# Move, Play, Learn

Interactive Storytimes to Improve Vocabulary

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#### State Board of Education STRATEGIC PLAN GOALS



**ALL** Students Proficient and Showing Growth in All Assessed Areas

**EVERY** School Has Effective Teachers and Leaders





**EVERY** Student Graduates from High School and is Ready for College and Career

Uses a World-Class Data System to Improve Student Outcomes





**EVERY** Child Has Access to a High-Quality Early Childhood Program

**EVERY** School and District is Rated "C" or Higher







### **VISION**

To create a world-class educational system that gives students the knowledge and skills to be successful in college and the workforce, and to flourish as parents and citizens

### **MISSION**

To provide leadership through the development of policy and accountability systems so that all students are prepared to compete in the global community







# Warm-Up Talk

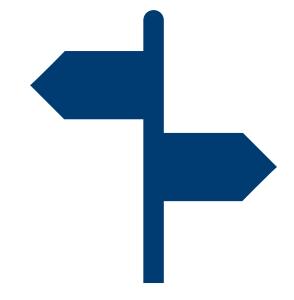
What do you already know about interactive or traditional storytimes?





## Overview

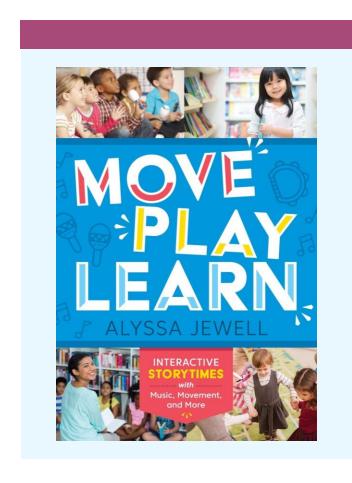
What is an interactive storytimes?





#### Resources







### Move, Play, Learn: Interactive Storytimes with Music, Movement, and More

Unlike traditional storytimes, where children are expected to sit quietly and just watch, music and movement storytimes encourage children to learn by getting inside stories while interacting with others. Research shows that this kind of play stimulates the senses, provides connections to all four lobes of the brain, touches on a variety of intelligences, and heightens social and emotional awareness



#### **Traditional vs Interactive**

**Traditional:** Children are expected to sit, watch, and be quiet. They are not engaged through moving, singing, talking or playing.

**Interactive:** Storytime stimulates the senses, heightens socio-emotional awareness, and touches on a variety of intelligences and learning styles.



#### The Benefits

Movement and music are effective pedagogical tools because they stimulate all four domains of child development **STIMULTANEOUSLY!** - physical, social, emotional, and cognitive

When movement accompanies a new concept, it will be **ABSORBED** more easily. Children need to play, experiment, explore, and discover to add new information to their knowledge base.

Acting out a story results in **LONGER RETENTION** of the sounds, words, patterns, storyline, and story structure than listening to a book being read.



#### **The Benefits**

Music is crucial in developing literacy skills of **phonological awareness** and **vocabulary** acquisition.

Incorporating movement impacts **phonological awareness**, **vocabulary** acquisition, and narrative skills.



## Interaction

Read-Aloud, Thematic Song, and Story Drama – Oh My!





#### **Definitions**

**Interactive Read-Alouds:** picture books that include opportunities for group interaction with the book's text or illustrations either overtly or through dialogic reading

**Thematic Songs:** songs that explore a theme and can be paired with movement, instruments, or fingerplay

**Story Dramas:** when the group brings a book to life through **dramatic play** 



Interaction 12

### **Early Literacy**

Storytime	Literacy Skills	School Readiness
Interactive Read-Aloud	<ul> <li>Reading and Talking</li> <li>Phonological Awareness</li> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>Print Concepts</li> <li>Narrative Skills</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Social and Emotional Development</li> <li>Language and Literacy Development</li> <li>Cognition and General Knowledge</li> <li>Approaches Toward Learning</li> </ul>
Thematic Song	<ul> <li>Singing, Playing, and Writing</li> <li>Phonological Awareness</li> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>Narrative Skills</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Social and Emotional Development</li> <li>Physical Well-Being and Motor Development</li> <li>Language and Literacy Development</li> </ul>
Story Drama	<ul> <li>Reading, Talking, Playing, and Writing</li> <li>Phonological Awareness</li> <li>Vocabulary</li> <li>Print Concepts</li> <li>Narrative Skills</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Social and Emotional Development</li> <li>Physical Well-Being and Motor Development</li> <li>Language and Literacy Development</li> </ul>



## Material Selection

Lesson Plans







## Interactive Read-Alouds

- Developmentally appropriate
- Not too long
- Spark some amount of movement
- Bold, eye-catching illustrations



#### **Story Dramas**

- Narratives that can be acted out in parallel play
- Action verbs
- Repeated phrases
- Group singing
- Opportunities for movement and vocalization



#### **Thematic Songs**

- No longer than 4 minutes
- Build on unit themes
- Include
   manipulatives,
   instruments,
   singing, movement,
   or fingerplay



#### **Leading Storytime**

#### **Give Clear Expectations:**

Let students know that storytime is different and engagement is important. Give clear

#### **Plan Transition:**

When giving directions, remember that children hear verbs first. Try to put the verbs last. Example: "When I count to three, stand up!"

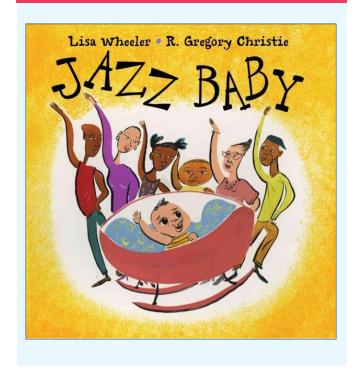
#### **Use Space Indicators:**

These are helpful in children maintain personal space during movement activities





#### Unit 1: Family





#### Jazz Baby by Lisa Wheeler

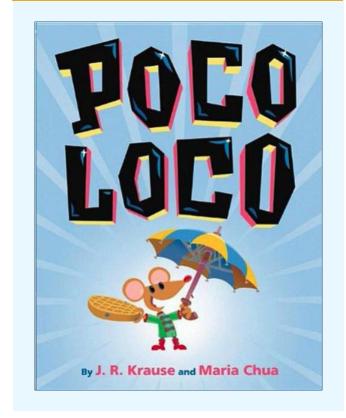
Illustrated book with interactive reading elements

#### **Summary**

With a simple clap of hands, the baby gets his family singing and dancing. Things start to wind down when Mama and Daddy sing the blues, and baby goes to sleep.



#### Unit 2: Friends





#### Poco Loco by J.R. Krause

Use finger puppets that can be attached to either using Velcro

#### **Summary**

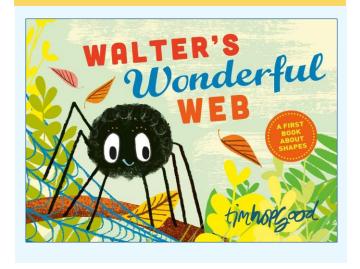
Poco Loco's Waffle Iron-Weather Forecaster to predict bad weather. He tries to tell his barnyard friends, but they don't believe him.







#### **Unit 3:** Wind and Water





#### Walter's Wonderful Web by Tim Hopgood

Every time Walter makes a web, draw it on a dry erase board and ask the students to blow a whooshing breeze (wind). When they blow, erase the web!

#### Summary

Walter, the spider, has a talent for spinning shapes in his web but it needs to be able to withstand the wind.

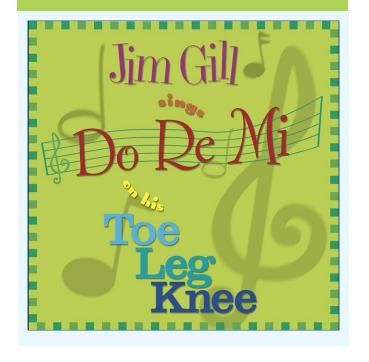








#### Unit 4: Colors





#### The Color Game by Jill Gill

The song allows students to play with the colors on their clothes or around the classroom

#### **Example:**

Take red, put it on your head

Take blue, put it on your shoe

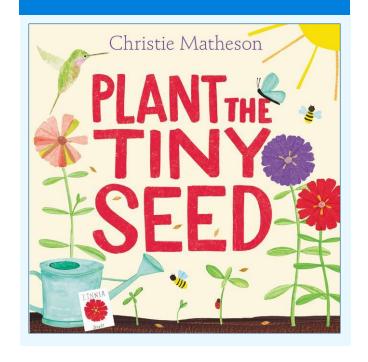
Take yellow, put it your elbow

Take brown, put it all around











#### Plant the Tiny Seed by Christie Matheson

Interactive book prompts students to make movements that help the tiny seed grow

#### **Summary**

The book teaches how flowers sprout and mature through watercolor depictions of a flower in various stages of growth





## Make and Take

Get into small groups and find or create a song with movement and manipulatives about shadows or reflections for Unit 5. You will share with the group.



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