.2.e (C) Spell a familiar word.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Communicate English fluently and confident Communicate clearly and avoid errors that s Avoid confusing your friends and acquaintate Effectively get original thoughts and ideas of Communicate clearly to get what you want. Understand the rules of language and apply original thoughts and ideas out to others. 	ound strange. nces. ut to others.	 Common spelling Direct speech Ending punctuation Exclamation point Letter-sound relat 	 Phonetics On Question mark Quotation marks
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Literacy Ideas (literacyideas.com)			
 <u>Punctuation</u> O Education and Behavior (Education 	andbehavior.com)		

DOMAIN: Language

- <u>Try This Guided Writing Strategy to Help Your Child Improve Writing Skills</u>
- Help Your Child Improve the Quality of Their Writing with the Sentence Combining Strategy
- Better Lesson (betterlesson.com)
 - L.5.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- o Education.com [requires a free account](education.com)
 - L.5.2.a Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.5.2.d Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
 - L.5.2.e Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - L.5.2 Curriculum Documents
- Nearpod [requires a free account](nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.5.2.a</u>
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.5.2.d</u>
- Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)
 - L.5.2 Lesson Plans Templates
- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L.5.2.a Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L.5.2.da Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L.5.2.e Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.5.2.a Semicolons
 - L.5.2.d Quotation Marks vs. Italics or Underlining
 - L.5.2.e Spelling
- Activities
- Select a book that the student can read easily. Start with single sentences—but make sure that there is some variety in the punctuation (so that every sentence does not end in a period). After telling the student that there is going to be a punctuation activity, ask him or her to read aloud the sentence in the book. If there is an error or omission, remove the paper away, telling the student that there was a mistake and they need to start again. Move beyond single sentences as quickly as possible. As soon as two sentences are managed effectively, move up to short paragraphs of three to four sentences.
- Videos
 - o YouTube by BJU Press Homeschool
 - Super Marks: End Punctuation
 - YouTube by Kids Academy

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Conventions of Standard English

- Punctuation in English | Punctuation at the End of a Sentence
- YouTube by Scratch Garden
 - Punctuation Explained (by Punctuation!)

• YouTube by Grammaropolis

- <u>Quotation Marks song from Grammaropolis :Quote Me</u>"
- YouTube by Miacademy Learning Channel
 - How to use Quotation Marks
- YouTube by Alphablocks
 - Alphablocks Learn to Read | Phonetic Spelling | Phonics for Kids
- YouTube by Rachel's English
 - Learn the Phonetic Alphabet

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Knowledge of Language

Standard			Performance Objectives
A.L.5.3 Use language to achieve desired meaning when communicating.		A.L.5.3.a Communicate using complete sentences.A.L.5.3.b Not applicable	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.5.3.a (A) Communicate using complete sentences.	A.L.5.3.a (B) Commun phrases (communication verbal)	U	A.L.5.3.a (C) Communicate using a one word utterance (communication does not have to be verbal).
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Listen and communicate to obtain information to perform a task. Ask for directions or help to perform an assigned task. Repeat directions to perform a task. Follow multi-step verbal directions to complete assigned task. Communicate to request, comment, and/or share information. 			
 Websites, articles, and other collections Literacy Ideas (literacyideas.com) <u>A Teacher's Guide to Senter</u> Education and Behavior (Education <u>Help Your Child Improve th</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) <u>L.5.3 Use knowledge of lang</u> Education.com [requires a free acco <u>L.5.3 Curriculum Document</u> Share My Lesson [requires a free acco <u>L.5.3 Lesson Plans Template</u> Big Learners (biglearners.com) 	andbehavior.com) <u>ne Quality of Their Writing</u> <u>uage and its conventions</u> unt](education.com) <u>boks, Lesson Plans, and G</u> <u>cs</u> count](sharemylesson.com	when writing, speaking, rea ames	
 <u>L.5.3.a Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets</u> Tutorified (tutorified.com) 			

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Knowledge of Language

- L.5.3. Editing and Proofreading
- L.5.3.a Sentence Patterns

• Activities

- Show students a picture. Read two different sentences. Once of the sentences describes the picture using correct grammar and the other does not. Have students choose the sentence that best describes the picture using correct grammar.
- Provide the student several sentences (complete and incomplete) relating to a story read in class. Help students choose the complete sentence.
- After reading a story in class, list several details from the story using complete and incomplete sentences. Go through the list with the class and help them identify the complete sentences to keep and the incomplete sentences to toss.
- Videos
 - YouTube by Rockin Resources
 - <u>Complete Sentences Digital Student Mini-lesson</u>
 - YouTube by GrammarSongs by Melissa
 - <u>Complete Sentences | Subjects and Predicates Award Winning Song</u>
 - o YouTube by The Eagle's Nest Our Online Classroom
 - Let's Write Sentences. (I Can Write a Complete Sentence)
 - YouTube by English-Easy English Grammar
 - <u>Teach the Complete Sentence</u>

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.5.4 Demonstrate knowledge of word meanings.		 A.L.5.4.a Use sentence level context to determine which word is missing from a content area text. A.L.5.4.b Use frequently occurring root words (e.g., talk) and the words that result when word endings are added (e.g., talked, talking, talks). A.L.5.4.c Not applicable 	
	I Can Sta	itements	
MOST COMPLEX			► LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.5.4.a (A) Use sentence level context to determine which word is missing from a content area text.	A.L.5.4.a (B) Choose the complete the sentence in three choices.	0	A.L.5.4.a (C) Point to the missing word that completes a sentence when given two choices.
A.L.5.4.b (A) Use frequently occurring root words (e.g., talk) and the words that result when word endings are added (e.g., talked, talking, talks).	A.L.5.4.b (B) Add <i>-s</i> and <i>-ing</i> to a word and use it appropriately.		A.L.5.4.b (C) Repeat a word ending in - <i>s</i> when given a model.
Real World Connections:		Vocabulary:	
 Use words to predict the meaning of new vocabulary words. Recognize the meaning of words. Respond to the meaning of a word in context. Determine the meaning of words when common affixes (<i>-ing, -ed, -s, -es</i>) are added. 		Frequently occurrCompleteContent area textMissing	Root wordsSentence level contextWord endings
Resources:			
 Websites, articles, and other collections Literacy in Focus (litinfocus.com) <u>3 Steps for Teaching Root W</u> Teaching with a Mountain View <u>The Complete Guide to Tea</u> Read Write Think (readwritethink.or <u>Lesson Plan Improve Comp</u> Reading Rockets (readingrockets.org <u>Use Words to Teach Words</u> Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) 	ching Prefixes and Suffixe g) rehension: A Word Game	<u>S</u>	<u>ffixes</u>

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- L.5.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- o Education.com [requires a free account](education.com)
 - L.5.4 Worksheets, Workbooks, Lesson Plans, and Games
- o Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - L.5.4 Curriculum Documents
- o Share My Lesson [requires a free account](sharemylesson.com)
 - L.5.4 Lesson Plans Templates
- Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L.5.4.a Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
 - L.5.4.b Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.5.4.a Context Clues
 - L.5.4.b Suffixes

Activities

- Begin with a simple root word, such as push. Ask the student to come up with words they know that contain that word, such as pushing, pushed, pushover, push-up. Talk about how all these words have some shared meaning related to the word push.
- While sitting in the cafeteria, choose a word and have students brainstorm as many meanings and uses for the word as they can think of. Some words to start with: spring, frame, check, light.
- Tt is important that students understand the function of word parts. Explain to the students that many words are made of parts that carry meaning. These word parts work together to alter, or change, a word's meaning. As an overall introduction to word parts, define the parts simply. For example: Prefix: A word part that is attached to the beginning of a word. Suffix: A word part that is attached to the end of a word. Root or base word: The basic part of a word that carries meaning. A base word can stand alone (example: depend in independent). A root is a word part that carries meaning but cannot stand alone (example: cred in incredible). Discuss how the affixes change, or alter, the meaning of the words. Give your students multiple opportunities to manipulate word parts. Activities may include:
 - Using a pocket chart, demonstrate how to manipulate word parts to make real words. Discuss how adding or removing an affix changes the meaning of a word.
 - Write word parts on index cards and have the students make real words with a partner or in small groups. Have students discuss how adding or removing an affix changes the meaning of each word.
 - Give partners or small groups of students a stack of index cards containing prefixes, suffixes, and base words. Have partners or groups work together to make a complete list of real words with their stack of word parts.
 - Have students use word part cards to generate silly words, or "words" that are not real words but that illustrate how prefixes and suffixes can change the meaning of words. This is most effective for prefixes, as suffixes often change a word's part of speech rather than clearly altering the word's meaning

COURSE: Alternate English Language Arts Fifth Grade DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- Videos
 - o YouTube by GrammarSongs by Melissa
 - <u>Context Clues | Award Winning Context Clues Teaching Video | Comprehension & Reading Strategies</u>
 - Khan Academy (khanacademy.org)
 - Using context clues to figure out new words | Reading
 - What are affixes? | Reading
 - YouTube by McGraw Hill PreK-12
 - <u>Context Clues Introduction to Reading Skills</u>
 - YouTube by SmartBrainChild Sunday
 - Root Words Vocabulary for Kids
 - YouTube by Danielle Hamilton
 - Prefixes, root words, and suffixes

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard		Performance Objectives				
A.L.5.5 Demonstrate understanding of word relationship and use.		 A.L.5.5.a Use simple, common idioms (e.g., you bet, it's a deal, we're cool). A.L.5.5.b Not Applicable A.L.5.5.c Demonstrate understanding of words that have similar meanings. 				
I Can Statements						
MOST COMPLEX LEAST COMPLEX						
A.L.5.5.a (A) Use simple, common idioms (e.g., you bet, it's a deal, we're cool).	A.L.5.5.a (B) Use two idioms that I was taught, appropriately.		A.L.5.5.a (C) Use one idiom that I was taught, with prompting.			
A.L.5.5.c (A) Demonstrate understanding of words that have similar meanings.	A.L.5.5.c (B) Use three words with similar meanings that I have been taught.		A.L.5.5.c (C) Repeat words with similar meaning when given a model.			
 Real World Connections: Use simple, common idioms (e.g., You Bet! It's a deal., We're cool) when responding to friends and acquaintances. Recognize the meaning of words. Communicate effectively to share information or respond to comments from others. 		Vocabulary: • Common • Idiom • Meaning	RelationshipSimilarSimple			
Resources: • Websites, articles, and other collections • Better Lesson (betterlesson.com) • L.5.5 Demonstrate understart • Education.com [requires a free account] • Education.com [requires a free account] • Engage ^{ny} (engageny.org) • L.5.5 Curriculum Document • Nearpod [requires a free account](networks) • Resource Library for Mississ • PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearnin] • L.5.5 Demonstrate understart	ant](education.com) <u>ks, Lesson Plans, and Gar</u> <u>s</u> <u>arpod.com</u>) <u>ippi Standard L.5.5.a</u> <u>ippi Standard L.5.5.c</u> ngmedia.org)	mes	nuances in word meanings. nuances in word meanings (Documents).			

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- L.5.5.a Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- L.5.5.c Fifth Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - L.5.5.a. Figurative Language.
 - L.5.5.b. Idioms
- Activities
 - Using a big book or read aloud book, model identifying words that are opposites. Mark these places in the text with a sticky note/arrow/dot. Explain how the word convey opposing things. After modeling, students use this strategy in a shared reading and small group setting, still incorporating the explanation of how the marked words are opposites.
 - Have students act out their understanding of idioms (e.g., no way, not a chance, you bet).
 - After reading a story that incorporates idioms, have "That reminds me...." Time. Students share idioms they remember from the story that remind them of other sayings and explain the relation they see between them.

• Videos

- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.5.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings (Videos).
- o YouTube by GrammarSongs by Melissa
 - Idioms | Award Winning Teaching Video | What Is an Idiom? | Figurative Language
 - <u>Synonyms | Award Winning Synonym Teaching Video | What are Synonyms?</u>
- YouTube by Homeschool Pop
 - Idioms for Kids
- o YouTube by Emma Grace
 - English Lesson #6 | 10 Common Idioms Examples & Meanings Part 1
 - English Lesson #7 | 10 Common Idioms Examples & Meanings Part 2
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.5.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings...
- YouTube by Lampofilm
 - <u>Synonyms for Kids | Words with the Same Meaning</u>

DOMAIN: Language CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Standard		Performance Objectives	
A.L.5.6 Use words acquired through conversations, being read to, and during shared reading activities including domain-specific words.		A.L.5.6.a Use words that I have learned from conversations, shared reading, and specific activities including domain-specific words.	
	I Can Sta	atements	
MOST COMPLEX			→ LEAST COMPLEX
A.L.5.6.a (A) Use words that I have learned from conversations, shared reading, and specific activities including domain-specific words.	A.L.5.6.a (B) Use words that I have learned from conversations, shared reading and specific activities when given a prompt.		A.L.5.6.a (C) Pick a new word that I have learned from two picture choices.
 Real World Connections: Respond appropriately to <i>if/then</i> questions (i.e., "If it rains, then we stay in.") Understand jargon words that are important to a particular subject of interest. Feel comfortable communicating with friends. Have more in-depth conversations with peers. Recognize the meaning of domain-specific words when conversing with others. Communicate effectively to share information or respond to comments from others. 		Vocabulary:AcquiredConversations	Domain-specific wordsShared reading
	other logical relationship unt] (education.com)		-specific words and phrases, including those that nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- Engage^{ny} (engageny.org)
 - L.5.6 Curriculum Documents
- o Nearpod [requires a free account] (nearpod.com)
 - <u>Resource Library for Mississippi Standard L.5.6</u>
- o PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition) (Interactive Lessons).
- o Big Learners (biglearners.com)
 - L.5.6: Third Grade English Language Arts Worksheets
- o Tutorified (tutorified.com)
 - <u>L.5.6 Vocabulary</u>
- Activities
 - Using a big book or read aloud book, model identifying words that are opposites. Mark these places in the text with a sticky note/arrow/dot. Explain how the word convey opposing things. After modeling, students use this strategy in a shared reading and small group setting, still incorporating the explanation of how the marked words are opposites.
 - Have students act out their understanding of idioms (e.g., no way, not a chance, you bet).
 - After reading a story that incorporates idioms, have "That reminds me...." Time. Students share idioms they remember from the story that remind them of other sayings and explain the relation they see between them.
 - Begin with a simple root word, such as push. Ask the student to come up with words they know that contain that word, such as pushing, pushed, pushover, push-up. Talk about how all these words have some shared meaning related to the word push.
 - While sitting in the cafeteria, choose a word and have students brainstorm as many meanings and uses for the word as they can think of. Some words to start with: spring, frame, check, light.
 - Show students a picture. Read two different sentences. Once of the sentences describes the picture using correct grammar and the other does not. Have students choose the sentence that best describes the picture using correct grammar.
 - Provide the student several sentences (complete and incomplete) relating to a story read in class. Help students choose the complete sentence.
 - After reading a story in class, list several details from the story using complete and incomplete sentences. Go through the list with the class and help them identify the complete sentences to keep and the incomplete sentences to toss.
- Videos
 - o EG Videos (egvideos.com)
 - Academic and Domain Specific Words
 - You Tube by RHES Social Media
 - Determine the meaning of words using context clues

DOMAIN: Language

CONCEPT: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- LearnZillion [requires a free account] (learnzillion.com)
 - <u>Use vocabulary in a text to deepen your understanding</u>
- YouTube by Mrs. LopezSchoolVideos
 - <u>5th ELA Academic and Domain Specific Vocabulary</u>
- YouTube by eSparkLearningVideos
 - Learning: Unknown Words
 - <u>Context Clues Instructional Video</u>
- YouTube by Reading Rockets
 - Unknown Words: Strategies for Discovery
- PBS Learning Media (mpb.pbslearningmedia.org)
 - L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition) (Videos).